USC Arcadia Hospital COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT 2022



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Section 1: Executive Summary

Process and Methods

This community health needs assessment brings together a variety of demographic and health data and information, gathered from both primary and secondary data sources.

The first phase of the community health needs assessment involved collection and analysis of numerous demographic and health status and data and information for USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area and Service Planning Area (SPA) 3 – San Gabriel Valley. The following types of data were analyzed: population, household and family demographics; birth statistics, death statistics, designated Health Professional Shortage Areas, large-scale household telephone surveys designed to measure health access, utilization of health services, and health behaviors. Wherever possible, the SPA 3 or Los Angeles County health experience was benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 objectives. In addition, to assist with providing context to the demographics, USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area is compared to Los Angeles County.

The second phase of the needs assessment focused on qualitative primary research. Representatives from USC Arcadia Hospital agreed that telephone interviews with public health department contacts and representatives from public and private organizations would be a cost-effective approach to gain an understanding of important health issues and potential opportunities to collaborate with these organizations. USC Arcadia Hospital also participated with other member hospitals in the San Gabriel Valley Health Consortium to develop a workplan related to gathering input from community stakeholders. In addition, the project consultant reviewed the findings from the community input for three participating hospitals in the collaborative to identify key themes. These themes included: access to care (primary care, prevention services and screenings), chronic diseases, mental health, substance abuse, housing and homelessness, and COVID-19.

Service Area Determination

Note: Determination of service area updated based on 2022 inpatient origin analysis

USC Arcadia Hospital used the Stark II definition – the lowest number of contiguous ZIP Codes from which the hospital draws at least 75 percent of its inpatients – to determine its geographic service area for purposes of the 2022 community health needs assessment. Using hospital data, there were 22 ZIP Codes from which the hospital drew 75 percent its admissions.

¹ 2022 Community Health Needs Assessments posted online were reviewed for Huntington Hospital, Kaiser Foundation Hospital – Baldwin Park, and Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center.

Service Area Definition and Description

Note: Findings are based on 2022 demographic estimates

Service Area Definition

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

ZIP Code	Community
91006 - 91007	Arcadia
91008	Bradbury
91010	Duarte
91016	Monrovia
91024	Sierra Madre
91104	Pasadena
91107	Pasadena
91702	Azusa
91706	Baldwin Park
91731 - 91732	El Monte
91733	South El Monte
91740 - 91741	Glendora
91770	Rosemead
91773	San Dimas
91775 - 91776	San Gabriel
91780	Temple City
91790	West Covina
91801	Alhambra

Source: USC Arcadia Hospital 2022 inpatient data analysis.

Note: USC Arcadia Hospital is located in Arcadia ZIP Code 91007

The service area population (2022) is estimated at 763,737 persons. The population in the service area is forecast to increase 0.4 percent in the next five years, to 766,589 persons. Growth projections for households and families are estimated to increase 0.6 percent and 0.5 percent. The following table summarizes the service area population, households, and families as well as the percent change projected for 2027 (over a five-year period).

Summary of Population, Households and Families

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022 and 2027

	Number		Percent Change	
Description	2022	2027	From 2022 to 2027	
Demographics				
Population	763,737	766,589	0.4%	
Households	234,410	235,714	0.6%	
Families	177,261	178,137	0.5%	

Source: Claritas

To assist with providing context to the service area demographics, key statistics are compared to Los Angeles County for 2022 in the following table. Of note, in comparison to Los Angeles County, USC Arcadia Hospital service area has a *higher* proportion of:

- Persons age 55 years and older
- Persons of Asian race
- Persons speaking an Asian or Pacific Island language at home
- Households with 3 or more persons
- Households with children under 18 years of age
- Owner-occupied households
- Families at or above the poverty level

Summary of Demographic Highlights

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Compared to Los Angeles County 2022

1 2 4	Percent		
Indicator	Service Area	LA County	
5-Year Change (2022 to 2027)			
Population	0.4%	0.8%	
Households	0.6%	0.8%	
Families	0.5%	0.7%	
Age Group			
0 to 4 Years	5.3%	5.7%	
5 to 9 Years	5.7%	5.8%	
10 to 14 Years	5.8%	5.9%	
15 to 17 Years	3.6%	3.7%	
18 to 20 Years	3.6%	3.8%	
21 to 24 Years	4.9%	5.1%	
25 to 34 Years	14.8%	15.6%	
35 to 44 Years	13.3%	14.1%	
45 to 54 Years	13.0%	13.0%	
55 to 64 Years	13.0%	12.2%	
65 to 74 Years	9.7%	8.7%	
75 to 84 Years	5.0%	4.4%	
85 Years and Older	2.3%	1.9%	
Race/Ethnicity			
White	16.9%	25.0%	
Black	2.8%	7.6%	
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0.1%	0.2%	
Asian	33.3%	14.8%	
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.2%	
Hispanic	44.9%	49.5%	
Some Other Race	0.2%	0.2%	
Two or More Races	1.8%	2.4%	
Language Spoken at Home by Persons 5 Years an	d Older		
English Only	35.0%	43.3%	
Spanish	33.7%	39.3%	
Asian or Pacific Island language	28.1%	10.9%	

	Percent		
Indicator	Service Area	LA County	
European language	2.5%	5.4%	
Other language	0.6%	1.2%	
Educational Attainment of Adults 25 Years and Olde	r		
Less than 9th Grade	13.0%	11.9%	
Some High School, no Diploma	7.8%	8.4%	
High School Graduate (or GED)	22.6%	20.7%	
Some College, no Degree	16.8%	18.7%	
Associate Degree	7.2%	7.0%	
Bachelor's Degree	21.4%	22.0%	
Master's Degree	7.5%	7.6%	
Professional Degree	2.1%	2.4%	
Doctorate Degree	1.5%	1.4%	
Household Size			
1-Person	18.9%	24.5%	
2-Persons	25.1%	26.1%	
3-Persons	18.1%	16.4%	
4-Persons	16.6%	14.7%	
5-Persons	9.9%	8.8%	
6-Persons	5.5%	4.6%	
7 or more Persons	6.0%	4.9%	
Households by Presence of Children Under 18 Years	s of Age		
Children Under 18 Years Present	40.3%	37.5%	
No Children Under 18 Years Present	59.7%	62.5%	
Household Income			
Under \$15,000	7.0%	8.5%	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	6.6%	7.0%	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	6.3%	6.7%	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	9.9%	10.0%	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	15.2%	14.7%	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	12.8%	12.1%	
\$100,000 to \$124,999	10.3%	9.9%	
\$125,000 to \$149,999	8.1%	7.7%	
\$150,000 to \$199,999	9.5%	8.9%	
\$200,000 to \$249,999	5.5%	5.1%	
\$250,000 to \$499,999	5.7%	5.7%	
\$500,000 and over	3.1%	3.7%	

-4	Percent	
Indicator	Service Area	LA County
Age Group of Head of Household		
15 to 24 Years	1.8%	2.7%
25 to 34 Years	12.3%	14.5%
35 to 44 Years	17.9%	19.4%
45 to 54 Years	19.9%	19.6%
55 to 64 Years	20.5%	19.0%
65 to 74 Years	15.6%	14.0%
75 to 84 Years	8.3%	7.5%
85 Years and Older	3.8%	3.3%
Owner-Occupied and Renter-Occupied Housing Units		
Owner-Occupied	55.8%	47.4%
Renter-Occupied	44.2%	52.6%
Families by Poverty Status		
Below the Poverty Level	8.9%	10.4%
At or Above the Poverty Level	91.1%	89.6%

Health Access and Utilization

Note: Findings are based on the 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

When comparing health access and utilization indicators in SPA 3 to Healthy People 2020 objectives, SPA 3 did not meet the objectives related to: medical insurance for persons under age 65 (insured all of part of the year), usual source of ongoing care, delays in getting medical care, and delays in getting prescription medications.

Summary of Health Access and Utilization Indicators

SPA 3 Compared to Healthy People 2020 Objectives 2021

Indicator	Healthy People 2020 Objective	SPA 3 San Gabriel Valley
Health Access		
Insured All or Part of Year Age 0 to 64 Years	100%	93%
Usual Source of Ongoing Care All Ages	95%	87%
Delays in Getting Medical Care All Ages	4.2%	16.0%
Delays in Getting Medications All Ages	2.8%	9.2%

COVID-19

Note: Findings are based on the 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

The SPA experience compared to Los Angeles County and California rates is summarized in the following table. Results appear comparable in the three geographies.

Adult Diagnosis, Testing and Vaccine Responses

SPA 3 Compared to Los Angeles County and California 2021

Indicator	SPA 3 Rate	County Rate	California Rate
COVID Diagnosis, Testing and Vaccine Acc	ceptance		
Ever Had or Thought Had COVID-19	22%	20%	21%
Tested Positive for COVID-19	21%	20%	17%
Already Received at Least 1 dose vaccine	57%	55%	57%

Source: UCLA Center for Health Policy Research

Childcare, Employment and Financial Impacts - Adults

SPA 3 Compared to Los Angeles County and California 2021

Indicator	SPA 3 Rate	County Rate	California Rate
Childcare Impacts			
Experienced Childcare Difficulties	4%	3%	3%
Financial Impacts			
Lost Job Due to COVID-19	15%	16%	13%
Had Reduced Hours or Income	24%	28%	24%
Worked From Home	27%	31%	30%
Difficulty Paying for Basic Necessities	14%	16%	12%
Difficulty Paying Rent/Mortgage	11%	13%	10%

Mortality

Note: Findings are based on deaths among residents of the service area in 2020 and three-year averages of deaths that occurred among residents of Los Angeles County during 2018 through 2020

In 2020, there were 6,674 deaths in USC Arcadia Hospital service area. Heart disease and cancer were the top two leading causes of death in the service area, accounting for 40 percent of all deaths. Of note, coronary heart disease is the leading cause of death in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area and the leading cause of premature death in Service Planning Area 3 (2017). Other leading causes of death in the service area are summarized in the table below.

Profile of Deaths, Ranked By Select Leading Causes of Death

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2020

Select Leading Cause of Death	Number	Percent
Heart Disease	1,383	20.7%
Cancer (All Types)	1,273	19.1%
Stroke	361	5.4%
Alzheimer's disease	353	5.3%
Diabetes	263	3.9%
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	229	3.4%
Unintentional Injuries (All Types)	168	2.5%
Influenza and Pneumonia	163	2.4%
Essential Hypertension & Hypertensive Renal Disease	60	0.9%
Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis	53	0.8%
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	15	0.2%
Suicide	-	0.0%
All Other	2,353	35.3%
All Causes of Death	6,674	100.0%

Source: California Department of Public Health

When comparing age-adjusted death rates in Los Angeles County to Healthy People 2020 objectives, the County did not meet the objectives related to: homicide and chronic liver disease and cirrhosis deaths. The County experience compared to Healthy People 2020 national objectives is summarized in the table below.

Summary of Age-Adjusted Death Rates by Cause of Death

Los Angeles County Compared to Healthy People 2020 Objectives

Three-Year Average (2018 to 2020)

Indicator	Healthy People 2020 Objective	Los Angeles County
Health Status		
Coronary Heart Disease	103.4	96.6
Stroke	34.8	32.9
Cancer (All Sites)	161.4	124.4
Lung	45.5	20.6
Colorectal	14.5	12.3
Prostate	21.8	18.6
Female Breast	20.7	18.3
Unintentional Injuries (All Types)	36.4	29.5
Motor Vehicle Accidents	12.4	8.3
Homicide	5.5	6.0
Suicide	10.2	8.2
Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis	8.2	12.8

Note: Rates are per 100,000 persons and are standardized to the 2000 U.S. Standard Million population

Source: California Department of Public Health

Maternal and Infant Health

Note: Findings are based on live births that occurred in the service area during 2018 to 2020, three-year averages of pregnancy and birth outcomes that occurred among residents of Los Angeles County during 2018 to 2020, and three-year averages of infant mortality among infants during 2017 to 2019

On average, there were 7,913 live births a year in USC Arcadia Hospital's service area during the three-year period from 2018 through 2020.

Number of Live Births

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area *Thee-Year Average (2018 to 2020)*

	Number of
Year	Births
2018	8,309
2019	8,394
2020	7,036
Three-Year Average	7,913

Source: California Department of Public Health

When comparing maternal and infant health indicators in Los Angeles County to Healthy People 2020 objectives, Los Angeles County met the objectives.

Summary of Maternal and Infant Health Indicators

Los Angeles County Compared to Healthy People 2020 Objectives Three-Year Averages (2018 to 2020) and (2017 to 2019)

	Healthy People 2020 Objective	Los Angeles County
Health Access and Pregnancy Outcome (2018 to	o 2020)	
Early Prenatal Care	84.8%	87.0%
Low Birth Weight Infants	7.8%	7.4%
Infant Mortality (2017 to 2019)		
Infant Mortality	6.0	3.6

Source: California Department of Public Health

Child Health

Note: Findings are based on 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

When comparing child and adolescent health to Healthy People 2020 objectives, SPA 3 did not meet the health access objective related to usual source of ongoing care. Note: Other measures of child health were statistically unreliable.

Summary of Child and Adolescent Health Indicators

SPA 3 Compared to Healthy People 2020 Objectives 2021

Indicator	Healthy People 2020 Objective	SPA 3 San Gabriel Valley
Health Access		
Usual Source of Ongoing Care	100%	86%

Adult Health

Note: Findings are based on 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

When comparing adult health indicators in SPA 3 to Healthy People 2020 objectives, though SPA 3 did not meet the health access objectives related to medical insurance (insured all or part of the year) and usual source of ongoing care, SPA 3 did meet the objectives for all stated targets regarding health behaviors.

Summary of Adult Health Indicators

SPA 3 Compared to Healthy People 2020 Objectives 2021

Indicator	Healthy People 2020 Objective	SPA 3 San Gabriel Valley
Health Access		
Insured All or Part of Year	100%	92%
Usual Source of Ongoing Care	89.4%	84.9%
Health Behaviors		
Healthy Weight	33.9%	33.6%*
Obese	30.5%	33.0%*
Diagnosed with High Blood Pressure	26.9%	23.1%
Currently Smoke Cigarettes	12.0%	6.0%
Engaged in Binge Drinking	24.3%	16.9%

*Note: Healthy weight and obese rates in SPA 3 are within the 95% confidence intervals

Senior Health

Note: Findings are based on 2020 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

When comparing senior health indicators in SPA 3 to Healthy People 2020 objectives, SPA 3 did not meet the objectives related to: diagnosed with high blood pressure.

Summary of Senior Health Indicators

SPA 3 Compared to Healthy People 2020 Objectives 2021

Indicator	Healthy People 2020 Objective	SPA 3 San Gabriel Valley
Health Behaviors		
Healthy Weight	33.9%	45.5%
Obese	30.5%	27.6%
Diagnosed with High Blood Pressure	26.9%	50.0%

Community Consultation

Note: Findings are based on surveys with representatives of community and public organizations in the San Gabriel Valley conducted in December 2022. See Section 11: Community Consultation for additional information.

The following were identified as the community's top health issues (based on frequency of overall mention):

- Access to health services
- Availability of mental health services
- Screening, care, and management of individual health

Process and Criteria Used

In preparing the community health needs assessment, USC Arcadia Hospital combined quantitative data about service area demographics, availability of health insurance, health access to and utilization of key services, health status, and health behaviors with qualitative data, including opinions of community leaders regarding important health issues in the community.

The following criteria were used to identify and prioritize significant health needs in the community:

- Healthy People 2020 targets not met
- Foci of Healthy People 2030
- Number of persons affected
- Identification and/or validation as an important health issue in the community consultations
- Identified by community organizations as an opportunity to work collaboratively to address health issue

Significant Priority Health Needs Identified

- Access to health services
- Availability of mental health services
- Screening, care, and management of individual health

Health Care Facilities and Other Resources

The following health care facilities and other resources are located in the ZIP codes of USC Arcadia Hospital's service area:

- 16 open hospitals (ten general acute care hospitals and two acute psychiatric hospitals)
- 32 licensed free and community clinics
- 15 senior/community centers

Section 2: Process and Methods

This section includes:

- Description of secondary data and information
- Description of analytical methods applied
- Identification of information gaps
- Summary of process for community consultation
- Identification of third-party contractor

Demographics and Health Data and Information

This community health needs assessment brings together a variety of demographic and health information, gathered from both primary and secondary data sources.

The first phase of the community health needs assessment involved collection and analysis of numerous demographic and health status and data and information for USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area and Service Planning Area (SPA) 3 – San Gabriel Valley. The following types of data were analyzed: population, household and family demographics; birth statistics, death statistics, designated Health Professional Shortage Areas, large-scale household telephone surveys designed to measure health access, utilization of health services, and health behaviors. Wherever possible, the SPA 3 or Los Angeles County health experience was benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 objectives. In addition, to assist with providing context to the demographics, USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area is compared to Los Angeles County.

The second phase of the needs assessment focused on qualitative primary research. Representatives from USC Arcadia Hospital agreed that telephone interviews with public health department contacts and representatives from public and private community organizations would be a cost effective approach to gain an understanding of important health issues and potential opportunities to collaborate with these organizations.

Sources of the Data

The following sources of data and information were used in this community health needs assessment:

- California Department of Education
- California Department of Public Health
- Center for Social Sciences Research at University of California at Berkeley
- Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI)
- Los Angeles County Department of Public Health
- Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority
- Los Angeles County 211.com and City websites located in the USC Arcadia Hospital service area
- Claritas
- UCLA Center for Health Policy Research AskCHIS (California Health Interview Survey) online query system
- United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)

Dates of the Data

All data and information reviewed in the community health needs assessment used the most recent available. The table below summarizes the dates of the data used.

Dates of the Data Used in the Community Health Needs Assessment

Description	Date of Data
Demographics	2022
Homeless Persons	2022
Primary Care Shortage Areas	2021
Health Access and Utilization	2021
Deaths	2020
Death Rates	2018 – 2020
Years of Potential Life Lost Before Age 75	2017
Births	2018 – 2020
Birth Outcomes	2017 – 2019
Health Behaviors	2021
Students Enrolled in Free or Reduced Price Meals	2020/2021 School Year
Child Abuse and Neglect	2021
Health Care Facilities and Resources	2022

Analytical Methods Applied

In many instances, health status information is based on multiple years of data and was used to establish three-year averages for the service area. Widely accepted demographics and health measurements – such as persons with average household size and income, health insurance coverage, healthy weight and obesity, age-adjusted death rates, low birth weight infants, and pregnant women with early entry into prenatal care – were used in this community health needs assessment. To assist with prioritization of health issues, secondary data and information is benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 national objectives. In addition, comparisons to local, regional, and state figures are applied. Finally, the report introduces Healthy People 2030, a new nationwide agenda for health and well-being addressing health conditions, health behaviors, population groups, settings and systems, and social determinants of health – including health care access and quality.

¹ Prepared by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Healthy People 2020 outlines a nationwide agenda focused on promoting health and preventing illness, disability, and premature death. Healthy People 2020 builds on initiatives pursued over the past three decades.

Information Gaps

Information gaps were most apparent in the following areas:

- Availability of local data on COVID-19 cases, hospitalizations, and deaths (e.g., by ZIP Code, age, gender)
- Availability of extensive local data related to social determinants of health, as defined in Healthy People 2030 (e.g., economic stability, education access and quality, health care access and quality, neighborhood and built environment and social and community context)
- Availability of local (ZIP Code) data on maternal births (e.g., age group of mother, race/ethnicity of mother), birth outcomes (e.g., early prenatal care and infant birth weights), and infant outcomes (e.g., infant mortality)
- Availability of local (ZIP Code) data on mortality (e.g., number of deaths by age group for leading causes of death such as coronary heart disease, stroke and cancer)
- Limitations on some statistically reliable health data by age groups (such as children, adults, and seniors) in the service area
- Statistically reliable health data by race/ethnicity in the service area
- Updated data on Years of Potential Life Lost Before Age 75

Community Consultation

Process

USC Arcadia Hospital leadership and staff identified 20 contacts for telephone interviews. Individuals selected for interviews represented Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, cities/departments in the hospital services area, non-profit community-based health and social organizations serving populations such as the poor, seniors, and Chinese residents; physicians with clinical practices in the community, and a business owner. The project consultant recommended that the hospital use the same open-ended questions as applied in prior community health needs assessments, so as to obtain respondents opinions of important health issues, without favoring prompted questions related to COVID-19. Once individuals confirmed interest in participation, a letter – describing the purpose of the phone survey and the questions to be posed in the upcoming telephone interview – was distributed electronically (via email) to all contacts.

Third-Party Contractor

USC Arcadia Hospital retained Debbie N. Alpers (previously DNA and Company, Inc.) to prepare this Community Health Needs Assessment. USC Arcadia Hospital has worked with Ms. Alpers since 1998 to conduct a triennial community needs assessment, in compliance with California Senate Bill 697, community benefits legislation. Following the enactment of Senate Bill 697 in 1994, Ms. Alpers was endorsed by the Healthcare Association of Southern California (HASC) to assist its member hospitals in the design and completion of service area specific community needs assessments. In the ten cycles of needs assessments that began in 1995, Ms. Alpers has completed over 75 hospital needs assessments, in addition to assessments conducted for health care organizations and clinics.

Section 3: Service Area Definition and Demographics

This section includes:

- Description of how the service area was determined
- Definition of USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area
- Demographics of USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area, including population, household and family characteristics
- Description of the homeless population in SPA 3
- Demographics of USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area compared to Los Angeles County

<u>Detailed information – at the ZIP Code level – can be found in:</u>

- Appendix A: Service Area Description
- Appendix B: Age Group Detail

Determination of Service Area for Purposes of the Needs Assessment

USC Arcadia Hospital used the Stark II definition – the lowest number of contiguous ZIP Codes from which the hospital draws at least 75 percent of its inpatients – to define its geographic service area for purposes of the 2022 community health needs assessment. Using this definition, there are 22 ZIP Codes that defined 75 percent its admissions in 2022.

Definition of Service Area for Purposes of the Needs Assessment

For purposes of the 2022 Community Needs Assessment, USC Arcadia Hospital defined its service area to include the following ZIP codes/communities.

Service Area Definition

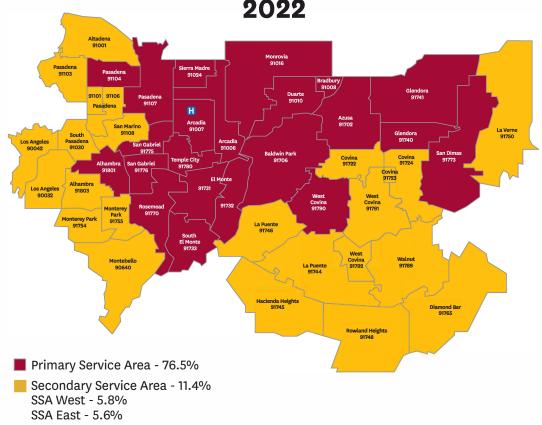
USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

ZIP Code	Community
91006 - 91007	Arcadia
91008	Bradbury
91010	Duarte
91016	Monrovia
91024	Sierra Madre
91104	Pasadena
91107	Pasadena
91702	Azusa
91706	Baldwin Park
91731 - 91732	El Monte
91733	South El Monte
91740 - 91741	Glendora
91770	Rosemead
91773	San Dimas
91775 - 91776	San Gabriel
91780	Temple City
91790	West Covina
91801	Alhambra

Source: USC Arcadia Hospital 2022 inpatient data analysis.

Note: USC Arcadia Hospital is located in Arcadia ZIP Code 91007





Population

What's Being Measured The service area population for estimated 2022 and projected 2024.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> The number of persons living in the service area. The change in number of persons is calculated by subtracting the estimated 2022 population from the projected 2024 population. The change in percent is calculated the dividing the change in number of persons by the 2022 population.

Service Area Experience

Population

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022 and 2024

Year	Population
2022	763,737
2024	766,589
Change - Number	2,852
Change - Percent	0.4%

Source: Claritas

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Population

Los Angeles County 2022 and 2024

Year	Population
2022	10,018,350
2024	10,096,071
Change - Number	77,721
Change - Percent	0.8%

Age Distribution

What's Being Measured Persons according to various age cohorts.

How the Measure is Defined Persons are reported for the following 13 age groups: (1) 0 to 4 years, (2) 5 to 9 years, (3) 10 to 14 years, (4) 15 to 17 years, (5) 18 to 20 years, (6) 21 to 24 years, (7) 25 to 34 years, (8) 35 to 44 years, (9) 45 to 54 years, (10) 55 to 64 years, and (11) 65 to 74 years, (12) 75 to 84 years, and (13) 85 years and older. The sum of these age groups is the estimated 2022 population of the service area.

Service Area Experience

Age Group Distribution

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Age Group	Persons	Total Population
0 to 4 Years	40,492	5.3%
5 to 9 Years	43,228	5.7%
10 to 14 Years	44,346	5.8%
15 to 17 Years	27,701	3.6%
18 to 20 Years	27,705	3.6%
21 to 24 Years	37,786	4.9%
25 to 34 Years	112,785	14.8%
35 to 44 Years	101,930	13.3%
45 to 54 Years	99,471	13.0%
55 to 64 Years	99,158	13.0%
65 to 74 Years	73,964	9.7%
75 to 84 Years	37,972	5.0%
85 Years and Older	17,199	2.3%
Total Population	763,737	100.0%

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Age Group Distribution

Los Angeles County 2022

Age Group	Number of Persons	Percent of Total Population
0 to 4 Years	569,354	5.7%
5 to 9 Years	584,262	5.8%
10 to 14 Years	595,828	5.9%
15 to 17 Years	371,300	3.7%
18 to 20 Years	379,334	3.8%
21 to 24 Years	510,292	5.1%
25 to 34 Years	1,565,348	15.6%
35 to 44 Years	1,414,702	14.1%
45 to 54 Years	1,302,823	13.0%
55 to 64 Years	1,220,659	12.2%
65 to 74 Years	871,428	8.7%
75 to 84 Years	443,328	4.4%
85 Years and Older	189,692	1.9%
Total Population	10,018,350	100.0%

Male Population Age Distribution

What's Being Measured Males according to various age cohorts.

How the Measure is Defined Males are reported for the following 13 age groups: (1) 0 to 4 years, (2) 5 to 9 years, (3) 10 to 14 years, (4) 15 to 17 years, (5) 18 to 20 years, (6) 21 to 24 years, (7) 25 to 34 years, (8) 35 to 44 years, (9) 45 to 54 years, (10) 55 to 64 years, and (11) 65 to 74 years, (12) 75 to 84 years, and (13) 85 years and older. The sum of these age groups for males is the estimated 2022 male population of the service area.

Service Area Experience

Male Population Age Group Distribution

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Age Group	Males	Male Population
0 to 4 Years	19,719	5.0%
5 to 9 Years	21,055	5.4%
10 to 14 Years	21,582	5.5%
15 to 17 Years	13,512	3.5%
18 to 20 Years	13,632	3.5%
21 to 24 Years	18,718	4.8%
25 to 34 Years	55,255	14.1%
35 to 44 Years	51,115	13.1%
45 to 54 Years	51,053	13.0%
55 to 64 Years	52,140	13.3%
65 to 74 Years	40,536	10.4%
75 to 84 Years	22,039	5.6%
85 Years and Older	11,103	2.8%
Total Male Population	391,459	100.0%

Male Population Age Group Distribution

Los Angeles County 2022

Age Group	Number of Males	Percent of Male Population
0 to 4 Years	291,227	5.9%
5 to 9 Years	299,224	6.1%
10 to 14 Years	305,212	6.2%
15 to 17 Years	188,991	3.8%
18 to 20 Years	193,006	3.9%
21 to 24 Years	257,916	5.2%
25 to 34 Years	801,148	16.2%
35 to 44 Years	710,169	14.4%
45 to 54 Years	644,625	13.0%
55 to 64 Years	592,245	12.0%
65 to 74 Years	400,798	8.1%
75 to 84 Years	187,537	3.8%
85 Years and Older	67,931	1.4%
Total Male Population	4,940,029	100.0%

Female Population Age Distribution

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Females according to various age cohorts.

How the Measure is Defined Females Males are reported for the following 13 age groups: (1) 0 to 4 years, (2) 5 to 9 years, (3) 10 to 14 years, (4) 15 to 17 years, (5) 18 to 20 years, (6) 21 to 24 years, (7) 25 to 34 years, (8) 35 to 44 years, (9) 45 to 54 years, (10) 55 to 64 years, and (11) 65 to 74 years, and (12) 75 to 84 years, and (13) 85 years and older. The sum of these age groups for females is the estimated 2022 female population of the service area.

Service Area Experience

Female Population Age Group Distribution

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Age Group	Females	Female Population
0 to 4 Years	19,719	5.0%
5 to 9 Years	21,055	5.4%
10 to 14 Years	21,582	5.5%
15 to 17 Years	13,512	3.5%
18 to 20 Years	13,632	3.5%
21 to 24 Years	18,718	4.8%
25 to 34 Years	55,255	14.1%
35 to 44 Years	51,115	13.1%
45 to 54 Years	51,053	13.0%
55 to 64 Years	52,140	13.3%
65 to 74 Years	40,536	10.4%
75 to 84 Years	22,039	5.6%
85 Years and Older	11,103	2.8%
Total Female Population	391,459	100.0%

Female Population Age Group Distribution

Los Angeles County 2022

Age Group	Number of Females	Percent of Female Population
0 to 4 Years	278,127	5.5%
5 to 9 Years	285,038	5.6%
10 to 14 Years	290,616	5.7%
15 to 17 Years	182,309	3.6%
18 to 20 Years	186,328	3.7%
21 to 24 Years	252,376	5.0%
25 to 34 Years	764,200	15.0%
35 to 44 Years	704,533	13.9%
45 to 54 Years	658,198	13.0%
55 to 64 Years	628,414	12.4%
65 to 74 Years	470,630	9.3%
75 to 84 Years	255,791	5.0%
85 Years and Older	121,761	2.4%
Total Female Population	5,078,321	100.0%

Race/Ethnicity

What's Being Measured Race/ethnicity for the population.

How the Measure is Defined There are no universally accepted definitions for race and Hispanic ethnicity. The Census currently defines "Hispanic or Latino" as an ethnicity, not a race. In the race question for Census 2010, the option of marking one or more race categories was given. People who marked only one race are referred to as the race alone population. Those who marked more than one race are referred to as the two or more races population. All respondents who marked more than one race are collapsed into this category. The question on Hispanic origin asked respondents if they are Spanish, Hispanic or Latino.

The following eight race/ethnicity groupings are used: (1) White is non-Hispanic White and includes persons having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as "White" or report entries such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab or Polish. (2) Black is non-Hispanic Black and includes persons having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as "Black or African American" or provide written entries such as African American, Kenyan, Nigerian or Haitian. (3) American Indian and Alaskan Native is non-Hispanic American Indian and Alaskan Native and includes persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintain tribal affiliation or community attachment. (4) Asian is non-Hispanic Asian and includes persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Vietnam, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, and Thailand. It includes people who provide written entries such as Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Japanese, Vietnamese, and other Asian. (5) Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander is non-Hispanic Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and includes persons having origins in Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands. (6) Hispanic is Hispanic or Latino and includes the total of all those who identified themselves as Hispanic or Latino. (7) Some Other Race is non-Hispanic some other race and includes all other responses not included in the categories above. (8) Two or More Races is non-Hispanic two or more races.

The sum of these eight race/Hispanic ethnicity categories is the 2022 total population.

Service Area Experience

Race/Ethnicity

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Race/Ethnicity	Number of Persons	Percent of Total Population
White	129,061	16.9%
Black	21,313	2.8%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	1,025	0.1%
Asian	254,258	33.3%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	690	0.1%
Hispanic	342,698	44.9%
Some Other Race	1,243	0.2%
Two or More Races	13,449	1.8%
Total Population	763,737	100.0%

Source: Claritas

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Race/Ethnicity

Los Angeles County 2022

Number of Percent of Race/Ethnicity **Total Population** Persons White 2,507,661 25.0% Black 764,068 7.6% American Indian/Alaskan Native 17,612 0.2% Asian 1,481,512 14.8% Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander 0.2% 21,660 Hispanic 4,961,804 49.5% Some Other Race 24,986 0.2%

239,047

10,018,350

Source: Claritas

Two or More Races

Total Population

2.4%

100.0%

Asian Population Detail

What's Being Measured Asian Alone population detail.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Asian Alone population includes the following 11 categories: (1) Chinese, except Taiwanese, (2) Filipino, (3) Japanese, (4) Asian Indian, (5) Korean, (6) Vietnamese, (7) Cambodian, (8) Hmong, (9) Laotian, (10) Thai, and (11) Other Asian/Two or more Asian categories. The sum of these 11 categories is the total Asian population (which may be Hispanic or non-Hispanic).

Service Area Experience

Asian Population Detail

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Asian Population Detail	Asians	Asian Population
Chinese, except Taiwanese	155,888	60.8%
Filipino	21,191	8.3%
Japanese	6,262	2.4%
Asian Indian	5,367	2.1%
Korean	6,960	2.7%
Vietnamese	30,906	12.1%
Cambodian	1,985	0.8%
Hmong	17	0.0%
Laotian	356	0.1%
Thai	2,144	0.8%
Other Asian/Two or More Asian Categories	25,359	9.9%
Total Asian Population	256,435	100.0%

Asian Population Detail

Los Angeles County 2022

Asian Population Detail	Number of Asians	Percent of Asian Population
Chinese, except Taiwanese	455,030	30.3%
Filipino	348,583	23.2%
Japanese	93,892	6.2%
Asian Indian	105,042	7.0%
Korean	213,078	14.2%
Vietnamese	95,380	6.3%
Cambodian	31,898	2.1%
Hmong	1,093	0.1%
Laotian	2,783	0.2%
Thai	26,113	1.7%
Other Asian/Two or More Asian Categories	131,051	8.7%
Total Asian Population	1,503,943	100.0%

Language Spoken at Home for Persons 5 Years and Older

What's Being Measured The language spoken at home by persons five years and older.

How the Measure is Defined Languages spoken at home are grouped into the five following categories: (1) speak only English at home, (2) speak Spanish at home, (3) speak an Asian/Pacific Island language at home, (4) speak a European language at home, and (5) speak other language at home. The sum of these five groupings for language spoken at home by persons five years and older is the 2022 population age 5 years and older.

Service Area Experience

Language Spoken at Home

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Language Spoken at Home	Number of Persons 5+ Years	Percent of Persons 5+ Years
English Only	253,262	35.0%
Spanish	243,905	33.7%
Asian or Pacific Island language	203,558	28.1%
European language	18,384	2.5%
Other language	4,136	0.6%
Persons 5 Years and Older	723,245	100.0%

Language Spoken at Home

Los Angeles County 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Language Spoken at Home	Persons 5+ Years	Persons 5+ Years
English Only	4,088,732	43.3%
Spanish	3,709,274	39.3%
Asian or Pacific Island language	1,028,823	10.9%
European language	511,449	5.4%
Other language	110,718	1.2%
Persons 5 Years and Older	9,448,996	100.0%

Educational Attainment for Persons 25 Years and Older

What's Being Measured Highest level of education completed by persons 25 years and older.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Highest level of education completed for persons age 25 years and older is reported for the following nine categories: (1) less than 9th grade, (2) some high school, no diploma; (3) high school graduate or its equivalent, (4) some college, no degree; (5) Associate Degree, (6) Bachelor's Degree, (7) Master's Degree, (8) Professional Degree, (9) Doctorate degree. The sum of these nine groupings for educational attainment for persons 25 years and older equals the 2022 population age 25 years and older.

Service Area Experience

Educational Attainment of Persons 25 Years and Older

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area

Highest Level of Education Completed	Number of Persons 25+ Years	Percent of Persons 25+ Years
Less than 9th Grade	70,703	13.0%
Some High School, no Diploma	42,540	7.8%
High School Graduate (or GED)	122,480	22.6%
Some College, no Degree	91,236	16.8%
Associate Degree	39,080	7.2%
Bachelor's Degree	115,951	21.4%
Master's Degree	40,907	7.5%
Professional Degree	11,351	2.1%
Doctorate Degree	8,231	1.5%
Persons 25 Years and Older	542,479	100.0%

Educational Attainment of Persons 25 Years and Older

Los Angeles County 2022

Highest Level of Education Completed	Number of Persons 25+ Years	Percent of Persons 25+ Years
Less than 9th Grade	834,521	11.9%
Some High School, no Diploma	587,714	8.4%
High School Graduate (or GED)	1,447,798	20.7%
Some College, no Degree	1,311,669	18.7%
Associate Degree	488,298	7.0%
Bachelor's Degree	1,539,409	22.0%
Master's Degree	533,018	7.6%
Professional Degree	170,015	2.4%
Doctorate Degree	95,538	1.4%
Persons 25 Years and Older	7,007,980	100.0%

Employment Status for Persons 16 Years and Older

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Employment status for persons age 16 years and older.

How the Measure is Defined Employment status is grouped into the following four categories: (1) persons in the labor force and employed, (2) persons in the labor force and unemployed (e.g., not at work and were looking for work and available to accept a job), (3) persons in the armed forces serving active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps or Coast Guard, and (4) persons who are not classified as members of the labor force (consists mainly of students, housewives, retired workers, seasonal workers enumerated in an off season who were not looking for work, institutionalized persons, and persons doing only incidental unpaid family work). The sum of these four groupings for employment status is the 2022 population age 16 years and older.

Service Area Experience

Employment Status for Persons 16 Years and Older

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Employment Status	Persons 16+ Years	Persons 16+ Years
In Labor Force, Employed	376,607	60.1%
In Labor Force, Unemployed	17,964	2.9%
In Armed Forces	264	0.0%
Not in Labor Force	231,721	37.0%
Persons 16 Years and Older	626,556	100.0%

Employment Status for Persons 16 Years and Older

Los Angeles County 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Employment Status	Persons 16+ Years	Persons 16+ Years
In Labor Force, Employed	5,022,023	61.6%
In Labor Force, Unemployed	280,200	3.4%
In Armed Forces	6,354	0.1%
Not in Labor Force	2,838,522	34.8%
Persons 16 Years and Older	8,147,099	100.0%

Occupation Type for Employed Labor Force

What's Being Measured Occupation classification of employed labor force.

How the Measure is Defined Occupations are grouped into the following three types: (1) white collar (includes occupations of management/business/financial operations, professional and related occupations, sales and office), (2) blue collar (includes occupations of construction and transportation/material moving), and (3) service and farming. The sum of these three categories is 2022 employed labor force.

Service Area Experience

Occupation Type for Employed Labor Force

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Occupation Type	Number of Persons	Percent of Employed Labor Force
White Collar	218,789	59.1%
Blue Collar	78,118	21.1%
Service and Farming	73,465	19.8%
Employed Labor Force	370,372	100.0%

Source: Claritas

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Occupation Type for Employed Labor Force

Los Angeles County 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Occupation Type	Persons	Employed Labor Force
White Collar	2,957,501	59.9%
Blue Collar	1,022,184	20.7%
Service and Farming	955,532	19.4%
Employed Labor Force	4,935,217	100.0%

Households

What's Being Measured Households in the service area for estimated 2022 and projected 2024.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> A household is considered a housing unit, occupied by either a single person or two or more related or unrelated persons. Units occupied by ten or more unrelated individuals are called group quarters, not households. The change in number of households is calculated by subtracting the estimated 2022 households from the projected 2024 households. The change in percent is calculated the dividing the change in number of households by the 2022 households.

Service Area Experience

Households

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022 and 2024

Year	Households
2022	234,410
2024	235,714
Change - Number	1,304
Change - Percent	0.6%

Source: Claritas

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Households

Los Angeles County 2022 and 2024

Year	Households
2022	3,309,578
2024	3,336,723
Change - Number	27,145
Change - Percent	0.8%

Group Quarters Population by Type

What's Being Measured The population living in group quarters.

How the Measure is Defined Group quarters is a type of residence inhabited by ten or more persons, unrelated to the householder and includes the following seven types: (1) college/university student housing, (2) military quarters, (3) other non-institutional facilities, (4) correctional facilities for adults, (5) juvenile facilities, (6) nursing home, and (7) other institutional facilities. The sum of these seven group quarters types is the 2022 population living in group quarters.

Service Area Experience

Group Quarters Population by Type

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Group Quarters Type	Group Quarters Population	Percent of Group Quarters Population
College/University Student Housing	3,136	31.4%
Military Quarters	0	0.0%
Other Non-Institutional Facilities	2,483	24.8%
Correctional Facilities for Adults	205	2.0%
Juvenile Facilities	413	4.1%
Nursing Home	3,709	37.1%
Other Institutional Facilities	57	0.6%
Total Group Quarters Population	10,003	100.0%

Group Quarters Population by Type

Los Angeles County 2022

Group Quarters Type	Group Quarters Population	Percent of Group Quarters Population
College/University Student Housing	54,560	30.0%
Military Quarters	23	0.0%
Other Non-Institutional Facilities	54,498	30.0%
Correctional Facilities for Adults	28,031	15.4%
Juvenile Facilities	5,014	2.8%
Nursing Home	37,464	20.6%
Other Institutional Facilities	2,322	1.3%
Total Group Quarters Population	181,912	100.0%

Persons Per Household and Average Household Size

What's Being Measured Persons per household and average household size.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> The number of households is reported for the following seven household size categories: 1-person, 2-persons, 3-persons, 4-persons, 5-persons, 6-persons, and 7 or more persons. The sum of these seven categories household size is the 2022 total households. Average household size is calculated by dividing the total population living in households by the total number of households.

Service Area Experience

Household Size Description

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Household Size	Number of Households	Percent of Total Households
1-Person	44,322	18.9%
2-Persons	58,765	25.1%
3-Persons	42,460	18.1%
4-Persons	38,915	16.6%
5-Persons	23,090	9.9%
6-Persons	12,832	5.5%
7 or more Persons	14,026	6.0%
Total Households	234,410	100.0%
Average Household Size	3.22	_

Household Size Description

Los Angeles County 2022

Household Size	Number of Households	Percent of Total Households
1-Person	811,673	24.5%
2-Persons	863,293	26.1%
3-Persons	541,687	16.4%
4-Persons	486,788	14.7%
5-Persons	289,742	8.8%
6-Persons	153,619	4.6%
7 or more Persons	162,776	4.9%
Total Households	3,309,578	100.0%
Average Household Size	2.97	_

Households by Presence of Children Under 18 Years of Age

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Households are described by the presence of one or more persons under 18 years of age (children) living in the household.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Households with children living in the household may include married couple families, families with male householders (no wives), families with female householders (no husbands), and non-family households. The sum of these two household descriptions is the 2022 total households.

Service Area Experience

Households by Presence of Children Under 18 Years of Age

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Household Description	Number of Households	Percent of Total Households
Children Under 18 Years Present	94,395	40.3%
No Children Under 18 Years Present	140,015	59.7%
Total Households	234,410	100.0%

Source: Claritas

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Households by Presence of Children Under 18 Years of Age

Los Angeles County 2022

Household Description	Number of Households	Percent of Total Households
Children Under 18 Years Present	1,240,906	37.5%
No Children Under 18 Years Present	2,068,672	62.5%
Total Households	3,309,578	100.0%

Households by Income Group and Average Household Income

What's Being Measured Households in various income groupings.

How the Measure is Defined Household income includes the total money received in the stated calendar year by all household members 15 years and older. The income is presented in terms of current dollars for 2022. The number of households with an annual household income is reported for the following 12 income groups: (1) under \$15,000; (2) \$15,000 to \$24,999; (3) \$25,000 to \$34,999; (4) \$35,000 to \$49,999; (5) \$50,000 to \$74,999; (6) \$75,000 to \$99,999; (7) \$100,000 to \$124,999; (8) \$125,000 to \$149,999; (9) \$150,000 to \$199,999; (10) \$200,000 to \$249,999; (11) \$250,000 to \$499,999; and (12) \$500,000 and over. The sum of households with these 12 income groupings is the 2022 total households. Average household income is calculated the dividing the total income of an area by the number of households in the area.

Service Area Experience

Households by Income Group

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Income Group	Households	Total Households
Under \$15,000	16,515	7.0%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	15,392	6.6%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	14,885	6.3%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	23,093	9.9%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	35,542	15.2%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	30,030	12.8%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	24,248	10.3%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	19,015	8.1%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	22,303	9.5%
\$200,000 to \$249,999	12,837	5.5%
\$250,000 to \$499,999	13,290	5.7%
\$500,000 and over	7,260	3.1%
Total Households	234,410	100.0%
Average Household Income	\$117,329	_

Households by Income Group

Los Angeles County 2022

Income Group	Number of Households	Percent of Total Households
Under \$15,000	279,841	8.5%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	231,488	7.0%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	221,684	6.7%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	329,494	10.0%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	486,403	14.7%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	400,779	12.1%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	326,334	9.9%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	256,147	7.7%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	294,409	8.9%
\$200,000 to \$249,999	169,651	5.1%
\$250,000 to \$499,999	190,151	5.7%
\$500,000 and over	123,197	3.7%
Total Households	3,309,578	100.0%
Average Household Income	\$117,613	_

Households by Age of Head of Household

What's Being Measured The number of households by age group of the head of household.

How the Measure is Defined The head of households is reported for the following eight age groups: (1) 15 to 24 years, (2) 25 to 34 years, (3) 35 to 44 years, (4) 45 to 54 years, (5) 55 to 64 years, (6) 65 to 74 years, (7) 75 to 84 years, and (8) 85 years and older. The sum of the households headed by persons in these age groups is the 2022 total households.

Service Area Experience

Households by Age Group of Head of Household

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Age Group of Head of Household	Number of Households	Percent of Total Households
15 to 24 Years	4,323	1.8%
25 to 34 Years	28,719	12.3%
35 to 44 Years	41,862	17.9%
45 to 54 Years	46,537	19.9%
55 to 64 Years	48,079	20.5%
65 to 74 Years	36,495	15.6%
75 to 84 Years	19,407	8.3%
85 Years and Older	8,988	3.8%
Total Households	234,410	100.0%

Households by Age Group of Head of Household

Los Angeles County 2022

Age Group of Head of Household	Number of Households	Percent of Total Households
15 to 24 Years	88,149	2.7%
25 to 34 Years	481,494	14.5%
35 to 44 Years	641,394	19.4%
45 to 54 Years	648,492	19.6%
55 to 64 Years	628,089	19.0%
65 to 74 Years	464,328	14.0%
75 to 84 Years	248,692	7.5%
85 Years and Older	108,940	3.3%
Total Households	3,309,578	100.0%

Owner-Occupied and Renter-Occupied Housing Units

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Owner-occupied housing units and renter-occupied housing units for estimated 2022.

How the Measure is Defined A housing unit is owner-occupied if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit. All occupied housing units that are not owner-occupied, whether they are rented for cash rent or occupied without payment of cash rent, are classified as renter-occupied (units may be provided free of rent by friends or relatives in exchange for services, such as resident manager, caretaker, or tenant farmer). Housing units on military bases are also classified in the "no cash rent" category. The sum of owner-occupied housing units and renter-occupied housing units is the 2022 total occupied housing units.

Service Area Experience

Owner-Occupied and Renter-Occupied Housing Units

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Occupied Housing Unit	Number	Percent
Owner-Occupied	130,781	55.8%
Renter-Occupied	103,629	44.2%
Total Occupied Housing Units	234,410	100.0%

Source: Claritas

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Owner-Occupied and Renter-Occupied Housing Units

Los Angeles County

2022

Occupied Housing Unit	Number	Percent
Owner-Occupied	1,568,333	47.4%
Renter-Occupied	1,741,245	52.6%
Total Occupied Housing Units	3,309,578	100.0%

Families

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The number of families (family households) for estimated 2022 and projected 2024.

How the Measure is Defined A family household consists of a householder and one or more other persons living in the same household who are related to the householder by birth, marriage or adoption. All persons who are related to the householder are regarded as members of his or her family. The change in number of families is calculated by subtracting the estimated 2022 families from the projected 2024 families. The change in percent is calculated the dividing the change in number of families by the 2022 families.

Service Area Experience

Families

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022 and 2024

Year	Families
2022	177,261
2024	178,137
Change - Number	876
Change - Percent	0.5%

Source: Claritas

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Families

Los Angeles County 2022 and 2024

Year	Families
2022	2,231,579
2024	2,247,883
Change - Number	16,304
Change - Percent	0.7%

Families by Poverty Status

What's Being Measured Families below the poverty level and at or above the poverty level.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> the Census Bureau uses the federal government's official poverty definition. Families are reported as either (1) below the federal poverty level or (2) at/above the federal poverty level. The sum of these two groupings is the 2022 families.

Service Area Experience

Families by Poverty Status

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Poverty Status	Number of Families	Percent of Total Families
Below the Poverty Level	15,718	8.9%
At or Above the Poverty Level	161,543	91.1%
Total Families	177,261	100.0%

Source: Claritas

Comparison to Los Angeles County

Families by Poverty Status

Los Angeles County 2022

	Number of	Percent of
Poverty Status	Families	Total Families
Below the Poverty Level	232,971	10.4%
At or Above the Poverty Level	1,998,608	89.6%
Total Families	2,231,579	100.0%

Homeless Population

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Count of homeless population.

How the Measure is Defined To accurately enumerate the homeless population in Los Angeles County, a point-in-time census was conducted on February 22, 23 and 24, 2022, with the support of volunteers, partners and community service providers. In this study, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's definition of homelessness was used. The definition is an individual who lacks a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence and an individual who has a primary nighttime residence that is a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary living accommodations or an institution that provides a temporary residence for individuals intended to be institutionalized or a public or private place not designated for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings.

According to Los Angeles Homeless Service Authority (LAHSA), rising homelessness is a statewide challenge, with the affordable housing crisis driving a regional increase in homelessness.

SPA 3 Experience

Homeless Estimates

Los Angeles County Service Planning Area 3 – San Gabriel Valley Compared to Los Angeles County 2022

Description	SPA 3	Los Angeles County
Number of Homeless Persons – Sheltered and Unsheltered	4,661	69,144
Percent Change from 2020 - 2022	2%	4%

Notes: Pasadena is excluded in the SPA 3 count of homeless persons

Los Angeles County total homeless includes the cities of Los Angeles, Glendale, Long Beach, and

Pasadena

Source: 2022 Greater Los Angeles Homeless Count

Summary of Demographic Indicators and Comparison to Los Angeles County

Note: Findings are based on 2022 demographic estimates

The service area population (2022) is estimated at 763,737 persons. The population in the service area is forecast to increase 0.4 percent in the next five years, to 766,589 persons. Growth projections for households and families are estimated to increase 0.6 percent and 0.5 percent. The following table summarizes the service area population, households, and families as well as the percent change projected for 2027 (over a five-year period).

Summary of Population, Households and Families

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022 and 2027

	Number		Percent Change	
Description	2022 2027		From 2022 to 2027	
Demographics				
Population	763,737	766,589	0.4%	
Households	234,410	235,714	0.6%	
Families	177,261	178,137	0.5%	

Source: Claritas

To assist with providing context to the service area demographics, key statistics are compared to Los Angeles County for 2022 in the following table. Of note, in comparison to Los Angeles County, USC Arcadia Hospital service area has a *higher* proportion of:

- Persons age 55 to 64 years, 65 to 74 years, 75 to 84 years, and 85 years and older
- Persons of Asian race
- Persons 5 years and older speaking an Asian or Pacific Island language at home
- Persons 25 years and older with less than 9th grade education, high school or GED graduate, Associate Degree, and Doctorate Degree
- Persons 16 years and older not in the labor force
- Employed persons with blue collar and service and farming occupations
- Households with 3-persons, 4-persons, 5-persons, 6-persons and 7 or more persons
- Households with children under 18 years of age present
- Households with incomes of \$50,000 to \$74,999; \$75,000 to \$99,999; \$100,000 to \$124,999;
 \$125,000 to \$149,999; \$150,000 to \$199,999; and \$200,000 to \$249,999

- Households with heads of household age 45 to 54 years, 55 to 64 years, 65 to 74 years, 75 to 84 years, and 85 years and older
- Owner-occupied households
- Families at or above the poverty level

Summary of Demographic Indicators

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Compared to Los Angeles County 2022

La disasta a	Pero	Percent		
Indicator	Service Area	LA County		
5-Year Change (2022 to 2024)				
Population	0.4%	0.8%		
Households	0.6%	0.8%		
Families	0.5%	0.7%		
Age Group				
0 to 4 Years	5.3%	5.7%		
5 to 9 Years	5.7%	5.8%		
10 to 14 Years	5.8%	5.9%		
15 to 17 Years	3.6%	3.7%		
18 to 20 Years	3.6%	3.8%		
21 to 24 Years	4.9%	5.1%		
25 to 34 Years	14.8%	15.6%		
35 to 44 Years	13.3%	14.1%		
45 to 54 Years	13.0%	13.0%		
55 to 64 Years	13.0%	12.2%		
65 to 74 Years	9.7%	8.7%		
75 to 84 Years	5.0%	4.4%		
85 Years and Older	2.3%	1.9%		
Race/Ethnicity				
White	16.9%	25.0%		
Black	2.8%	7.6%		
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0.1%	0.2%		
Asian	33.3%	14.8%		
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.2%		
Hispanic	44.9%	49.5%		
Some Other Race	0.2%	0.2%		
Two or More Races	1.8%	2.4%		

	Percent		
Indicator	Service Area	LA County	
Language Spoken at Home by Persons 5 Years and Older			
English Only	35.0%	43.3%	
Spanish	33.7%	39.3%	
Asian or Pacific Island language	28.1%	10.9%	
European language	2.5%	5.4%	
Other language	0.6%	1.2%	
Educational Attainment of Adults 25 Years and Older			
Less than 9 th Grade	13.0%	11.9%	
Some High School, no Diploma	7.8%	8.4%	
High School Graduate (or GED)	22.6%	20.7%	
Some College, no Degree	16.8%	18.7%	
Associate Degree	7.2%	7.0%	
Bachelor's Degree	21.4%	22.0%	
Master's Degree	7.5%	7.6%	
Professional Degree	2.1%	2.4%	
Doctorate Degree	1.5%	1.4%	
Employment Status for Persons 16 Years and Older			
In Labor Force, Employed	60.1%	61.6%	
In Labor Force, Unemployed	2.9%	3.4%	
In Armed Forces	0.0%	0.1%	
Not in Labor Force	37.0%	34.8%	
Occupation Type for Employed Labor Force			
White Collar	59.1%	59.9%	
Blue Collar	21.1%	20.7%	
Service and Farming	19.8%	19.4%	
Household Size			
1-Person	18.9%	24.5%	
2-Persons	25.1%	26.1%	
3-Persons	18.1%	16.4%	
4-Persons	16.6%	14.7%	
5-Persons	9.9%	8.8%	
6-Persons	5.5%	4.6%	
7 or more Persons	6.0%	4.9%	
Households by Presence of Children Under 18 Years of Age			
Children Under 18 Years Present	40.3%	37.5%	
No Children Under 18 Years Present	59.7%	62.5%	

Indicator	Percent	
	Service Area	LA County
Household Income		
Under \$15,000	7.0%	8.5%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	6.6%	7.0%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	6.3%	6.7%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	9.9%	10.0%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	15.2%	14.7%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	12.8%	12.1%
\$100,000 to \$124,999	10.3%	9.9%
\$125,000 to \$149,999	8.1%	7.7%
\$150,000 to \$199,999	9.5%	8.9%
\$200,000 to \$249,999	5.5%	5.1%
\$250,000 to \$499,999	5.7%	5.7%
\$500,000 and over	3.1%	3.7%
Age Group of Head of Household		
15 to 24 Years	1.8%	2.7%
25 to 34 Years	12.3%	14.5%
35 to 44 Years	17.9%	19.4%
45 to 54 Years	19.9%	19.6%
55 to 64 Years	20.5%	19.0%
65 to 74 Years	15.6%	14.0%
75 to 84 Years	8.3%	7.5%
85 Years and Older	3.8%	3.3%
Owner-Occupied and Renter-Occupied Housing Units		
Owner-Occupied	55.8%	47.4%
Renter-Occupied	44.2%	52.6%
Families by Poverty Status		
Below the Poverty Level	8.9%	10.4%
At or Above the Poverty Level	91.1%	89.6%

Section 4: Health Access and Utilization

This section includes:

- Identification of Health Professional Shortages Areas for primary care
- Findings from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3 benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 targets
- Health access indicators for SPA 3 compared to Los Angeles County and California

Key used to summarize SPA 3 experiences benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 Targets:



Listing of Health Care Facilities located in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area can be found in:

Section 13: Health Care Facilities and Other Resources

Health Professional Shortage Areas

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The federal Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA) identifies areas having a shortage of primary care health care providers.

How the Measure is Defined Primary care HPSA is decided on the basis of availability of primary care physicians. Criteria is based on practitioner-to-population ratios and the presence of barriers to access such as travel distance. These designations are established by Medical Service Study Areas (MSSA), geographical areas based upon U.S. Census tracts; MSSAs are redefined every decade following the U.S. Census.

Service Area Experience

Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Areas

Medical Service Study Areas in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2021

Medical Service Study Area (MSSA)	Primary Care Health Professional Shortage Area
Arcadia Central and Northeast/Bradbury/Monrovia/Sierra Madre (78.2xxx)	
Arcadia Southeast/San Gabriel North (78.2dddd)	
Altadena East/Azusa North/Duarte North/Glendora/Pasadena East (78.2gggg)	
El Monte (78.200)	A
Rosemead/San Gabriel South/South El Monte West/Temple City West	
(78.2qqq)	
Baldwin Park/Irwindale (78.2zzz)	

Note:

▲ Indicates that Medical Service Study Area is a designated shortage area for primary care Source: Department of Health Care Access and Information

Medical Insurance

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Persons under age 65 years with medical insurance the entire past year or only part of the past year.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> The percentage of persons with health insurance includes persons with employment-based insurance, Medi-Cal or Healthy Families programs, privately purchased health insurance or other insurance. Insured persons include those with health insurance for all or part of the year. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful About 1 in 10 people in the United States don't have health insurance. People without health insurance are less likely to have a primary care provider and they may not be able to afford the health care services and medications they need. Strategies to increase insurance coverage rates are critical for making sure more people get important health care services, like preventive care and treatment for chronic illnesses.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of persons under age 65 years with medical insurance to 100%.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



93% of persons age 0 to 64 years had medical insurance

Source of Data UCLA Center for Health Policy Research

Source of Ongoing Care

What's Being Measured Persons of all ages with a specific source of ongoing care

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Specific sources of ongoing care may include any of the following: doctor's office/HMO/Kaiser, community, government or hospital clinic, emergency room/urgent care, health center facility, or some other place. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Access to care depends in part on access to an ongoing source of care. People with a usual source of health care are more likely than those without a usual source of care to receive a variety of preventive health care services. An estimated 15 percent of adults in the US lack a usual source of care; an estimated 7 percent of children age 17 years and under lack a specific source of ongoing care. Uninsured persons under age 65 years are more likely to lack a usual source of care than those who have either public or private health insurance.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of persons of all ages who have a specific source of ongoing care to 95.0%

Note: The Healthy People 2020 objective excludes emergency rooms as a usual source of care.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



87% with a specific source of ongoing care

Source of Data UCLA Center for Health Policy Research

Delays in Getting Medical Care

What's Being Measured Persons of all ages who reported delays in getting needed medical care.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Respondents were asked if they experienced any delays or did not get needed medical care (doctor, specialist or other health professional). Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Delaying medical care can negatively impact health and increase the cost of care. People who can't get care when they need may have more preventable complications, hospitalizations, emotional stress, and higher costs. Strategies to increase insurance coverage rates and improve health information technology may help reduce delays in care.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce the proportion of persons who are unable to obtain or delay in obtaining necessary medical care to 4.2%

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



16.0% experienced delays in getting needed medical care

Main Reasons Reported for Delays in Getting Medical Care in SPA 3

- Healthcare system/provider issues and barriers (32.4%)
- COVID-19 (25.2%)
- Cost, lack of insurance, or other insurance related reasons (23.8%)
- Personal and other reasons (18.6%)

Delays in Getting Prescription Medications

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of persons who reported delays or didn't get prescription medicines.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Respondents were asked if they experienced any delays or did not get needed medicines that a doctor prescribed. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Prescription medicines are critical for managing many common diseases and disorders. When people can't get the medicines they need, treatable conditions may get worse. Evidence shows that the most effective approaches for reducing delays and difficulty in getting prescription medicines involve addressing financial barriers and increasing insurance coverage.

<u>Healthy People 2020 Objective</u> Reduce the proportion of all persons of who are unable to obtain or delay in obtaining necessary prescription medicines to 2.8%

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



9.2% experienced delays in getting prescription medications

Summary of Health Access and Utilization Indicators and Comparison to Healthy People 2020 Targets

Note: Findings are based on 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

When comparing health access and utilization indicators in the SPA to Healthy People 2020 objectives, the SPA did not meet the objectives related to: medical insurance (insured all of part of the year), usual source of ongoing care, delays in getting medical care and delays in getting medications. The SPA experience compared to Healthy People 2020 objectives as well as Los Angeles County and California rates is summarized in the following table.

Summary of Health Access Indicators

SPA 3 Compared to Los Angeles County, California and Healthy People 2020 Targets 2021

Indicator	SPA 3		County	California	Target
Indicator	Rate	Status	Rate	Rate	Rate
Health Access (2021)					
Insured All or Part of Year Age 0 to 64 Years	93%	-	93%	93%	100%
Usual Source of Ongoing Care All Ages	87%	-	84%	86%	95%
Delays in Getting Medical Care All Ages	16.0%	-	18.4%	17.6%	4.2%
Delays in Getting Medications All Ages	9.2%	-	8.2%	8.1%	2.8%

Note:

Target rate is Healthy People 2020 objective Source: UCLA Center for Health Policy Research

Section 5: COVID-19

This section includes:

- Findings from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3
- COVID-19 indicators for SPA 3 compared to Los Angeles County and California

Diagnosis, Testing and Vaccine Acceptance

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of adults who ever had COVID-19, the proportion of adults who were tested for COVID-19, and the proportion of adults who already received at least one dost of COVID-19 vaccine.

How the Measure is Defined Adults were asked the following question: "Have you ever had, or thought you might have had, the Coronavirus, COVID-19?" Adults who were tested for COVID-19 were asked: "Did you ever receive a positive test result for COVID-19?" Finally, adults were asked "If a vaccine becomes available for COVID-19, would you get it?" Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Healthy People 2020 Objectives None Established

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021

22% of adults ever had or thought had COVID-1921% of adults tested for COVID-19 tested positive57% of adults already received at least one dose of vaccine for COVID-19

Childcare Impacts

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of adults who reported experiencing childcare difficulties due to COVID-19.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Adults were asked about personal impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic related to childcare difficulties. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Healthy People 2020 Objectives None Established

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021

4% of adults experienced childcare difficulties due to COVID-19 (result is statistically unstable)

Financial Impacts

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The financial impacts of COVID-19, including the proportion of working adults who lost their regular job, had reduced hours or income, and worked from home. In addition, the proportion of adults who experienced difficulty paying for basic necessities and difficulty paying the rent or mortgage.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Adults in the workforce were asked the following questions: "Have you experienced any of the following situations because of the Coronavirus or COVID-19 outbreak – I've lost my regular job; I've had a reduction in hours or a reduction in income; and I've switched to working from home. Adults were asked whether they had difficulty paying for basic necessities and whether they experienced difficulty paying rent/mortgage. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Healthy People 2020 Objectives None Established

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021

15% of adults in the workforce lost their regular job due to COVID-19
24% of adults in the workforce had reduced hours or income due to COVID-19
27% of adults in the workforce switched to working from home due to COVID-19
14% of adults experienced difficulty paying for basic necessities
11% of adults experienced difficulty paying rent/mortgage

Summary of COVID-19 Indicators and Comparison to Los Angeles County and California

Note: Findings are based on 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

The SPA experience compared to Los Angeles County and California rates is summarized in the following table. Results appear comparable in the three geographies.

Adult Diagnosis, Testing and Vaccine Responses

SPA 3 Compared to Los Angeles County and California 2021

Indicator	SPA 3 Rate	County Rate	California Rate	
COVID Diagnosis, Testing and Vaccine Acceptance				
Ever Had or Thought Had COVID-19	22%	20%	21%	
Tested Positive for COVID-19	21%	20%	17%	
Already Received at Least 1 dose vaccine	57%	55%	57%	

Source: UCLA Center for Health Policy Research

Childcare, Employment and Financial Impacts - Adults

SPA 3 Compared to Los Angeles County and California 2021

Indicator	SPA 3 Rate	County Rate	California Rate
Childcare Impacts			
Experienced Childcare Difficulties	4%	3%	3%
Financial Impacts			
Lost Job Due to COVID-19	15%	16%	13%
Had Reduced Hours or Income	24%	28%	24%
Worked From Home	27%	31%	30%
Difficulty Paying for Basic Necessities	14%	16%	12%
Difficulty Paying Rent/Mortgage	11%	13%	10%

Section 6: Mortality

This section includes:

- Summary of premature mortality in Los Angeles County and SPA 3
- Profile of deaths in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area
- Age-adjusted death rates in Los Angeles County benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 targets
- Age-adjusted death rates in Los Angeles County comparted to California

Key used to summarize Los Angeles County experiences benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 targets:



Target Met
Target Not Met
No Target Established

Premature Mortality in Los Angeles County

Years of potential life lost before age 75 years (YPLL-75) is one of the commonly used public health measures to reflect the impact of premature mortality. In 2017, the top three leading causes of premature death in Los Angeles County were coronary heart disease, drug overdose (unintentional), and suicide. The ranking, and years of potential life lost before age 75 (YPLL-75) due to selected leading causes of death in Los Angeles County are summarized in the table on the next page.

Years of Potential Life Lost for Leading Causes of Premature Death, Ranked Los Angeles County 2017

Rank	Cause of Death	YPLL-75
1	Coronary Heart Disease	51,515
2	Drug overdose (Unintentional)	27,743
3	Suicide	26,016
4	Motor vehicle crash	25,915
5	Homicide	24,769
6	Liver disease/cirrhosis	21.604
7	Diabetes mellitus	19.102
8	Stroke	16,085
9	Lung Cancer	13,427
10	Breast cancer	12,224

Source: Los Angeles County Department of Public Health

Premature Mortality in Service Planning Area 3

In 2017, the top three leading causes of premature death in SPA 3 – San Gabriel Valley were coronary heart disease, suicide, and motor vehicle crashes. The ranking and years of potential life lost before age 75 (YPLL) due to selected leading causes of death are summarized in the table below.

Top Five Leading Causes of Premature Death, Ranked by YPLL

Service Planning Area 3 (San Gabriel Valley) 2017

Rank	Cause of Death	YPLL-75
1	Coronary Heart Disease	8,166
2	Suicide	4,426
3	Motor vehicle crash	4,395
4	Liver disease/cirrhosis	3,758
5	Diabetes mellitus	3,457
6	Drug overdose (Unintentional)	3,318
7	Homicide	3.226
8	Lung Cancer	2,776
9	Colorectal Cancer	2,299
10	Stroke	2,250

Source: Los Angeles County Department of Public Health

Profile of Deaths in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area

In 2020, there were 6,674 deaths in USC Arcadia Hospital service area. Heart disease and cancer were the top two leading causes of death in the service area, accounting for 40 percent of all deaths. Of note, coronary heart disease is the leading cause of death in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area and the leading cause of premature death in Service Planning Area 3 (2017). Other leading causes of death in the service area are summarized in the table below.

Profile of Deaths, Ranked By Select Leading Causes of Death

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2020

Select Leading Cause of Death	Number	Percent
Heart Disease	1,383	20.7%
Cancer (All Types)	1,273	19.1%
Stroke	361	5.4%
Alzheimer's disease	353	5.3%
Diabetes	263	3.9%
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	229	3.4%
Unintentional Injuries (All Types)	168	2.5%
Influenza and Pneumonia	163	2.4%
Essential Hypertension & Hypertensive Renal Disease	60	0.9%
Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis	53	0.8%
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	15	0.2%
Suicide	-	0.0%
All Other	2,353	35.3%
All Causes of Death	6,674	100.0%

Coronary Heart Disease

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Coronary heart disease is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes I11 and I20-I25. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Heart disease is the leading cause of death in the United States. Coronary heart disease is the most common type of heart disease Although the death rate from coronary heart disease has gone down in recent years, disparities by sex, race/ethnicity, and geographic location remain. Strategies to lower the risk of developing coronary heart disease, like controlling blood pressure, can help reduce deaths.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce coronary heart disease deaths to 103.4 deaths per 100,000 population.

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 1st cause of death

Service Planning Area 3 - San Gabriel Valley Experience (2017) 1st cause of premature death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



96.6 deaths per 100,000 population

Stroke

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to stroke.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Stroke is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes I60-I69. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Stroke is the fifth leading cause of death in the United States and a leading cause of long-term disability. Low-income populations, some racial/ethnic groups, and people who live in certain geographic regions are more likely to have a stroke and to die of a stroke. Interventions to lower people's risk for stroke by improving blood pressure, diet, and physical activity are critical for reducing stroke deaths. Raising awareness of stroke signs and symptoms and improving stroke management can also help reduce death and disability related to stroke.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce stroke deaths to 34.8 deaths per 100,000 population.

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 3rd cause of death

Service Planning Area 3 – San Gabriel Valley Experience (2017) 10th cause of premature death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



32.9 deaths per 100,000 population

Cancer (All Sites)

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to cancer (all sites).

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Cancer (all sites) is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes C00-C97. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Cancer is the second leading cause of death in the United States. Strategies to help people quit smoking, eat healthy, and get more physical activity can help reduce deaths from different types of cancer. Vaccines, screening procedures, and new treatments can also help reduce cancer deaths.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce cancer deaths to 161.4 deaths per 100,000 population.

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 2nd cause of death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



124.4 deaths per 100,000 population

Lung Cancer

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to lung cancer.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Lung cancer is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes C33-C34. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Lung cancer is one of the most common and deadly cancers in the United States. Although lung cancer death rates have decreased in recent years, there are significant disparities by sex and race/ethnicity. Evidence shows that screening and interventions to prevent tobacco initiation and help people guit smoking can help lower the number of lung cancer deaths.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce lung cancer deaths to 45.5 deaths per 100,000 population.

Service Planning Area 3 - San Gabriel Valley Experience (2017) 8th cause of premature death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 - 2020



20.6 deaths per 100,000 population

Colorectal Cancer

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to colorectal cancer.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Colorectal cancer is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes C18-C21. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Colorectal cancer is one of the most common causes of cancer deaths in the United States. There are effective screening tools for finding colorectal cancer early, when people may be more likely to survive it. Strategies to increase use of recommended screenings and to help people get physical activity and eat healthy are key to reducing the colorectal cancer death rate.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce colorectal cancer deaths to 14.5 deaths per 100,000 population.

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



12.3 deaths per 100,000 population

Prostate Cancer

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to prostate cancer.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Prostate cancer is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) code C61. The rate is per 100,000 males and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Prostate cancer is the most commonly diagnosed cancer and the second leading cause of cancer deaths in American men. Death rates from prostate cancer are much higher in some groups than others. Research shows that closely monitoring prostate cancer is an effective way to reduce the prostate cancer death rate in men who are diagnosed early.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce prostate cancer deaths to 21.8 deaths per 100,000 males.

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



18.6 per 100,000 males

Female Breast Cancer

What's Being Measured The age-adjusted death rate due to breast cancer in females.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Breast cancer is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) code C50. The rate is per 100,000 females and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Breast cancer is one of the most common types of cancer in American women. Although breast cancer death rates have gone down in recent years, they remain higher in some racial/ethnic groups. Interventions to increase breast cancer screening, personalized treatments, and community based cancer control efforts are important for reducing breast cancer deaths.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce breast cancer deaths to 20.7 deaths per 100,000 females.

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



18.3 deaths per 100,000 females

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Diseases

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases. Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases are a group of diseases that cause airflow blockage and breathing-related problems and include emphysema and chronic bronchitis.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases are defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes J40-J44, and excludes asthma. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Why the Measurement is Helpful COPD (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease) is a group of disease – including emphysema, chronic bronchitis, and non-reversible asthma – that make it hard to breath and can cause death. COPD is a major cause of disability and one of the leading causes of death in the United States – and people who have COPD may not know it. Strategies to reduce deaths from COPD include reducing smoking and exposure to air pollution, teaching people with COPD how to manage it, and promoting tests that find it earlier.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce chronic obstructive pulmonary disease deaths to 102.6 deaths per 100,000 population age 45 years and older.

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 6th cause of death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measureme	<u>ent Period</u> 2018 – 2020
0	25.4 deaths per 100,000 population (all ages)
Source of D	Data California Department of Public Health

Influenza/Pneumonia

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to influenza/pneumonia.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Influenza/Pneumonia is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes J09-J18. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Older adults are more likely to get pneumonia and to be hospitalized for it. Pneumonia is also a leading cause of death for older adults. Making sure older adults get pneumococcal vaccines and encouraging people to get smoking can help reduce hospital admissions for and deaths due to pneumonia.

<u>Healthy People 2020 Objective</u> None established.

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 8th cause of death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020

O 17.4 deaths per 100,000 population

Diabetes-Related

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to diabetes (as both an underlying cause of death and a contributing cause of death).

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Diabetes is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes E10-E14, as either an underlying or contributing cause of death. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce the diabetes-related death rate to 65.8 per 100,000 population (includes those with diabetes listed as either an underlying or a contributing cause of death).

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 5th cause of death

Service Planning Area 3 - San Gabriel Valley Experience (2017) 5th cause of premature death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020

O 26.1 deaths per 100,000 population

Unintentional Injuries (All Types)

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to all unintentional injuries.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Unintentional injuries is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes V01-X59 and Y85-Y86. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Unintentional injuries from things like falls, drug overdoses, and motor vehicle crashes are a major cause of death in the United States. There are many effective to strategies to reduce unintentional injuries, including interventions tailored to groups at high risk for certain types of injuries.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce unintentional injury deaths to 36.4 deaths per 100,000 population.

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 7th cause of death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



29.5 deaths per 100,000 population

Motor Vehicle Crashes (Traffic-Related)

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to motor vehicle crashes (traffic related).

How the Measure is Defined Motor vehicle crashes is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes V02-V04 (.1, .9), V09.2, V12-V14 (.3-.9), V19 (.4-.6), V20-V28 (.3-.9), V29-V79 (.4-.9), V80 (.3-.5), V81.1, V82.1, V83-V86 (.0-.3), V87 (.0-.8), and V89.2. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Motor vehicle crashes are the second leading cause of death from unintentional injuries in the United States. In addition, the rate of motor vehicle crash deaths in the United States is about twice the average rate of other high income countries. Interventions aimed at increasing set belt and care seat use, reducing drunk driving and speed-related crashes, and protecting pedestrians can reduce deaths from motor vehicle crashes.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce deaths due to motor vehicle crashes to 12.4 deaths per 100,000 population.

Service Planning Area 3 - San Gabriel Valley Experience (2017) 3rd cause of premature death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



8.3 deaths per 100,000 population

Homicide

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to homicide.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Homicide is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes U01-U02, X85-Y09 and Y87.1. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Homicide is a major cause of death in the United States, and there are major disparities by age and race/ethnicity. Strategies to prevent intimate partner violence, child abuse and neglect, and youth violence are critical for reducing homicides.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce homicide deaths to 5.5 deaths per 100,000 population.

Service Planning Area 3 – San Gabriel Valley Experience (2017) 7th cause of premature death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



6.0 deaths per 100,000 population

Alzheimer's Disease

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The age-adjusted death rate due to Alzheimer's disease.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Alzheimer's disease is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) code G30. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

<u>Healthy People 2020 Objective</u> None established.

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 4th leading cause of death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020			
0	37.9 deaths per 100,000 population		

Suicide

What's Being Measured The age-adjusted death rate due to suicide.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Suicide is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes U03, X60-X84 and Y87.0. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Suicide is one of the leading causes of death nationwide, particularly among young people. In addition, suicide rates have increased in almost every state over the last two decades. Interventions to address behaviors that increase that risk of suicide, like drug and alcohol misuse, may help reduce the suicide ration nationwide.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce suicide deaths to 10.2 deaths per 100,000 population.

Service Planning Area 3 - San Gabriel Valley Experience (2017) 2nd cause of premature death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



8.2 deaths per 100,000 population

Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis

What's Being Measured The age-adjusted death rate due to cirrhosis.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Cirrhosis is defined as International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes K70, K73, and K74. The rate is per 100,000 persons and is standardized to the 2000 United States Standard Million population.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Chronic liver disease and cirrhosis are among the leading causes of death in the United States. Most cirrhosis deaths are related to alcohol use, and there are significant race/ethnic disparities in rates of cirrhosis deaths. Effective policies to reduce cirrhosis deaths include taxing and regulating alcohol sales and restricting alcohol advertising.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce cirrhosis deaths to 8.2 deaths per 100,000 population.

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Experience (2020) 10th cause of death

Service Planning Area 3 - San Gabriel Valley Experience (2017) 4th cause of premature death

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2018 – 2020



12.8 deaths per 100,000 population

Summary of Mortality and Comparison to Healthy People 2020 Targets

Note: Findings are based on the top five causes of premature death in SPA 3 in 2017, a profile of deaths among residents of the service area in 2020, and three-year averages of deaths that occurred among residents of Los Angeles County during 2018 through 2020

In 2017, the top three leading causes of premature death in SPA 3 – San Gabriel Valley were coronary heart disease, suicide, and motor vehicle crashes. The ranking and years of potential life lost before age 75 (YPLL) due to selected leading causes of death are summarized in the table below.

Top Five Leading Causes of Premature Death, Ranked by YPLL

Service Planning Area 3 (San Gabriel Valley) 2017

Rank	Cause of Death	YPLL-75
1	Coronary Heart Disease	8,166
2	Suicide	4,426
3	Motor vehicle crash	4,395
4	Liver disease/cirrhosis	3,758
5	Diabetes mellitus	3,457
6	Drug overdose (Unintentional)	3,318
7	Homicide	3.226
8	Lung Cancer	2,776
9	Colorectal Cancer	2,299
10	Stroke	2,250

Source: Los Angeles County Department of Public Health

In 2020, there were 6,674 deaths in the service area. Heart disease and cancer were the top two leading causes of death in the service area, accounting for 40 percent of all deaths. Of note, coronary heart disease is the leading cause of death in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area (2020) and the leading cause of premature death in Service Planning Area 3 (2017). Other leading causes of death in the service area are summarized in the following table.

Profile of Deaths, Ranked by Select Leading Causes of Death

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2020

Select Leading Cause of Death	Number	Percent
Heart Disease	1,383	20.7%
Cancer (All Types)	1,273	19.1%
Stroke	361	5.4%
Alzheimer's disease	353	5.3%
Diabetes	263	3.9%
Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease	229	3.4%
Unintentional Injuries (All Types)	168	2.5%
Influenza and Pneumonia	163	2.4%
Essential Hypertension & Hypertensive Renal Disease	60	0.9%
Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis	53	0.8%
Nephritis, Nephrotic Syndrome and Nephrosis	15	0.2%
Suicide	-	0.0%
All Other	2,353	35.3%
All Causes of Death	6,674	100.0%

Source: California Department of Public Health

When comparing age-adjusted death rates in Los Angeles County to Healthy People 2020 objectives, the County did not meet the objectives related to: homicide and chronic liver disease and cirrhosis deaths. The County experience compared to Healthy People 2020 national objectives is summarized in the table below.

Summary of Age-Adjusted Death Rates by Cause of Death

Los Angeles County compared to California and Healthy People 2020 Targets

Three-Year Average (2018 to 2020)

	Los Ange	Los Angeles County		Target
Indicator	Rate	Status	Rate	Rate
Health Status				
Coronary Heart Disease	96.6	+	80.2	103.4
Stroke	32.9	+	36.7	34.8
Cancer (All Sites)	124.4	+	128.3	161.4
Lung	20.6	+	22.9	45.5
Colorectal	12.3	+	11.9	14.5

	Los Angeles County		California	Target
Indicator	Rate	Status	Rate	Rate
Prostate	18.6	+	19.1	21.8
Female Breast	18.3	+	18.2	20.7
Chronic Pulmonary Diseases	25.4	0	28.5	None
Influenza/Pneumonia	17.4	0	13.5	None
Diabetes	26.1	0	22.3	N/A
Unintentional Injuries (All Types)	29.5	+	37.9	36.4
Motor Vehicle Accidents	8.3	+	10.0	12.4
Homicide	6.0	-	5.2	5.5
Alzheimer's disease	37.9	0	37.7	None
Suicide	8.2	+	10.5	10.2
Chronic Liver Disease and Cirrhosis	12.8	-	12.6	8.2

Notes:

Target rate is Healthy People 2020 objective

Rates are per 100,000 persons and are standardized to the 2000 U.S. Standard Million population Healthy People 2020 Chronic pulmonary disease death rate is for the population age 45 years and older; data for the entire population is not comparable

Healthy People 2020 objective is based on both underlying and contributing cause of death which requires use of multiple cause of death files; California's data exclude multiple/contributing causes of death

Section 7: Maternal and Infant Health

This section includes:

- Demographic overview of females age 15 to 44 years in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area
- Summary of births in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area
- Maternal and infant health outcomes in Los Angeles County benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 targets
- Maternal and infant outcomes in Los Angeles County compared to California

Key used to summarize USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area experiences benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 Targets:



Target Met
Target Not Met

<u>Detailed information – at the ZIP Code level – can be found in:</u>

- Appendix A: Service Area Description
- Appendix B: Age Group Detail
- Appendix C: Maternal Health

Females Age 15 to 44 Years

What's Being Measured Females 15 to 44 years of age (childbearing age).

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> The percentage of women age 15 to 44 years is calculated by dividing this age group of females by the total population (includes males).

Service Area Experience

Females Age 15 to 44 Years

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Female Age Group	Number of Persons	Percent of Total Population
15 to 17 Years	13,512	1.8%
18 to 20 Years	13,632	1.8%
21 to 24 Years	18,718	2.5%
25 to 34 Years	55,255	7.2%
35 to 44 Years	51,115	6.7%
Total Women 15 to 44 Years	152,232	19.9%
Total Population	763,737	100.0%

Note: Percentages rounded

Source: Claritas

Number of Births

What's Being Measured The number of live births.

How the Measure is Defined The three-year average is calculated by dividing the sum of the annual births by three.

Service Area Experience

Number of Live Births

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Thee-Year Average (2018 to 2020)

Year	Number of Births
2018	8,309
2019	8,394
2020	7,036
Three-Year Average	7,913

Births with Early Entry into Prenatal Care

What's Being Measured The rate of live births to mothers with early prenatal care during pregnancy.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Early prenatal care is defined as the percentage of mothers who begin prenatal care in the first trimester. The rate is expressed per 100 live births and excludes births with unknown prenatal care.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Prenatal care is most effective when it starts early and continues throughout pregnancy. It can help prevent and address health problems in mothers and babies. Interventions to increase access to health care can help more women get the prenatal care they need.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of pregnant women who receive prenatal care beginning in the first trimester to 84.8% of live births.

Los Angeles County Experience

<u>Measurement Period</u> 2018 to 2020 (Three-Year Average)



87.0% of births were to mothers with prenatal care beginning in the first trimester

Infant Birth Weight

What's Being Measured The rate of low birth weight infants.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Low birth weight is defined as live births weighing less than 2,500 grams (5.5 pounds). Normal birth weight is defined as 2,500 grams or more. The rates are expressed per 100 live births and exclude births with unknown birth weight.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Low birth weight is associated with long-term disabilities, such as cerebral palsy, autism, mental retardation, vision and hearing impairments and other developmental disabilities and is the risk factor most closely associated with neonatal death. Smoking accounts for 20 to 30 percent of all low birth weight infants in the United States. The effect of smoking on low birth weight rates appears to be attributable to intrauterine growth retardation rather than to preterm delivery. Despite the low proportion of pregnancies resulting in low birth weight infants, expenditures for the care of low birth weight infants total more than half of the costs incurred for all newborns.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce low birth weight infants to 7.8%.

Los Angeles County Experience

<u>Measurement Period</u> 2018 to 2020 (Three-Year Average)



7.4% of infants were low birth weight

Infant Mortality

What's Being Measured The rate of infant deaths.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Infant mortality is the number of deaths among infants under one year of age. The rate is expressed per 1,000 live births.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Every year in the United States, thousands of infants die from causes like preterm birth, low birth weight, and sudden infant death syndrome. Although the rate of infant deaths has fallen over the past decade, there are disparities by race/ethnicity, income, and geographic location. Equitable, high quality care for mothers and babies and community-based interventions can help reduce the rate of infant deaths.

<u>Healthy People 2020 Objective</u> Reduce the rate of all infant deaths to no more than 6.0 per 1,000 live births.

Los Angeles County Experience

<u>Measurement Period</u> 2017 to 2019 (Three-Year Average)



3.6 infant deaths per 1,000 live births

Source of Data California Department of Public Health

Summary of Maternal and Infant Health Indicators and Comparison to Healthy People 2020 Targets

Note: Findings are based on live births that occurred in the service area during 2018 to 2020, three-year averages of pregnancy and birth outcomes that occurred among residents of Los Angeles County during 2018 to 2020, and three-year averages of infant mortality among infants during 2017 to 2019

During the three-year period from 2018 through 2020, there were 7,913 births a year in the service area.

Number of Live Births

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area Thee-Year Average (2018 to 2020)

	Number of
Year	Births
2018	8,309
2019	8,394
2020	7,036
Three-Year Average	7,913

Source: California Department of Public Health

When comparing maternal and infant health indicators in Los Angeles County to Healthy People 2020 objectives, the county met all of the objectives. The county experience compared to Healthy People 2020 national objectives is summarized in the table below.

Summary of Maternal and Infant Health Indicators

Los Angeles County, California and Healthy People 2020 Targets 2018 to 2020 and 2017 to 2019

la dia eta u	Los Ange	les County	California	Target		
Indicator	Rate	Status	Rate	Rate		
Health Access and Pregnancy Outcome (2018 to 2020)						
Early Prenatal Care	87.0%	+	86.5%	84.8%		
Low Birth Weight Infants	7.4%	+	7.0%	7.8%		
Infant Mortality (2017 to 2019)						
Infant Mortality	3.6	+	3.9	6.0		

Note: Target rate is Healthy People 2020 objective Source: California Department of Public Health

Section 8: Child and Adolescent Health

This section includes:

- Demographic overview of children and youth age 0 to 20 years in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area
- Summary of students enrolled in free or reduced fee meals
- Summary of four-year adjusted graduation rates among high school students attending in schools in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area
- Findings from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3 benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 targets
- Summary of child abuse and neglect in Los Angeles County
- Child and adolescent health indicators in SPA 3 compared to Los Angeles County and California

Key used to summarize SPA 3 experiences benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 Targets:



Target Met
Target Not Met
Result is Statistically Unstable

Detailed information – at the ZIP Code level – can be found in:

Appendix C: Age Group Detail

Children and Youth Age 0 to 20 Years

What's Being Measured Children and youth under age 21 years.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> The percentage of the population 0 to 20 years is calculated by dividing this age group by the total population.

Service Area Experience

Children and Youth Age 0 to 20 Years

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Age Group	Number of Persons	Percent of Total Population
0 to 4 Years	40,492	5.3%
5 to 9 Years	43,228	5.7%
10 to 14 Years	44,346	5.8%
15 to 17 Years	27,701	3.6%
18 to 20 Years	27,705	3.6%
Total 0 to 20 Years	183,472	24.0%
Total Population	763,737	_

Note: Percentages rounded

Source: Claritas

Students Enrolled in Free or Reduced Price Meals

What's Being Measured Students enrolled in the Free or Reduced Price Meal Programs.

How the Measure is Defined The Free or Reduced Price Meal Program is a federal program administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Program participation is by application and is based on income of the child's parent or guardian. Students enrolled in the program is defined as a student's family has met eligibility criteria and student is "signed up" to participate. Data is for the 2021/2022 school year and is from the California Department of Education website.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Students enrolled in the program provides information regarding the socioeconomic status of families with children attending public schools.

<u>Healthy People 2020 Objective</u> None established.

Service Area Experience

Students Enrolled in Free or Reduced Price Meals

School Districts in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2021/2022 School Year

	Free/Reduced	Price Meals
School District	Number	Percent
Alhambra Unified	8,165	53.5%
Arcadia Unified	2,400	27.7%
Azusa Unified	5,526	76.9%
Baldwin Park Unified	11,913	91.3%
Duarte Unified	2,717	53.1%
El Monte City Elementary	6,302	86.8%
El Monte Union High	6,985	86.0%
Garvey Elementary	2,748	64.1%
Glendora Unified	2,835	42.5%
Monrovia Unified	2,691	52.3%
Mountain View Elementary	3,928	73.6%
Pasadena Unified	10,398	65.5%
Rosemead Elementary	1,654	71.9%
San Gabriel Unified	3,262	64.6%
Temple City Unified	1,925	36.4%

	Free/Reduced	l Price Meals
School District	Number	Percent
Comparison Data		
Los Angeles County	898,036	67.2%
California	3,404,572	57.8%

Source: California Department of Education

Four-Year Adjusted Graduation Rate

What's Being Measured Four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate for the selected year,

How the Measure is Defined The four-year adjusted graduation rate (ACGR) is the number of students who graduate from high school in four years with a regular high school diploma divided by the number of students who form the adjusted cohort for the graduating class. The four-year cohort is based on the number of students who enter grade 9 for the first time adjusted by adding into the cohort any student who transfers in later during grade 9 or during the next three years and subtracting any student from the cohort who transfers out, emigrates to another country, transfers to a prison or juvenile facility or dies during that same period. For the ACGR, a "regular high school diploma" is the standard high school diploma awarded to the preponderance of students in a State that is fully aligned with the State's standards and does not include a general equivalency diploma, certificate of completion, certificate of attendance, or any other similar or lesser credential, such as a diploma based on meeting Individualized Education Program goals. Data is for the 2021/2022 school year and is from the California Department of Education website.

Why the Measurement is Helpful There's a strong connection between education and health – for example, higher levels of education are linked to a lower risk of death later in life. But many high school students don't graduate, and graduation rates are lower in some racial/ethnic groups. Programs including vocational training, alternative schools, social-emotional skills training, and counseling can help more students graduate from high school.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of high school students who graduate in four years with a regular diploma to 87%.

Service Area Experience

Four-Year Adjusted Graduation Rate

School Districts in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2020/2021 School Year

School District	Graduation Rate
Alhambra Unified	95.7%
Arcadia Unified	97.8%
Azusa Unified	85.7%
Baldwin Park Unified	92.1%
Duarte Unified	89.8%
El Monte Union High	84.2%

School District	Graduation Rate
Glendora Unified	96.8%
Monrovia Unified	97.2%
Pasadena Unified	84.8%
San Gabriel Unified	96.0%
Temple City Unified	95.5%
Comparison Data	
Los Angeles County	86.3%
California	87.7%

Source: California Department of Education

Medical Insurance

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Persons age 0 to 17 years with medical insurance the entire past year or only part of the past year.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> The percentage of persons with health care coverage includes persons with employment-based insurance, Medi-Cal or Healthy Families programs, privately purchased health insurance or other insurance. Insured persons include those with health insurance for all or part of the year. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful About 1 in 10 people in the United States don't have health insurance. People without health insurance are less likely to have a primary care provider and they may not be able to afford the health care services and medications they need. Strategies to increase insurance coverage rates are critical for making sure more people get important health care services, like preventive care and treatment for chronic illnesses.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of persons age 0 to 17 years with medical insurance to 100%.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



97% of children age 0 to 17 years have medical insurance

Source of Ongoing Care

What's Being Measured Persons age 0 to 17 years with a specific source of ongoing care

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Specific sources of ongoing care may include any of the following: doctor's office/HMO/Kaiser, community, government or hospital clinic, emergency room/urgent care, health center facility, or some other place. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Access to care depends in part on access to an ongoing source of care. People with a usual source of health care are more likely than those without a usual source of care to receive a variety of preventive health care services. An estimated 15 percent of adults in the US lack a usual source of care; an estimated 7 percent of children age 17 years and under lack a specific source of ongoing care. Uninsured persons under age 65 years are more likely to lack a usual source of care than those who have either public or private health insurance.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of persons age 0 to 17 years who have a specific source of ongoing care to 100%

Note: The Healthy People 2020 objective excludes emergency rooms as a usual source of care.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



86% of children age 0 to 17 years have a specific source of ongoing care

Obese Adolescents

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of teens age 12 to 17 years who are obese.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Overweight or obese adolescents are defined as those who have a Body Mass Index (or BMI) at or above the gender- and age-specific 95th percentile of BMI based on the revised CDC Growth Charts for the United States. Results are based on self-reported data by adolescents and are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Many children and adolescents in the United States are obese. Obesity is linked to a higher risk for diseases and conditions like high blood pressure, high cholesterol, diabetes, asthma, anxiety, and depression. In addition, children who are obese are more likely to be bullied and have obesity as adults. Evidence suggests that intensive behavioral programs that use more than one strategy are an effective way to reduce childhood obesity. Policy and school curriculum changes that make it easier for children and adolescents to eat healthy and get physical activity can also help reduce obesity.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce the proportion of adolescents age 12 to 17 years who are obese to 16.1%.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



7% of adolescents age 12 to 17 years are obese

Tobacco Use

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of adolescents age 14 to 17 years who reported having smoked on one or more of the past 30 days.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Teens were asked if they smoked cigarettes in the past 30 days. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Tobacco use is the leading preventable cause of death in the United States. Tobacco use is a major risk factor for heart disease, stroke, emphysema and cancers of the lung, pharynx, oral cavity, esophagus, pancreas and bladder. Some groups are more likely to use tobacco than others. Population level interventions to reduce tobacco use include price increases, mass media campaigns, and smoke-free policies.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce cigarette smoking among adolescents (in grades 9 through 12) to 16% or less.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



5% of adolescents age 14 to 17 years smoke cigarettes

Binge Drinking

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of adolescents age 12 to 17 years who reported binge drinking in the past 30 days.

How the Measure is Defined Teens were asked the number of alcoholic beverages they consumed at the same time or within a couple of hours during the past month. Binge drinking is defined as drinking 5 or more alcoholic beverages for males or 4 or more alcoholic beverages for females at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other during the past 30 days. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Binge drinking is associated with a profound social harm, economic costs as well as increased disease burden. Binge drinking is more common in males, during adolescence and young adulthood. Most binge drinkers are not familiar with the risks associated with binge drinking. Heavy regular binge drinking is associated with adverse effects on neurologic, cardiac, gastrointestinal, hematologic, immune, musculoskeletal organ systems as well as increasing the risk of alcohol induced psychiatric disorders. A US-based review of the literature found that up to one third of adolescents binge drink, with six percent reaching the threshold of having an alcohol-related substance use disorder. Binge drinking during adolescence is associated with traffic accidents and other types of accidents, violent behavior as well as suicide. The more often a child or adolescent binge drinks and the younger they are the more likely that they will develop an alcohol use disorder including alcoholism. A large number of adolescents who binge drink also consume other psychotropic substances.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce the proportion of adolescents age 12 to 17 years who reported they engaged in binge drinking during the past month to 8.6%

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



2% of adolescents age 12 to 17 years engaged in binge drinking

Child Abuse and Neglect

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Substantiated cases of child abuse and neglect (child maltreatment) among children age 0 to 17 years.

How the Measure is Defined The rate of substantiated child abuse and neglect incidents is determined by the number of child abuse and neglect reports that warrant an in-person investigation and are then substantiated. The rate is expressed per 1,000 children in the population age 0 to 17 years. The source of the data is the Center for Social Sciences Research at University of California at Berkeley. The data covers January 1 to December 31, 2021.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Child abuse and neglect are found in families across the social spectrum, and cases are becoming more complex, with more entrenched risk factors. Social isolation, family disorganization, and financial stress and poverty, can also trigger child abuse. Abused children often experience higher rates of suicide, depression, substance abuse, difficulties in school, and other behavioral problems in later life. Abused children are also at greater risk of becoming delinquents, mistreating their own children, and becoming involved in violent partner relationships as teens and adults.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce the incidence of child maltreatment to no more than 8.5 per 1,000 children aged 18 and younger.

Los Angeles County Experience

Measurement Period 2021



7.5 cases of child abuse per 1,000 children

Source of Data Center for Social Sciences Research at University of California at Berkeley

Summary of Child and Adolescent Health and Comparison to Healthy People 2020 Targets

Note: Findings are based on 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

When comparing child and adolescent health indicators in the SPA to Healthy People 2020 objectives, the SPA results were statistically reliable only for health access: usual source of care. For individuals under age 18 years, the SPA did not meet the Healthy People 2020 objective. The SPA experience compared to Healthy People 2020 national objectives is summarized in the table below.

Summary of Child and Adolescent Health Indicators

SPA 3 Compared to Los Angeles County, California and Healthy People 2020 Targets 2021

Indicator	SF	PA 3	County	California	Target
indicator	Rate	Status	Rate	Rate	Rate
Health Access					
Insured All or Part of Year Age 0 to 17 Years	97%	*	99%	99%	100%
Usual Source of Ongoing Care Age 0 to 17 Years	86%	-	87%	87%	100%
Health Behaviors					
Obese Age 12 to 17 Years	7%	*	18.1%	19.1%	16.1%
Currently Smoke Cigarettes Age 14 to 17 Years	5%	*	*2.1%	*0.9%	16.0%
Binge Drinking in Past Month Age 12 to 17 Years	2%	*	*3.6%	4.2%	8.6%

Notes:

Asterisk indicates result is statistically unstable

Target rate is Healthy People 2020 objective

Section 9: Adult Health

This section includes:

- Demographic overview of adults age 21 to 64 years in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area
- Findings from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3 benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 targets
- Adult health indicators in SPA 3 compared to Los Angeles County and California

Key used to summarize SPA 3 experiences benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 Targets:



<u>Detailed information – at the ZIP Code level – can be found in:</u>

Appendix C: Age Group Detail

Adults Age 21 to 64 Years

What's Being Measured Adults 21 to 64 years of age.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> The percentage of the population 21 to 64 years is calculated by dividing this age group by the total population.

Service Area Experience

Adults Age 21 to 64 Years

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Age Group	Number of Persons	Percent of Total Population
21 to 24 Years	37,786	4.9%
25 to 34 Years	112,785	14.8%
35 to 44 Years	101,930	13.3%
45 to 54 Years	99,471	13.0%
55 to 64 Years	99,158	13.0%
Total 21 to 64 Years	451,130	59.1%
Total Population	763,737	_

Note: Percentages rounded

Source: Claritas

Medical Insurance

<u>What's Being Measured</u> Adults age 18 to 64 years with health insurance the entire past year or only part of the past year.

How the Measure is Defined The percentage of adults with medical insurance includes persons with employment-based insurance, Medi-Cal or Healthy Families programs, privately purchased health insurance or other insurance. Uninsured persons include those without health insurance for all or part of the year. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful About 1 in 10 people in the United States don't have health insurance. People without health insurance are less likely to have a primary care provider and they may not be able to afford the health care services and medications they need. Strategies to increase insurance coverage rates are critical for making sure more people get important health care services, like preventive care and treatment for chronic illnesses.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of persons age 18 to 64 years with medical insurance to 100%.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



92% of adults age 18 to 64 years have medical insurance

Source of Ongoing Care

What's Being Measured Adults age 18 to 64 years with a specific source of ongoing care

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Specific sources of ongoing care may include any of the following: doctor's office/HMO/Kaiser, community, government or hospital clinic, emergency room/urgent care, health center facility, or some other place. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Access to care depends in part on access to an ongoing source of care. People with a usual source of health care are more likely than those without a usual source of care to receive a variety of preventive health care services. An estimated 15 percent of adults in the US lack a usual source of care; an estimated 7 percent of children age 17 years and under lack a specific source of ongoing care. Uninsured persons under age 65 years are more likely to lack a usual source of care than those who have either public or private health insurance.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of persons age 18 to 64 years who have a specific source of ongoing care to 89.4%

Note: The Healthy People 2020 objective excludes emergency rooms as a usual source of care.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



84.9% of adults age 18 to 64 years have a specific source of ongoing care

Healthy Weight and Obesity

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of adults age 20 to 64 years who are at a normal, healthy weight and those that are obese.

How the Measure is Defined Adults were asked their height and weight. These measures were used to calculate a BMI (or Body Mass Index). BMI is calculated by dividing weight (in kilograms) by height squared (in meters). A BMI from 0 to 18.49 is described as underweight, a BMI from 18.5 to 24.99 is described as normal, healthy weight; a BMI from 25.0 to 29.99 is described as overweight, and a BMI of 30.0 or higher is described as obese. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful About 2 in 5 adults and 1 in 5 children and adolescents in the United States are obese, and many others are overweight. Obesity is linked to many serious health problems, including Type 2 diabetes, heart disease, stroke, and some types of cancer. Some racial/ethnic groups are more likely to be obese, which increases the risk of chronic diseases.

Healthy People 2020 Objectives

Increase the proportion of adults age 20 years and older who are at a healthy weight to 33.9% (BMI of 18.5 to 24.99).

Reduce the proportion of adults age 20 years and older who are obese to 30.5% (BMI of 30 or more).

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



33.6% of adults age 20 to 64 years are at a healthy weight (rate is within 95% confidence interval)



33.0% of adults age 20 to 64 years are obese (rate is within 95% confidence interval)

High Blood Pressure

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of adults age 18 to 64 years who were ever diagnosed with high blood pressure.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Adults were asked "Has a doctor ever told you that you have high blood pressure?" Results are the sum of has/had high blood pressure and has/had borderline high blood pressure. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Many adults in the United States have high blood pressure, or hypertension. Controlling or lowering blood pressure can help prevent chronic kidney disease, heart attack, heart failure, and stroke. Screening for high blood pressure and taking steps to lower it through lifestyle changes – and medication when appropriate – can help keep blood pressure under control.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce the proportion of adults age 18 years and older with high blood pressure to 26.9%.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



23.1% of adults age 18 to 64 years diagnosed with high blood pressure

Tobacco Use

What's Being Measured The proportion of adults age 18 to 64 years who currently smoke cigarettes.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Adults were asked if they smoked cigarettes in the past 30 days. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Tobacco use is the leading preventable cause of death in the United States. Tobacco use is a major risk factor for heart disease, stroke, emphysema and cancers of the lung, pharynx, oral cavity, esophagus, pancreas and bladder. Some groups are more likely to use tobacco than others. Population level interventions to reduce tobacco use include price increases, mass media campaigns, and smoke-free policies.

<u>Healthy People 2020 Objective</u> Reduce cigarette smoking among adults age 18 years and older to 12% or less.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



6.0% of adults currently smoke cigarettes

Binge Drinking in Past Month

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of adults age 18 to 64 years who engaged in binge drinking in the past month.

How the Measure is Defined Adults were asked if engaged in binge drinking in the past 30 days. Binge drinking is defined differently for both males and females. For males, binge drinkers are those that have had five or more drinks on at least one occasion in the past month. For females, binge drinkers are those that have had four or more drinks on at least one occasion in the past month. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Binge drinking is a serious but preventable health problem. Binge drinking is the most common, costly, and deadly pattern of excessive alcohol use in the United States. Most people who binge drink do not have a severe alcohol use disorder. However, binge drinking is a harmful risk behavior associated with serious injuries and multiple diseases. It is also associated with an increased risk of alcohol use disorder.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce binge drinking among adults age 18 years and older to 24.3% or less.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



16.9% of adults engaged in binge drinking in the past month

Summary of Adult Health and Comparison to Healthy People 2020 Targets

Note: Findings are based on 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

When comparing adult health indicators in the SPA to Healthy People 2020 objectives, the SPA did not meet the objectives related to health access for: medical insurance (insured all or part of the year) and usual source of ongoing care. The SPA experience compared to Healthy People 2020 national objectives is summarized in the following table.

Summary of Adult Health Indicators

SPA 3 Compared to Los Angeles County, California and Healthy People 2020 Targets 2021

La disease	SPA 3		County	California	Target
Indicator	Rate	Status	Rate	Rate	Rate
Health Access					
Insured All or Part of Year Age 18 to 64 Years	92%	-	93%	94%	100%
Usual Source of Ongoing Care Age 18 to 64 Years	84.9%	-	81.2%	83.2%	89.4%
Health Behaviors					
Healthy Weight Age 20 to 64 Years	33.6%*	+	32.5%	34.3%	33.9%
Obese Age 20 to 64 Years	33.0%*	+	30.9%	29.6%	30.5%
Diagnosed with High Blood Pressure Age 18 to 64 Years	23.1%	+	19.2%	19.4%	26.9%
Currently Smoke Cigarettes Age 18 to 64 Years	6.0%	+	5.6%	6.8%	12.0%
Engaged in Binge Drinking in Past Month Age 18 to 64 Years	16.9%	+	20.8%	21.1%	24.3%

Notes:

*Healthy weight and obese are within 95% confidence intervals

Target rate is Healthy People 2020 objective

Section 10: Senior Health

This section includes:

- Demographic overview of seniors age 65 years and older in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area
- Findings from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3 benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 targets
- Senior health indicators in SPA 3 compared to Los Angeles County and California

Key used to summarize SPA 3 experiences benchmarked to Healthy People 2020 Targets:



Target Met
Target Not Met
Result is Statistically Unstable

<u>Detailed information – at the ZIP Code level – can be found in:</u>

Appendix C: Age Group Detail

Listing of Senior Centers located in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area can be found in:

Section 13: Health Care Facilities and Other Resources

Seniors Age 65 Years and Older

What's Being Measured Seniors 65 years of age and older.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> The percentage of the population 65 years and older is calculated by dividing this age group by the total population.

Service Area Experience

Seniors Age 65 Years and Older

USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Age Group	Number of Persons	Percent of Total Population
65 to 74 Years	73,964	9.7%
75 to 84 Years	37,972	5.0%
85 Years and Older	17,199	2.3%
Total 65 Years and Older	129,135	16.9%
Total Population	763,737	_

Note: Percentages rounded

Source: Claritas

Source of Ongoing Care

What's Being Measured Persons age 65 years and older with a specific source of ongoing care

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Specific sources of ongoing care may include any of the following: doctor's office/HMO/Kaiser, community, government or hospital clinic, emergency room/urgent care, health center facility, or some other place. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Access to care depends in part on access to an ongoing source of care. People with a usual source of health care are more likely than those without a usual source of care to receive a variety of preventive health care services. An estimated 15 percent of adults in the US lack a usual source of care.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Increase the proportion of persons age 65 years and older who have a specific source of ongoing care to 100%

Note: The Healthy People 2020 objective excludes emergency rooms as a usual source of care.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



94% of seniors age 65 years and older have a specific source of ongoing care

Healthy Weight and Obesity

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of seniors age 65 years and older who are at a normal, healthy weight and those that are obese.

How the Measure is Defined Adults were asked their height and weight. These measures were used to calculate a BMI (or Body Mass Index). BMI is calculated by dividing weight (in kilograms) by height squared (in meters). A BMI from 0 to 18.49 is described as underweight, a BMI from 18.5 to 24.99 is described as normal, healthy weight; a BMI from 25.0 to 29.99 is described as overweight, and a BMI of 30.0 or higher is described as obese. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful About 2 in 5 adults and 1 in 5 children and adolescents in the United States are obese, and many others are overweight. Obesity is linked to many serious health problems, including Type 2 diabetes, heart disease, stroke, and some types of cancer. Some racial/ethnic groups are more likely to be obese, which increases the risk of chronic diseases.

Healthy People 2020 Objectives

Increase the proportion of adults age 20 years and older who are at a healthy weight to 33.9% (BMI of 18.5 to 24.99).

Reduce the proportion of adults age 20 years and older who are obese to 30.5% (BMI of 30 or more).

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



45.5% of seniors age 65 years and older are at a healthy weight



27.6% of seniors age 65 years and older are obese

High Blood Pressure

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of seniors 65 years and older who were ever diagnosed with high blood pressure or high blood cholesterol.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Adults were asked "Has a doctor ever told you that you have high blood pressure?" Results are the sum of has/had high blood pressure and has/had borderline high blood pressure. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

<u>Why the Measurement is Helpful</u> Many adults in the United States have high blood pressure, or hypertension. Controlling or lowering blood pressure can help prevent chronic kidney disease, heart attack, heart failure, and stroke. Screening for high blood pressure and taking steps to lower it through lifestyle changes – and medication when appropriate – can help keep blood pressure under control.

<u>Healthy People 2020 Objective</u> Reduce the proportion of adults age 18 years and older with high blood pressure to 26.9%

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



50.0% of seniors age 65 years and older have high blood pressure

Tobacco Use

<u>What's Being Measured</u> The proportion of adults age 65 years and older who currently smoke cigarettes.

<u>How the Measure is Defined</u> Adults were asked if they smoked cigarettes in the past 30 days. Results are from the 2021 California Health Interview Survey.

Why the Measurement is Helpful Tobacco use is the leading preventable cause of death in the United States. Tobacco use is a major risk factor for heart disease, stroke, emphysema and cancers of the lung, pharynx, oral cavity, esophagus, pancreas and bladder. Some groups are more likely to use tobacco than others. Population level interventions to reduce tobacco use include price increases, mass media campaigns, and smoke-free policies.

Healthy People 2020 Objective Reduce cigarette smoking among adults age 18 years and older to 12% or less.

SPA 3 (San Gabriel Valley) Experience

Measurement Period 2021



1.7% of seniors age 65 years and older smoke cigarettes

Summary of Senior Health Indicators and Comparison to Healthy People 2020 Targets

Note: Findings are based on 2021 California Health Interview Survey for SPA 3

When comparing senior health indicators in the SPA to Healthy People 2020 objectives, the SPA did not meet the objectives related to health behaviors for: diagnosed with high blood pressure. The SPA experience compared to Healthy People 2020 national objectives is summarized in the table below.

Summary of Senior Health Indicators

SPA 3 Compared to Los Angeles County, California and Healthy People 2020 Targets 2021

Indicator	SPA 3		County	California	Target
indicator	Rate	Status	Rate	Rate	Rate
Health Access					
Usual Source of Ongoing Care	94%	*	94%	95%	100%
Age 65 Years and Older					
Health Behaviors					
Healthy Weight	45.5%	+	38.8%	37.5%	33.9%
Age 65 Years and Older	40.070	•	30.070	37.370	33.370
Obese	27.6%	+	26.9%	25.4%	30.5%
Age 65 Years and Older	21.0%		20.9%	23.4%	30.5%
Diagnosed with High Blood Pressure	50.0%	_	56.4%	54.6%	26.9%
Age 65 Years and Older	30.0%		30.4%	34.0%	20.9%
Currently Smoke Cigarettes	1.7%	*	3.3%	3.7%	12.0%
Age 65 Years and Older	1.1 /0		J.J/0	J.1 /0	12.0/0

Note:

Target rate is Healthy People 2020 objective Source: UCLA Center for Health Policy Research

Section 11: Community Consultation

This section includes:

- Overview of the community consultation process
- Analysis of the community consultation

Additional information regarding participants in the community consultation can be found in:

• Appendix D: Community Consultation Participants

Overview

The project consultant completed 13 telephone interviews (70 percent response rate) during December 2022. This timing was selected so as to obtain responses outside of a COVID-19 surge and/or recent vaccination/booster implementation, after the effective date of the hospital's affiliation with Keck Medicine of USC, and after the midterm elections.

Prior to conducting the interviews, leadership from USC Arcadia Hospital and the project consultant participated in the San Gabriel Valley Hospital Collaborative to develop a workplan related to gathering input from community stakeholders. In addition, the project consultant reviewed the findings from the community input for three participating hospitals in the collaborative to identify key themes.¹ These themes included: access to care (primary care, prevention services and screenings), chronic diseases, mental health, substance abuse, housing and homelessness, and COVID-19.

USC Arcadia Hospital leadership and staff identified 20 contacts for telephone interviews. Individuals selected for interviews represented Los Angeles County Department of Public Health, city/cities departments in the hospital service area, non-profit community-based health and social organizations serving populations such as the poor, seniors, and Chinese residents; physicians with clinical practices in the community, and a business owner. The project consultant recommended that the hospital use the same open-ended questions as applied in prior community health needs assessments, so as to obtain respondents opinions of important health issues, without favoring prompted questions related to COVID-19. Once individuals confirmed interest in participation, a letter – describing the purpose of the phone survey and the questions to be posed in the upcoming telephone interview – was distributed electronically (via email) to all contacts.

Those participating in the community consultation were asked to respond to the following questions:

- 1. In your opinion, what are the top three health issues in the San Gabriel Valley?
- 2. Are there specific neighborhood areas or populations affected by these health issues?
- 3. What specific actions should be undertaken to address these health issues?
- 4. What specific actions or collaborations could USC Arcadia Hospital undertake to address these community health issues?

¹ 2022 Community Health Needs Assessments posted online were reviewed for Huntington Hospital, Kaiser Foundation Hospital – Baldwin Park, and Pomona Valley Hospital Medical Center.

During the course of completing the telephone interviews, several respondents commented that their responses were developed from speaking to others in the organization, review of data, outreach and hearing concerns in the community.

Following completion of the interviews, responses were analyzed and summarized based on general concepts and common themes.

Community's Top Health Issues

The following were identified as the community's top health issues (based on frequency of overall mention):

- Access to health services
- Availability of mental health services
- Screening, care, and management of individual health

Each issue is discussed below.

Access to Health Services

Respondents participating in the community consultation identified the need for greater availability of physical – illness or accident related – health care services. These health needs include: access to primary care physicians as well as appointments with specialists in the community (as compared to inhospital emergency departments), and programs and services to address food insecurity and other social determinants of health such as language and culture.

Many of those participating in the community consultation also described the need for additional nurse staffing hospital-wide – an issue that is endemic across the entire San Gabriel Valley as well as all of Southern California. Staffing challenges were identified as more problematic for smaller hospitals that cannot easily pay higher wages like larger hospitals and health systems. Additionally, some of those participating in the community consultation expressed comments related to delays in the movement of patients: within the hospital – from emergency departments to inpatient beds (related to nurse staffing), from the hospital to the patient's home or skilled nursing facility (when a patient's physical condition no longer requires acute hospital care), and when patients need to access primary or specialty care at a physician office or clinic in the community.

Availability of Mental Health Services

Those participating in the community consultation identified a range of needed, but not readily available, mental health services, including social and emotional support accentuated by the COVID-19 pandemic and its associated mandates or personal practices of social isolation and masking. Mentioned specifically as needed mental health services were substance abuse rehabilitation centers, inpatient psychiatric beds, outpatient clinics, land long-term mental health care. Also identified as a critical need were resources to address the complicated needs of persons experiencing homelessness.

Screening, Care, and Management of Individual Health

Respondents participating in the community consultation identified the following health conditions as persistent across many years:

- Childhood asthma (leading cause of absenteeism among students)
- Cancers
- Hypertension
- Heart disease
- Diabetes
- Obesity
- Infectious diseases such as tuberculosis
- Mental health
- Substance abuse
- Arthritis
- Flu shots and vaccinations (including boosters for COVID-19)
- Physical activity in seniors

To effectively address some of these health conditions, key needs would include increased screening to improve disease identification, treatment, and management – plus greater adoption of healthy lifestyles that include exercise and healthy eating, education, and support.

Some respondents identified the need for increased availability of patient navigators to guide individuals after learning of a positive diagnosis related to breast cancer. Armed with a detailed understanding of available resources, navigators assist patients to obtain needed referrals to a variety of services including treatment and support groups, as well as transportation, in-home support services, disability insurance, and medication delivery.

Neighborhood Areas or Populations Most Affected by Health Issues

Those participating in the community consultation generally agreed that all persons in the San Gabriel Valley were affected by limited to access to physical health services and overall availability of mental health services. The basis for some of this reasoning related to the limited abilities of hospital emergency rooms – designed for severe accidents and illnesses, but not for individuals who experience mental health crises due to homelessness or problems with substance abuse. Access to mental health services also adversely affected Asian Americans where there is a stigma associated with care for individuals who are alone in the US without family or social support.

With regards to personal health and health conditions such as asthma, diabetes, and high blood pressure, some of those interviewed identified the unique needs of individuals with limited or no English proficiency, including Asians and Latinos; low-income families, seniors, and children exposed to tobacco smoke, pollution, or poor air quality (related to asthma).

Specific Actions Needed to Take to Address Health Issues

Participants in the community consultation suggested specific actions needed to take to address identified health issues:

Related to access to and availability of health services:

- Improved patient throughput at hospitals, via stronger discharge planning and increased nursing staff
- Teaching adult children how to care for elderly patients in the home (with phone access to nurses and physicians)
- More reasonable expectations of patients regarding hospital care
- Better access to outpatient care
- More collaboration among providers beyond hospitals to address social determinants of health
- More mental health professionals who practice in the San Gabriel Valley
- More case managers to work with homeless persons upon discharge from hospitals
- More resources that address key needs of the homeless community

Related to food insecurity:

More collaboration with multiple partners to make nutritious foods available to those in need

Related to management of individual health:

- Culturally and linguistically appropriate education (specifically to Asian Americans)
- Increased public reminders of the importance of exercise, healthy lifestyles, and early detection
- In-person or virtual health education programs, workshops, and support groups
- More educational materials mailed to households
- Increase formal education, beginning in elementary schools, related to healthy eating habits
- Pro-active about own health

Collaborative Roles or Actions USC Arcadia Hospital Could Take to Address Community Health Issues

Related to access to health services:

- Increased interpretation services for individuals with low English language proficiency
- More materials printed in Mandarin (and available through certain community organizations)
- Training of staff at community organizations to help patients navigate the health care system
- Increased nurse staffing and nurse management
- Social workers better trained to direct patients to available mental health services
- More mental health clinicians doing outreach
- Consider opening a mental health rehabilitation center

Related to food insecurity:

- Conduct screenings at the hospital and refer patients in need to agencies who provide healthy food
- Assist with the distribution of food to those in need

Related to management of individual health:

- Asthma Work with schools to learn more about student absenteeism; coordinate with health care providers
- Attend and host more community health fairs and other events
- Use social media to inform and to reduce misinformation
- Continue to offer lectures and education sessions at community centers
- Stronger coordination with local churches and temples, schools, PTAs, neighborhood clubs, and ethnic organizations
- More education in different languages
- Refer patients to Chinese nonprofit organizations for non-medical care and support services

Section 12: Priority Community Health Needs

This section includes:

- Description of the process and criteria used to identify priority community health needs
- Summary and description of priority community health needs

Process and Criteria Used

In preparing the community health needs assessment, USC Arcadia Hospital combined quantitative data about service area demographics, availability of health insurance, health access to and utilization of key services, health status, and health behaviors with qualitative data, including opinions of community leaders regarding important health issues in the community. Many who provided these opinions – including local health providers and representatives from Los Angeles County Departments of Public Health – are active locally in the community and offer valuable perspectives.

The following criteria were used to identify and prioritize significant health needs in the community:

- Healthy People 2020 targets not met
- Foci of Healthy People 2030
- Number of persons affected
- Identification and/or validation as an important health issue in the community consultations
- Identified by community organizations as an opportunity to work collaboratively to address health issue

Framework of Healthy People 2030

The United States Department of Health and Human Services launched Healthy People 2030, the fifth iteration of the Healthy People initiative. Healthy People 2030 was developed through a multi-year process with input from members of the public, public and private organizations, advisory committees comprised of federal and non-federal subject matter experts, and federal agencies such as National Center for Health Statistics. Healthy People 2030 features a framework that includes its vision, mission, foundational principles, and overarching goals. In addition, Healthy People 2030 has a new slate of 355 core objectives with targets, as well as 115 developmental and 40 new research objectives. The goals for this decade include the following:

- Attain healthy, thriving lives and well-being, free of preventable disease, disability, injury and premature death
- Eliminate health disparities, achieve health equity, and attain health literacy to improve the health and well-being of all
- Create social, physical, and economic environments that promote attaining full potential for health and well-being for all
- Promote healthy development, healthy behaviors, and well-being across all life stages
- Engage leadership, key constituents, and the public across multiple sectors to take action and design policies that improve the health and well-being of all

The Healthy People 2030 core objectives were selected based on the following criteria:

- National importance: Ability to have direct impact or influence on health, broad and comprehensive applicability, substantial burden, and national health priority
- Evidence base: Existing evidence of effective interventions to achieve the objective
- Disparities and equity: Assessment of health disparities with a focus on health equity

The Healthy People 2030 objectives are organized into various topic areas, as follows:

Health conditions

Listed alphabetically: addiction, arthritis, blood disorders, cancer, chronic kidney disease, chronic pain, dementias, foodborne illness, healthcare-associated infections, heart disease and stroke, infectious disease, mental health and mental disorders, oral conditions, osteoporosis, overweight and obesity, pregnancy and childbirth, respiratory disease, sensory or communication disorders, and sexually transmitted infections

Health behaviors

Listed alphabetically: child and adolescent development, drug and alcohol use, emergency preparedness, family planning, health communication, injury prevention, nutrition and healthy eating, physical activity, preventive care, safe food handling, sleep, tobacco use, vaccination, and violence prevention

Populations

Listed alphabetically: adolescents, children, infants, LGBT, men, older adults, parents or caregivers, people with disabilities, women, and workforce

Settings and systems

Listed alphabetically: community, environmental health, global health, health care, health insurance, health IT, health policy, hospital and emergency services, housing and homes, public health infrastructure, schools, transportation, and workplace

Social determinants of health

Listed alphabetically: economic stability, education access and quality, health care access and quality (such as emergency department wait times, adults who get recommended evidence-based preventive care, access to medical care when needed, access to prescription medicines when

needed, usual primary care provider, use of telehealth to improve access to health services, cancer screenings, health insurance, early and adequate prenatal care), neighborhood and built environment, and social and community context

Priority Community Health Needs

The following priority health needs were identified in the community health needs assessment:

- Access to health services
- Availability of mental health services
- Screening, care, and management of individual health

Dimensions of each of these priority health needs are highlighted below.

Demographics and other health status indicators identified particular populations in USC Arcadia Hospital service area and/or SPA 3 who are in need:

- Persons age 55 years and older
- Persons speaking an Asian language or dialect at home
- Uninsured persons under age 65 years
- Persons no usual source of ongoing care
- Seniors with high blood pressure

Access to Health Services

- Access to primary care physicians
- Appointments with specialists
- Programs and services to address food insecurity
- Hospital-related challenges additional nurse staffing and improved patient flow from emergency departments to inpatient beds and from inpatient beds to home, from where patients may access primary and specialty care services in the community

Availability of Mental Health Services

- Social and emotional support services
- Access to inpatient and outpatient mental health services
- Needs of persons experiencing homelessness

Screening, Care, and Management of Individual Health

- Childhood asthma (leading cause of absenteeism among students)
- Cancers
- Hypertension
- Heart disease

- Diabetes
- Obesity
- Infectious diseases such as tuberculosis
- Mental health
- Substance abuse
- Arthritis
- Flu shots and vaccinations (including boosters for COVID-19)
- Physical activity in seniors

Section 13: Health Care Facilities and Other Resources

This section includes:		

 Summary and listing of health care facilities and other resources located in the USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area

Health Care Facilities and Other Resources

In the ZIP codes comprising the hospital service area, there are 16 open hospitals (ten general acute care hospitals and two acute psychiatric hospitals) and 32 licensed free and community clinics. See page 3 of this section for **Summary of Health Care Facilities**, **by ZIP Code**.

There are 15 senior/community centers serving various cities and communities in the hospital service area. See page 5 of this section for **Summary of Senior Centers**, **by ZIP Code**.

Summary of Health Care Facilities (Hospitals and Community and Free Clinics), by ZIP Code

Facilities Located in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area

2022

				Facility	Hospita	al Detail	Status
Facility Name	Address	City	ZIP	License Category	EMS	Beds	
Hospital							
USC Arcadia Hospital	300 West Huntington Drive	Arcadia	91007	General Acute Care Hospital	Basic	348	Open
City of Hope Helford Clinical Research Hospital	1500 East Duarte Road	Duarte	91010	General Acute Care Hospital	None	217	Open
Monrovia Memorial Hospital	323 South Heliotrope Avenue	Monrovia	91016	General Acute Care Hospital	None	49	Open
Aurora Las Encinas Hospital, LLC	2900 East Del Mar Blvd.	Pasadena	91107	Acute Psychiatric Hospital	N/A	118	Open
Kaiser Foundation Hospital – Baldwin Park	1011 Baldwin Park Blvd.	Baldwin Park	91706	General Acute Care Hospital	Basic	272	Open
Kindred Hospital – Baldwin Park	14148 Francisquito Avenue	Baldwin Park	91706	General Acute Care Hospital	None	95	Open
Greater El Monte Community Hospital	1701 Santa Anita Avenue	South El Monte	91733	General Acute Care Hospital	Basic	117	Open
Glendora Hospital	150 West Route 66	Glendora	91740	Acute Psychiatric Hospital	N/A	63	Open
Emanate Health Foothill Presbyterian Hospital	250 South Grand Avenue	Glendora	91741	General Acute Care Hospital	Basic	105	Open
BHC Alhambra Hospital	4619 Rosemead Blvd.	Rosemead	91770	Acute Psychiatric Hospital	N/A	97	Open
L.A. Downtown Medical Center – Ingleside Campus	7500 East Hellman Avenue	Rosemead	91770	General Acute Care Hospital	None	118	Open
San Dimas Community Hospital	1350 West Covina Blvd.	San Dimas	91773	General Acute Care Hospital	None	101	Open
San Gabriel Valley Medical Center	438 West Las Tunas Drive	San Gabriel	91776	General Acute Care Hospital	Basic	273	Open
Kindred Hospital San Gabriel Valley	845 North Lark Ellen Avenue	West Covina	91790	General Acute Care Hospital	None	76	Open
West Covina Medical Center	725 South Orange Avenue	West Covina	91790	General Acute Care Hospital	None	46	Open
Alhambra Hospital Medical Center	100 South Raymond Avenue	Alhambra	91801	General Acute Care Hospital	Basic	144	Open
Community and Free Clinic							
Foothills Pregnancy Resource Center	924 Buena Vista St Ste 202	Duarte	91010	Free Clinic			Open
Mission City Community Network, Inc Monrovia	513 E Lime Avenue	Monrovia	91016	Community Clinic			Open
ChapCare Lime	513 E Lime Avenue	Monrovia	91016	Community Clinic			Open
Planned Parenthood of Pasadena	1045 North Lake Avenue	Pasadena	91104	Community Clinic			Open
ChapCare – Lake Elizabeth	1800 North Lake Avenue	Pasadena	91104	Community Clinic			Open
ChapCare – Del Mar	3160 East Del Mar Blvd.	Pasadena	91107	Community Clinic			Open
El Proyecto del Barrio – Azusa Clinic	150 North Azusa Avenue	Azusa	91702	Community Clinic			Open
El Proyecto del Barrio – Mobile Unit	150 North Azusa Avenue	Azusa	91702	Community Clinic			Open
El Proyecto del Barrio – Baldwin Park Comm Clinic	3942 Maine Avenue	Baldwin Park	91706	Community Clinic			Open
Central City Community Health Center, Inc.	4126 Maine Avenue	Baldwin Park	91706	Community Clinic			Open
Central City Community Health Center, Inc.	4160 Maine Avenue	Baldwin Park	91706	Community Clinic			Open
ChapCare Peck	3703 Peck Road	El Monte	91731	Community Clinic			Open

				Facility	Hospit	al Detail	Status
Facility Name	Address	City	ZIP	License Category	EMS	Beds	
Cleaver Family Wellness Clinic	4368 Santa Anita Avenue	El Monte	91731	Community Clinic			Open
Altamed Medical Group	10418 East Valley Blvd.	El Monte	91731	Community Clinic			Open
Altamed Senior Buenacare El Monte	10418 East Valley Blvd.	El Monte	91731	Community Clinic			Open
Planned Parenthood Los Angeles – El Monte Center	4786 North Peck Road	El Monte	91732	Community Clinic			Open
Southern California Medical Center	12100 Valley Blvd.	El Monte	91732	Community Clinic			Open
Central City Community Health Center, Inc.	10050 Garvey Avenue	El Monte	91733	Community Clinic			Open
ChapCare – Garvey	10127 Garvey Avenue	El Monte	91733	Community Clinic			Open
ChapCare Vacco	10408 Vacco Street	South El Monte	91733	Community Clinic			Open
ChapCare Mobile Medical Center	10408 Vacco Street	South El Monte	91733	Community Clinic			Open
Priority Care Medical Group – El Monte	3229 Santa Anita Avenue	South El Monte	91733	Community Clinic			Open
Garfield Health Center – Rosemead	7740 Garvey Avenue	Rosemead	91770	Community Clinic			Open
Herald Christian Health Center	8841 Garvey Avenue	Rosemead	91770	Community Clinic			Open
Planned Parenthood Glendora Health Center	130 West Route 66	Glendora	91790	Community Clinic			Open
AMH Comprehensive Medical Centers	316 East Las Tunas Drive	San Gabriel	91776	Community Clinic			Open
Herald Christian Health Center	923 South San Gabriel Blvd.	San Gabriel	91776	Community Clinic			Open
Pregnancy Help Center of San Gabriel Valley, Inc.	5626 North Rosemead Blvd.	Temple City	91780	Community Clinic			Open
Altamed Medical and Dental Group – West Covina	1300 South Sunset Avenue	West Covina	91790	Community Clinic			Open
CSC Community Health Center – San Gabriel Valley	320 South Garfield Avenue	Alhambra	91801	Community Clinic			Open
Buddhist Tzu Free Clinic and Mobile Clinic	1000 South Garfield Avenue	Alhambra	91801	Community Clinic			Open
Planned Parenthood – Alhambra Health Center	330 South Garfield Avenue	Alhambra	91801	Community Clinic			Open

Notes:

Data is updated as of June 30, 2022

EMS = Emergency Medical Services available at hospital facility; designation may be basic or comprehensive (noted as COMP)

Beds = Total number of beds

A **free clinic** is defined as a clinic operated by a tax-exempt, nonprofit corporation supported in whole or in part by voluntary donations, bequests, gifts, grants, government funds or contributions, that may in the form of money, goods, or services. Patients are not charged for services rendered or for drugs, medicines, appliances, or apparatuses furnished.

A **community clinic** is defined as a clinic operated by a tax-exempt corporation that is supported and maintained in whole or in part by donations, bequests, gifts, grants, government funds or contributions, that may be in the form of money, goods, or services. Any charges to the patient shall be based on the patient's ability to pay, utilizing a sliding fee scale.

Source: Department of Health Care Access and Information, Licensed Healthcare Facility Listing

Summary of Senior Centers, by ZIP Code

Facilities Located in USC Arcadia Hospital Service Area 2022

Name	Address	City	ZIP	Area Served
Senior Center				
Arcadia Community Center – Senior Services	365 Campus Drive	Arcadia	91006	City of Arcadia
Duarte Senior Center	1610 Huntington Drive	Duarte	91010	City of Duarte
Monrovia Community Center	119 West Palm Avenue	Monrovia	91016	City of Monrovia
Sierra Madre Multipurpose Senior Center	222 Sierra Madre Blvd.	Sierra Madre	91024	City of Sierra Madre
Pasadena Senior Multipurpose Senior Center	85 East Holly Street	Pasadena	91103	City of Pasadena
Azusa Senior Center	740 North Dalton Avenue	Azusa	91702	City of Azusa
Julia McNeill Senior Center	4100 Baldwin Park Blvd.	Baldwin Park	91706	City of Baldwin Park
El Monte Jack Crippen Multipurpose Senior Center	3120 North Tyler Avenue	El Monte	91731	City of El Monte
South El Monte Peter Schabarum MSC	1556 Central Avenue	South El Monte	91733	City of South El Monte
Glendora Senior Center	333 East Foothill Blvd.	Glendora	91741	City of Glendora
Rosemead Community Center	3936 North Muscatel Avenue	Rosemead	91770	City of Rosemead
City of San Dimas Senior Center	201 East Bonita Avenue	San Dimas	91773	City of San Dimas
San Gabriel Senior Services	324 South Mission Drive	San Gabriel	91776	City of San Gabriel
West Covina Senior Center	2501 East Cortez Street	West Covina	91791	City of West Covina
Joslyn Adult Recreation Center	210 North Chapel Avenue	Alhambra	91801	City of Alhambra

Sources: LA County 211.com and City websites located in the USC Arcadia Hospital service area.

USC Arcadia Hospital community health needs assessment 2022







APPENDIX

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Appendix A: Service Area Description

Table 1: Population (2022 and 2027)

	ZIP	Population	Population	5-Year Change	(2022 to 2027)
Community	Code	2022	2027	Number	Percent
Altadena	91001	35,958	35,961	3	0.0%
Arcadia	91006	32,371	32,607	236	0.7%
Arcadia	91007	33,631	33,782	151	0.4%
Bradbury	91008	1,292	1,300	8	0.6%
Duarte	91010	26,106	26,125	19	0.1%
Monrovia	91016	41,213	41,516	303	0.7%
Sierra Madre	91024	11,108	11,146	38	0.3%
Pasadena	91104	35,813	35,687	-126	-0.4%
Pasadena	91107	33,157	33,339	182	0.5%
Azusa	91702	62,488	63,263	775	1.2%
Baldwin Park	91706	75,739	75,708	-31	0.0%
El Monte	91731	29,426	29,565	139	0.5%
El Monte	91732	61,885	61,979	94	0.2%
South El Monte	91733	43,705	43,854	149	0.3%
Glendora	91741	26,726	26,997	271	1.0%
Rosemead	91770	62,129	62,205	76	0.1%
San Gabriel	91775	24,551	24,575	24	0.1%
San Gabriel	91776	38,463	38,590	127	0.3%
Temple City	91780	34,828	35,031	203	0.6%
Alhambra	91801	53,148	53,359	211	0.4%
USCAH Service Area	-	763,737	766,589	2,852	0.4%
Los Angeles County	-	10,018,350	10,096,071	77,721	0.8%

Table 2A: Race/Ethnicity (2022)

	ZIP	Total	White	Black	Am. Indian/	Asian	Pacific	Hispanic	Some	Two +
Community	Code	Population			Al Native		Islander		Other Race	Races
Altadena	91001	35,958	13,051	7,201	68	2,115	27	11,528	148	1,820
Arcadia	91006	32,371	6,500	341	59	19,976	22	4,710	27	736
Arcadia	91007	33,631	6,061	451	49	21,476	8	4,862	62	662
Bradbury	91008	1,292	556	34	1	349	0	299	2	51
Duarte	91010	26,106	4,974	1,612	62	4,469	25	14,263	68	633
Monrovia	91016	41,213	14,028	2,215	81	6,668	92	16,696	98	1,335
Sierra Madre	91024	11,108	7,125	274	34	1,212	10	2,017	36	400
Pasadena	91104	35,813	15,303	2,840	36	3,145	63	13,132	138	1,156
Pasadena	91107	33,157	13,757	1,645	53	7,914	23	8,522	107	1,136
Azusa	91702	62,488	7,928	1,325	132	6,992	90	45,184	63	774
Baldwin Park	91706	75,739	1,744	379	46	12,839	80	60,275	79	297
El Monte	91731	29,426	1,314	172	38	9,035	35	18,664	14	154
El Monte	91732	61,885	2,076	299	55	17,678	52	41,378	52	295
South El Monte	91733	43,705	1,018	84	42	8,753	23	33,564	83	138
Glendora	91741	26,726	14,995	353	46	2,950	16	7,384	59	923
Rosemead	91770	62,129	2,120	294	57	38,883	18	20,278	29	450
San Gabriel	91775	24,551	4,575	338	28	12,901	13	6,030	35	631
San Gabriel	91776	38,463	1,756	315	43	25,674	26	10,186	42	421
Temple City	91780	34,828	5,716	251	35	21,186	38	6,990	40	572
Alhambra	91801	53,148	4,464	890	60	30,043	29	16,736	61	865
USCAH Service Area	-	763,737	129,061	21,313	1,025	254,258	690	342,698	1,243	13,449
Los Angeles County	-	10,018,350	2,507,661	764,068	17,612	1,481,512	21,660	4,961,804	24,986	239,047

Table 2B: Percent Race/Ethnicity (2022)

	ZIP	Total	White	Black	Am. Indian/	Asian	Pacific	Hispanic	Some	Two +
Community	Code	Population			Al Native		Islander		Other Race	Races
Altadena	91001	35,958	36.3%	20.0%	0.2%	5.9%	0.1%	32.1%	0.4%	5.1%
Arcadia	91006	32,371	20.1%	1.1%	0.2%	61.7%	0.1%	14.6%	0.1%	2.3%
Arcadia	91007	33,631	18.0%	1.3%	0.1%	63.9%	0.0%	14.5%	0.2%	2.0%
Bradbury	91008	1,292	43.0%	2.6%	0.1%	27.0%	0.0%	23.1%	0.2%	3.9%
Duarte	91010	26,106	19.1%	6.2%	0.2%	17.1%	0.1%	54.6%	0.3%	2.4%
Monrovia	91016	41,213	34.0%	5.4%	0.2%	16.2%	0.2%	40.5%	0.2%	3.2%
Sierra Madre	91024	11,108	64.1%	2.5%	0.3%	10.9%	0.1%	18.2%	0.3%	3.6%
Pasadena	91104	35,813	42.7%	7.9%	0.1%	8.8%	0.2%	36.7%	0.4%	3.2%
Pasadena	91107	33,157	41.5%	5.0%	0.2%	23.9%	0.1%	25.7%	0.3%	3.4%
Azusa	91702	62,488	12.7%	2.1%	0.2%	11.2%	0.1%	72.3%	0.1%	1.2%
Baldwin Park	91706	75,739	2.3%	0.5%	0.1%	17.0%	0.1%	79.6%	0.1%	0.4%
El Monte	91731	29,426	4.5%	0.6%	0.1%	30.7%	0.1%	63.4%	0.0%	0.5%
El Monte	91732	61,885	3.4%	0.5%	0.1%	28.6%	0.1%	66.9%	0.1%	0.5%
South El Monte	91733	43,705	2.3%	0.2%	0.1%	20.0%	0.1%	76.8%	0.2%	0.3%
Glendora	91741	26,726	56.1%	1.3%	0.2%	11.0%	0.1%	27.6%	0.2%	3.5%
Rosemead	91770	62,129	3.4%	0.5%	0.1%	62.6%	0.0%	32.6%	0.0%	0.7%
San Gabriel	91775	24,551	18.6%	1.4%	0.1%	52.5%	0.1%	24.6%	0.1%	2.6%
San Gabriel	91776	38,463	4.6%	0.8%	0.1%	66.7%	0.1%	26.5%	0.1%	1.1%
Temple City	91780	34,828	16.4%	0.7%	0.1%	60.8%	0.1%	20.1%	0.1%	1.6%
Alhambra	91801	53,148	8.4%	1.7%	0.1%	56.5%	0.1%	31.5%	0.1%	1.6%
USCAH Service Area	-	763,737	16.9%	2.8%	0.1%	33.3%	0.1%	44.9%	0.2%	1.8%
Los Angeles County	-	10,018,350	25.0%	7.6%	0.2%	14.8%	0.2%	49.5%	0.2%	2.4%

Table 3A: Asian Population Detail (2022)

	ZIP	Asian				Asian		
Community	Code	Population	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Indian	Korean	Vietnamese
Altadena	91001	2,179	577	323	488	142	134	180
Arcadia	91006	20,050	13,233	1,283	454	729	734	371
Arcadia	91007	21,572	14,527	1,248	568	1,056	650	1,237
Bradbury	91008	357	217	34	8	27	4	13
Duarte	91010	4,556	2,126	1,601	158	171	91	100
Monrovia	91016	6,815	3,221	1,210	402	59	278	207
Sierra Madre	91024	1,238	769	32	189	25	54	9
Pasadena	91104	3,236	636	1,137	281	289	346	172
Pasadena	91107	8,019	3,929	1,183	306	457	562	398
Azusa	91702	7,194	2,785	2,559	246	197	390	274
Baldwin Park	91706	13,035	6,321	3,010	100	135	118	2,077
El Monte	91731	9,079	5,511	294	33	72	35	2,425
El Monte	91732	17,840	10,478	1,247	128	60	98	4,045
South El Monte	91733	8,826	4,337	257	7	5	69	3,614
Glendora	91741	2,999	1,121	659	171	410	107	141
Rosemead	91770	39,104	23,117	1,077	851	244	880	8,161
San Gabriel	91775	12,973	8,836	618	583	245	547	619
San Gabriel	91776	25,786	18,835	868	318	36	345	2,928
Temple City	91780	21,296	15,251	1,061	451	398	525	1,166
Alhambra	91801	30,281	20,061	1,490	520	610	993	2,769
USCAH Service Area	_	256,435	155,888	21,191	6,262	5,367	6,960	30,906
Los Angeles County	_	1,503,943	455,030	348,583	93,892	105,042	213,078	95,380

Table 3A: Asian Population Detail - continued (2022)

	ZIP	Asian					Other/Two or
Community	Code	Population	Cambodian	Hmong	Laotian	Thai	More Asian
Altadena	91001	2,179	16	1	2	118	198
Arcadia	91006	20,050	11	0	72	322	2,841
Arcadia	91007	21,572	120	0	0	122	2,044
Bradbury	91008	357	0	0	0	1	53
Duarte	91010	4,556	0	0	1	14	294
Monrovia	91016	6,815	84	0	5	97	1,252
Sierra Madre	91024	1,238	0	0	0	3	157
Pasadena	91104	3,236	4	1	2	86	282
Pasadena	91107	8,019	12	3	12	150	1,007
Azusa	91702	7,194	45	1	2	142	553
Baldwin Park	91706	13,035	268	1	11	119	875
El Monte	91731	9,079	68	1	5	33	602
El Monte	91732	17,840	219	0	105	51	1,409
South El Monte	91733	8,826	50	0	16	12	459
Glendora	91741	2,999	0	0	0	40	350
Rosemead	91770	39,104	474	0	21	109	4,170
San Gabriel	91775	12,973	24	0	11	177	1,313
San Gabriel	91776	25,786	295	1	0	120	2,040
Temple City	91780	21,296	92	8	7	149	2,188
Alhambra	91801	30,281	203	0	84	279	3,272
USCAH Service Area	-	256,435	1,985	17	356	2,144	25,359
Los Angeles County	_	1,503,943	31,898	1,093	2,783	26,113	131,051

Table 3B: Percent Asian Population Detail (2022)

	ZIP	Asian				Asian		
Community	Code	Population	Chinese	Filipino	Japanese	Indian	Korean	Vietnamese
Altadena	91001	2,179	26.5%	14.8%	22.4%	6.5%	6.1%	8.3%
Arcadia	91006	20,050	66.0%	6.4%	2.3%	3.6%	3.7%	1.9%
Arcadia	91007	21,572	67.3%	5.8%	2.6%	4.9%	3.0%	5.7%
Bradbury	91008	357	60.8%	9.5%	2.2%	7.6%	1.1%	3.6%
Duarte	91010	4,556	46.7%	35.1%	3.5%	3.8%	2.0%	2.2%
Monrovia	91016	6,815	47.3%	17.8%	5.9%	0.9%	4.1%	3.0%
Sierra Madre	91024	1,238	62.1%	2.6%	15.3%	2.0%	4.4%	0.7%
Pasadena	91104	3,236	19.7%	35.1%	8.7%	8.9%	10.7%	5.3%
Pasadena	91107	8,019	49.0%	14.8%	3.8%	5.7%	7.0%	5.0%
Azusa	91702	7,194	38.7%	35.6%	3.4%	2.7%	5.4%	3.8%
Baldwin Park	91706	13,035	48.5%	23.1%	0.8%	1.0%	0.9%	15.9%
El Monte	91731	9,079	60.7%	3.2%	0.4%	0.8%	0.4%	26.7%
El Monte	91732	17,840	58.7%	7.0%	0.7%	0.3%	0.5%	22.7%
South El Monte	91733	8,826	49.1%	2.9%	0.1%	0.1%	0.8%	40.9%
Glendora	91741	2,999	37.4%	22.0%	5.7%	13.7%	3.6%	4.7%
Rosemead	91770	39,104	59.1%	2.8%	2.2%	0.6%	2.3%	20.9%
San Gabriel	91775	12,973	68.1%	4.8%	4.5%	1.9%	4.2%	4.8%
San Gabriel	91776	25,786	73.0%	3.4%	1.2%	0.1%	1.3%	11.4%
Temple City	91780	21,296	71.6%	5.0%	2.1%	1.9%	2.5%	5.5%
Alhambra	91801	30,281	66.2%	4.9%	1.7%	2.0%	3.3%	9.1%
USCAH Service Area	-	256,435	60.8%	8.3%	2.4%	2.1%	2.7%	12.1%
Los Angeles County	-	1,503,943	30.3%	23.2%	6.2%	7.0%	14.2%	6.3%

Table 3B: Percent Asian Population Detail - continued (2022)

	ZIP	Asian					Other/Two or
Community	Code	Population	Cambodian	Hmong	Laotian	Thai	More Asian
Altadena	91001	2,179	0.7%	0.0%	0.1%	5.4%	9.1%
Arcadia	91006	20,050	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	1.6%	14.2%
Arcadia	91007	21,572	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	9.5%
Bradbury	91008	357	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	14.8%
Duarte	91010	4,556	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	6.5%
Monrovia	91016	6,815	1.2%	0.0%	0.1%	1.4%	18.4%
Sierra Madre	91024	1,238	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	12.7%
Pasadena	91104	3,236	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	2.7%	8.7%
Pasadena	91107	8,019	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	1.9%	12.6%
Azusa	91702	7,194	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	2.0%	7.7%
Baldwin Park	91706	13,035	2.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.9%	6.7%
El Monte	91731	9,079	0.7%	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%	6.6%
El Monte	91732	17,840	1.2%	0.0%	0.6%	0.3%	7.9%
South El Monte	91733	8,826	0.6%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	5.2%
Glendora	91741	2,999	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.3%	11.7%
Rosemead	91770	39,104	1.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	10.7%
San Gabriel	91775	12,973	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	1.4%	10.1%
San Gabriel	91776	25,786	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	7.9%
Temple City	91780	21,296	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.7%	10.3%
Alhambra	91801	30,281	0.7%	0.0%	0.3%	0.9%	10.8%
USCAH Service Area	-	256,435	0.8%	0.0%	0.1%	0.8%	9.9%
Los Angeles County	_	1,503,943	2.1%	0.1%	0.2%	1.7%	8.7%

Table 4A: Language Spoken at Home for Persons Five Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP	Population	English	Spanish	Asian or Pacific	European	Other
Community	Code	5+ Years	Only		Island Language	Language	Language
Altadena	91001	34,247	24,086	7,809	828	1,405	119
Arcadia	91006	31,054	11,984	2,432	15,225	1,209	204
Arcadia	91007	32,386	11,521	2,569	16,561	1,547	188
Bradbury	91008	1,254	738	117	276	72	51
Duarte	91010	24,756	10,692	10,035	3,145	596	288
Monrovia	91016	39,057	21,556	11,225	4,470	1,464	342
Sierra Madre	91024	10,649	8,665	668	982	321	13
Pasadena	91104	33,883	17,290	10,283	2,462	3,571	277
Pasadena	91107	31,638	17,565	5,614	5,103	3,012	344
Azusa	91702	58,490	23,994	28,745	4,769	789	193
Baldwin Park	91706	70,780	13,120	45,434	11,919	199	108
El Monte	91731	27,508	4,423	14,710	8,084	261	30
El Monte	91732	57,667	9,503	33,162	14,596	174	232
South El Monte	91733	40,427	6,056	25,656	8,433	267	15
Glendora	91741	25,670	18,943	3,114	2,095	773	745
Rosemead	91770	59,233	11,091	15,335	32,430	335	42
San Gabriel	91775	23,464	8,794	3,667	10,120	470	413
San Gabriel	91776	36,782	8,104	6,724	21,594	269	91
Temple City	91780	33,398	10,908	4,598	17,062	679	151
Alhambra	91801	50,902	14,229	12,008	23,404	971	290
USCAH Service Area	-	723,245	253,262	243,905	203,558	18,384	4,136
Los Angeles County	-	9,448,996	4,088,732	3,709,274	1,028,823	511,449	110,718

Table 4B: Percent Language Spoken at Home for Persons Five Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP	Population	English	Spanish	Asian or Pacific	European	Other
Community	Code	5+ Years	Only		Island Language	Language	Language
Altadena	91001	34,247	70.3%	22.8%	2.4%	4.1%	0.3%
Arcadia	91006	31,054	38.6%	7.8%	49.0%	3.9%	0.7%
Arcadia	91007	32,386	35.6%	7.9%	51.1%	4.8%	0.6%
Bradbury	91008	1,254	58.9%	9.3%	22.0%	5.7%	4.1%
Duarte	91010	24,756	43.2%	40.5%	12.7%	2.4%	1.2%
Monrovia	91016	39,057	55.2%	28.7%	11.4%	3.7%	0.9%
Sierra Madre	91024	10,649	81.4%	6.3%	9.2%	3.0%	0.1%
Pasadena	91104	33,883	51.0%	30.3%	7.3%	10.5%	0.8%
Pasadena	91107	31,638	55.5%	17.7%	16.1%	9.5%	1.1%
Azusa	91702	58,490	41.0%	49.1%	8.2%	1.3%	0.3%
Baldwin Park	91706	70,780	18.5%	64.2%	16.8%	0.3%	0.2%
El Monte	91731	27,508	16.1%	53.5%	29.4%	0.9%	0.1%
El Monte	91732	57,667	16.5%	57.5%	25.3%	0.3%	0.4%
South El Monte	91733	40,427	15.0%	63.5%	20.9%	0.7%	0.0%
Glendora	91741	25,670	73.8%	12.1%	8.2%	3.0%	2.9%
Rosemead	91770	59,233	18.7%	25.9%	54.7%	0.6%	0.1%
San Gabriel	91775	23,464	37.5%	15.6%	43.1%	2.0%	1.8%
San Gabriel	91776	36,782	22.0%	18.3%	58.7%	0.7%	0.2%
Temple City	91780	33,398	32.7%	13.8%	51.1%	2.0%	0.5%
Alhambra	91801	50,902	28.0%	23.6%	46.0%	1.9%	0.6%
USCAH Service Area	-	723,245	35.0%	33.7%	28.1%	2.5%	0.6%
Los Angeles County	_	9,448,996	43.3%	39.3%	10.9%	5.4%	1.2%

Table 5A: Highest Level of Education Completed for Persons 25 Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP	Population	Less than	Some HS, No Diploma	High School Graduate
Community	Code	25+ Years	9 th Grade		
Altadena	91001	26,112	1,637	968	4,100
Arcadia	91006	24,335	1,085	775	3,785
Arcadia	91007	26,034	1,286	1,049	4,056
Bradbury	91008	1,070	41	28	117
Duarte	91010	18,750	1,911	1,248	4,002
Monrovia	91016	29,514	1,753	1,356	5,900
Sierra Madre	91024	8,437	74	109	1,026
Pasadena	91104	25,681	2,648	1,377	4,369
Pasadena	91107	24,819	1,132	489	3,126
Azusa	91702	39,531	4,794	3,403	10,958
Baldwin Park	91706	49,469	10,070	5,973	14,779
El Monte	91731	19,853	5,039	2,840	5,438
El Monte	91732	40,679	9,875	5,650	11,012
South El Monte	91733	28,041	7,547	4,662	7,927
Glendora	91741	19,671	519	620	3,293
Rosemead	91770	45,779	9,865	4,571	11,907
San Gabriel	91775	18,064	1,224	768	3,125
San Gabriel	91776	29,206	4,169	2,707	8,395
Temple City	91780	26,368	2,225	1,329	5,517
Alhambra	91801	41,066	3,809	2,618	9,648
USCAH Service Area	-	542,479	70,703	42,540	122,480
Los Angeles County	-	7,007,980	834,521	587,714	1,447,798

Table 5B: Highest Level of Education Completed for Persons 25 Years and Older - Continued (2022)

	ZIP	Population	Some College,	Associate's	Bachelor's	Master's	Professional	Doctorate
Community	Code	25+ Years	no Degree	Degree	Degree	Degree	Degree	Degree
Altadena	91001	26,112	5,593	1,953	6,190	3,690	1,031	950
Arcadia	91006	24,335	3,845	2,290	7,819	3,339	845	552
Arcadia	91007	26,034	3,517	2,202	8,993	3,344	812	775
Bradbury	91008	1,070	190	127	328	107	74	58
Duarte	91010	18,750	4,390	1,624	3,396	1,478	327	374
Monrovia	91016	29,514	6,606	2,613	7,058	2,839	800	589
Sierra Madre	91024	8,437	1,209	820	2,839	1,549	454	357
Pasadena	91104	25,681	4,070	1,545	6,731	3,128	876	937
Pasadena	91107	24,819	4,064	1,890	8,039	3,889	1,247	943
Azusa	91702	39,531	8,250	3,252	6,114	2,011	497	252
Baldwin Park	91706	49,469	8,999	2,639	5,799	830	228	152
El Monte	91731	19,853	2,879	1,010	2,158	363	82	44
El Monte	91732	40,679	6,063	2,507	4,561	643	294	74
South El Monte	91733	28,041	3,591	1,219	2,350	555	133	57
Glendora	91741	19,671	4,274	2,018	5,229	2,617	757	344
Rosemead	91770	45,779	6,446	2,940	7,888	1,545	434	183
San Gabriel	91775	18,064	2,526	1,391	5,995	1,898	707	430
San Gabriel	91776	29,206	3,813	1,727	6,643	1,250	261	241
Temple City	91780	26,368	4,413	2,410	7,251	2,298	547	378
Alhambra	91801	41,066	6,498	2,903	10,570	3,534	945	541
USCAH Service Area	-	542,479	91,236	39,080	115,951	40,907	11,351	8,231
Los Angeles County	_	7,007,980	1,311,669	488,298	1,539,409	533,018	170,015	95,538

Table 5B: Percent Highest Level of Education Completed for Persons 25 Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP	Population	Less than	Some High School,	High School
Community	Code	25+ Years	9 th Grade	No Diploma	Graduate
Altadena	91001	26,112	6.3%	3.7%	15.7%
Arcadia	91006	24,335	4.5%	3.2%	15.6%
Arcadia	91007	26,034	4.9%	4.0%	15.6%
Bradbury	91008	1,070	3.8%	2.6%	10.9%
Duarte	91010	18,750	10.2%	6.7%	21.3%
Monrovia	91016	29,514	5.9%	4.6%	20.0%
Sierra Madre	91024	8,437	0.9%	1.3%	12.2%
Pasadena	91104	25,681	10.3%	5.4%	17.0%
Pasadena	91107	24,819	4.6%	2.0%	12.6%
Azusa	91702	39,531	12.1%	8.6%	27.7%
Baldwin Park	91706	49,469	20.4%	12.1%	29.9%
El Monte	91731	19,853	25.4%	14.3%	27.4%
El Monte	91732	40,679	24.3%	13.9%	27.1%
South El Monte	91733	28,041	26.9%	16.6%	28.3%
Glendora	91741	19,671	2.6%	3.2%	16.7%
Rosemead	91770	45,779	21.5%	10.0%	26.0%
San Gabriel	91775	18,064	6.8%	4.3%	17.3%
San Gabriel	91776	29,206	14.3%	9.3%	28.7%
Temple City	91780	26,368	8.4%	5.0%	20.9%
Alhambra	91801	41,066	9.3%	6.4%	23.5%
USCAH Service Area	-	542,479	13.0%	7.8%	22.6%
Los Angeles County	-	7,007,980	11.9%	8.4%	20.7%

Table 5B: Percent Highest Level of Education Completed for Persons 25 Years and Older - Continued (2022)

	ZIP	Population	Some College,	Associate's	Bachelor's	Master's	Professional	Doctorate
Community	Code	25+ Years	no Degree	Degree	Degree	Degree	Degree	Degree
Altadena	91001	26,112	21.4%	7.5%	23.7%	14.1%	3.9%	3.6%
Arcadia	91006	24,335	15.8%	9.4%	32.1%	13.7%	3.5%	2.3%
Arcadia	91007	26,034	13.5%	8.5%	34.5%	12.8%	3.1%	3.0%
Bradbury	91008	1,070	17.8%	11.9%	30.7%	10.0%	6.9%	5.4%
Duarte	91010	18,750	23.4%	8.7%	18.1%	7.9%	1.7%	2.0%
Monrovia	91016	29,514	22.4%	8.9%	23.9%	9.6%	2.7%	2.0%
Sierra Madre	91024	8,437	14.3%	9.7%	33.6%	18.4%	5.4%	4.2%
Pasadena	91104	25,681	15.8%	6.0%	26.2%	12.2%	3.4%	3.6%
Pasadena	91107	24,819	16.4%	7.6%	32.4%	15.7%	5.0%	3.8%
Azusa	91702	39,531	20.9%	8.2%	15.5%	5.1%	1.3%	0.6%
Baldwin Park	91706	49,469	18.2%	5.3%	11.7%	1.7%	0.5%	0.3%
El Monte	91731	19,853	14.5%	5.1%	10.9%	1.8%	0.4%	0.2%
El Monte	91732	40,679	14.9%	6.2%	11.2%	1.6%	0.7%	0.2%
South El Monte	91733	28,041	12.8%	4.3%	8.4%	2.0%	0.5%	0.2%
Glendora	91741	19,671	21.7%	10.3%	26.6%	13.3%	3.8%	1.7%
Rosemead	91770	45,779	14.1%	6.4%	17.2%	3.4%	0.9%	0.4%
San Gabriel	91775	18,064	14.0%	7.7%	33.2%	10.5%	3.9%	2.4%
San Gabriel	91776	29,206	13.1%	5.9%	22.7%	4.3%	0.9%	0.8%
Temple City	91780	26,368	16.7%	9.1%	27.5%	8.7%	2.1%	1.4%
Alhambra	91801	41,066	15.8%	7.1%	25.7%	8.6%	2.3%	1.3%
USCAH Service Area	-	542,479	16.8%	7.2%	21.4%	7.5%	2.1%	1.5%
Los Angeles County	-	7,007,980	18.7%	7.0%	22.0%	7.6%	2.4%	1.4%

Table 6A: Employment Status for Persons 16 Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP	Population	In Labor Force,	In Labor Force,	In Armed Forces	Not In
Community	Code	16+ Years	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force
Altadena	91001	29,843	18,758	984	31	10,070
Arcadia	91006	27,795	16,246	734	9	10,806
Arcadia	91007	29,267	16,588	600	2	12,077
Bradbury	91008	1,161	587	21	0	553
Duarte	91010	21,479	12,898	816	0	7,765
Monrovia	91016	33,729	21,916	1,151	1	10,661
Sierra Madre	91024	9,508	5,696	365	0	3,447
Pasadena	91104	29,213	18,162	691	9	10,351
Pasadena	91107	27,808	17,715	576	12	9,505
Azusa	91702	49,194	31,061	1,649	36	16,448
Baldwin Park	91706	58,998	36,110	1,980	0	20,908
El Monte	91731	23,223	12,711	982	1	9,529
El Monte	91732	48,126	29,146	1,395	72	17,513
South El Monte	91733	33,430	18,956	1,073	22	13,379
Glendora	91741	23,064	14,107	696	0	8,261
Rosemead	91770	52,149	29,693	1,266	29	21,161
San Gabriel	91775	20,660	11,943	440	0	8,277
San Gabriel	91776	32,625	19,424	953	7	12,241
Temple City	91780	29,863	17,346	496	21	12,000
Alhambra	91801	45,421	27,544	1,096	12	16,769
USCAH Service Area	-	626,556	376,607	17,964	264	231,721
Los Angeles County	-	8,147,099	5,022,023	280,200	6,354	2,838,522

Table 6B: Percent Employment Status for Persons 16 Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP	Population	In Labor Force,	In Labor Force,	In Armed Forces	Not In
Community	Code	16+ Years	Employed	Unemployed		Labor Force
Altadena	91001	29,843	62.9%	3.3%	0.1%	33.7%
Arcadia	91006	27,795	58.4%	2.6%	0.0%	38.9%
Arcadia	91007	29,267	56.7%	2.1%	0.0%	41.3%
Bradbury	91008	1,161	50.6%	1.8%	0.0%	47.6%
Duarte	91010	21,479	60.0%	3.8%	0.0%	36.2%
Monrovia	91016	33,729	65.0%	3.4%	0.0%	31.6%
Sierra Madre	91024	9,508	59.9%	3.8%	0.0%	36.3%
Pasadena	91104	29,213	62.2%	2.4%	0.0%	35.4%
Pasadena	91107	27,808	63.7%	2.1%	0.0%	34.2%
Azusa	91702	49,194	63.1%	3.4%	0.1%	33.4%
Baldwin Park	91706	58,998	61.2%	3.4%	0.0%	35.4%
El Monte	91731	23,223	54.7%	4.2%	0.0%	41.0%
El Monte	91732	48,126	60.6%	2.9%	0.1%	36.4%
South El Monte	91733	33,430	56.7%	3.2%	0.1%	40.0%
Glendora	91741	23,064	61.2%	3.0%	0.0%	35.8%
Rosemead	91770	52,149	56.9%	2.4%	0.1%	40.6%
San Gabriel	91775	20,660	57.8%	2.1%	0.0%	40.1%
San Gabriel	91776	32,625	59.5%	2.9%	0.0%	37.5%
Temple City	91780	29,863	58.1%	1.7%	0.1%	40.2%
Alhambra	91801	45,421	60.6%	2.4%	0.0%	36.9%
USCAH Service Area	-	626,556	60.1%	2.9%	0.0%	37.0%
Los Angeles County	-	8,147,099	61.6%	3.4%	0.1%	34.8%

Table 7: Occupation Type for Labor Force (2022)

	ZIP	Persons in	Number	of Persons in Lab	or Force	Percent	of Persons in Labo	or Force
Community	Code	Labor Force	White Collar	Blue Collar	Service	White Collar	Blue Collar	Service
Altadena	91001	18,374	12,709	2,298	3,367	69.2%	12.5%	18.3%
Arcadia	91006	16,047	12,643	1,534	1,870	78.8%	9.6%	11.7%
Arcadia	91007	15,848	12,418	1,475	1,955	78.4%	9.3%	12.3%
Bradbury	91008	575	464	35	76	80.7%	6.1%	13.2%
Duarte	91010	12,852	7,670	2,573	2,609	59.7%	20.0%	20.3%
Monrovia	91016	21,492	13,883	3,610	3,999	64.6%	16.8%	18.6%
Sierra Madre	91024	5,613	4,733	435	445	84.3%	7.7%	7.9%
Pasadena	91104	17,914	12,137	2,280	3,497	67.8%	12.7%	19.5%
Pasadena	91107	17,748	14,328	1,380	2,040	80.7%	7.8%	11.5%
Azusa	91702	30,459	15,860	8,114	6,485	52.1%	26.6%	21.3%
Baldwin Park	91706	35,641	14,743	12,078	8,820	41.4%	33.9%	24.7%
El Monte	91731	12,162	5,083	4,194	2,885	41.8%	34.5%	23.7%
El Monte	91732	28,677	10,564	10,588	7,525	36.8%	36.9%	26.2%
South El Monte	91733	18,552	7,131	7,271	4,150	38.4%	39.2%	22.4%
Glendora	91741	13,828	9,809	1,911	2,108	70.9%	13.8%	15.2%
Rosemead	91770	29,162	15,277	6,862	7,023	52.4%	23.5%	24.1%
San Gabriel	91775	11,766	8,603	1,398	1,765	73.1%	11.9%	15.0%
San Gabriel	91776	19,175	10,647	3,681	4,847	55.5%	19.2%	25.3%
Temple City	91780	17,396	12,034	2,506	2,856	69.2%	14.4%	16.4%
Alhambra	91801	27,091	18,053	3,895	5,143	66.6%	14.4%	19.0%
USCAH Service Area	-	370,372	218,789	78,118	73,465	59.1%	21.1%	19.8%
Los Angeles County	-	4,935,217	2,957,501	1,022,184	955,532	59.9%	20.7%	19.4%

Table 8: Households (2022 and 2027)

	ZIP	Households	Households	5-Year Change	(2022 to 2027)
Community	Code	2022	2027	Number	Percent
Altadena	91001	12,672	12,699	27	0.2%
Arcadia	91006	10,850	10,913	63	0.6%
Arcadia	91007	11,734	11,751	17	0.1%
Bradbury	91008	496	499	3	0.6%
Duarte	91010	8,070	8,094	24	0.3%
Monrovia	91016	15,366	15,526	160	1.0%
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	4,909	15	0.3%
Pasadena	91104	12,781	12,776	-5	0.0%
Pasadena	91107	13,185	13,280	95	0.7%
Azusa	91702	16,648	16,940	292	1.8%
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	17,361	11	0.1%
El Monte	91731	7,993	8,057	64	0.8%
El Monte	91732	14,986	15,035	49	0.3%
South El Monte	91733	9,981	10,045	64	0.6%
Glendora	91741	9,415	9,546	131	1.4%
Rosemead	91770	16,726	16,781	55	0.3%
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	8,442	10	0.1%
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	11,850	42	0.4%
Temple City	91780	11,366	11,403	37	0.3%
Alhambra	91801	19,657	19,807	150	0.8%
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	235,714	1,304	0.6%
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	3,336,723	27,145	0.8%

Table 9A: Group Quarters Population (2022)

Community	ZIP Code	Group Quarters Population	College/Univ Student Housing	Military Quarters	Other Non- Institutional Facilities	Correction Facilities for Adults	Juvenile Facilities	Nursing Home	Other Institutional Facilities
Altadena	91001	363	0	0	216	0	143	4	0
Arcadia	91006	13	0	0	9	0	0	4	0
Arcadia	91007	1,134	0	0	673	0	0	458	3
Bradbury	91008	35	0	0	0	0	0	35	0
Duarte	91010	632	0	0	58	0	0	574	0
Monrovia	91016	173	0	0	70	16	4	83	0
Sierra Madre	91024	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Pasadena	91104	717	155	0	471	0	11	80	0
Pasadena	91107	217	0	0	124	0	19	50	24
Azusa	91702	2,612	2,297	0	97	97	20	101	0
Baldwin Park	91706	441	0	0	109	0	44	288	0
El Monte	91731	231	0	0	63	0	60	108	0
El Monte	91732	652	0	0	216	63	30	343	0
South El Monte	91733	236	0	0	106	0	0	119	11
Glendora	91741	655	592	0	40	0	0	23	0
Rosemead	91770	720	62	0	79	0	72	507	0
San Gabriel	91775	163	0	0	5	0	0	158	0
San Gabriel	91776	314	0	0	34	0	5	256	19
Temple City	91780	265	0	0	25	0	5	235	0
Alhambra	91801	429	30	0	87	29	0	283	0
USCAH Service Area	-	10,003	3,136	0	2,483	205	413	3,709	57
Los Angeles County	-	181,912	54,560	23	54,498	28,031	5,014	37,464	2,322

Table 9B: Percent Group Quarters Population (2022)

		Group	College/Univ	Military	Other Non-	Correction	Juvenile	Nursing	Other
Community	ZIP	Quarters	Student	Quarters	Institutional	Facilities	Facilities	Home	Institutional
	Code	Population	Housing		Facilities	for Adults			Facilities
Altadena	91001	363	0.0%	0.0%	59.5%	0.0%	39.4%	1.1%	0.0%
Arcadia	91006	13	0.0%	0.0%	69.2%	0.0%	0.0%	30.8%	0.0%
Arcadia	91007	1,134	0.0%	0.0%	59.3%	0.0%	0.0%	40.4%	0.3%
Bradbury	91008	35	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%
Duarte	91010	632	0.0%	0.0%	9.2%	0.0%	0.0%	90.8%	0.0%
Monrovia	91016	173	0.0%	0.0%	40.5%	9.2%	2.3%	48.0%	0.0%
Sierra Madre	91024	1	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Pasadena	91104	717	21.6%	0.0%	65.7%	0.0%	1.5%	11.2%	0.0%
Pasadena	91107	217	0.0%	0.0%	57.1%	0.0%	8.8%	23.0%	11.1%
Azusa	91702	2,612	87.9%	0.0%	3.7%	3.7%	0.8%	3.9%	0.0%
Baldwin Park	91706	441	0.0%	0.0%	24.7%	0.0%	10.0%	65.3%	0.0%
El Monte	91731	231	0.0%	0.0%	27.3%	0.0%	26.0%	46.8%	0.0%
El Monte	91732	652	0.0%	0.0%	33.1%	9.7%	4.6%	52.6%	0.0%
South El Monte	91733	236	0.0%	0.0%	44.9%	0.0%	0.0%	50.4%	4.7%
Glendora	91741	655	90.4%	0.0%	6.1%	0.0%	0.0%	3.5%	0.0%
Rosemead	91770	720	8.6%	0.0%	11.0%	0.0%	10.0%	70.4%	0.0%
San Gabriel	91775	163	0.0%	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	0.0%	96.9%	0.0%
San Gabriel	91776	314	0.0%	0.0%	10.8%	0.0%	1.6%	81.5%	6.1%
Temple City	91780	265	0.0%	0.0%	9.4%	0.0%	1.9%	88.7%	0.0%
Alhambra	91801	429	7.0%	0.0%	20.3%	6.8%	0.0%	66.0%	0.0%
USCAH Service Area	-	10,003	31.4%	0.0%	24.8%	2.0%	4.1%	37.1%	0.6%
Los Angeles County	-	181,912	30.0%	0.0%	30.0%	15.4%	2.8%	20.6%	1.3%

Table 10A: Household Size (2022)

	ZIP	Total							7 or more
Community	Code	Households	1-Person	2-Persons	3-Persons	4-Persons	5-Persons	6-Persons	Persons
Altadena	91001	12,672	2,841	3,921	2,316	1,879	848	443	424
Arcadia	91006	10,850	1,733	3,110	2,309	2,097	954	411	236
Arcadia	91007	11,734	2,620	3,317	2,353	2,008	871	344	221
Bradbury	91008	496	156	153	65	61	32	15	14
Duarte	91010	8,070	1,826	2,035	1,310	1,160	760	422	557
Monrovia	91016	15,366	4,058	4,535	2,658	2,190	1,078	488	359
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	1,607	1,696	735	544	218	63	31
Pasadena	91104	12,781	3,411	3,596	2,114	1,910	892	439	419
Pasadena	91107	13,185	3,711	4,236	2,255	1,757	730	312	184
Azusa	91702	16,648	2,754	3,570	2,766	2,746	1,988	1,244	1,580
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	1,516	2,567	2,788	3,297	2,711	1,810	2,661
El Monte	91731	7,993	1,277	1,696	1,259	1,319	1,003	616	823
El Monte	91732	14,986	1,517	2,466	2,512	2,857	2,337	1,439	1,858
South El Monte	91733	9,981	799	1,403	1,590	1,976	1,652	1,112	1,449
Glendora	91741	9,415	1,922	2,960	1,726	1,635	760	273	139
Rosemead	91770	16,726	2,135	3,385	3,213	3,133	2,116	1,299	1,445
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	1,628	2,403	1,688	1,541	682	300	190
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	1,958	2,917	2,468	2,013	1,128	686	638
Temple City	91780	11,366	1,995	3,030	2,402	2,049	1,010	493	387
Alhambra	91801	19,657	4,858	5,769	3,933	2,743	1,320	623	411
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	44,322	58,765	42,460	38,915	23,090	12,832	14,026
Los Angeles County	_	3,309,578	811,673	863,293	541,687	486,788	289,742	153,619	162,776

Table 10B: Percent Household Size (2022)

	ZIP	Total							7 or more
Community	Code	Households	1-Person	2-Persons	3-Persons	4-Persons	5-Persons	6-Persons	Persons
Altadena	91001	12,672	22.4%	30.9%	18.3%	14.8%	6.7%	3.5%	3.3%
Arcadia	91006	10,850	16.0%	28.7%	21.3%	19.3%	8.8%	3.8%	2.2%
Arcadia	91007	11,734	22.3%	28.3%	20.1%	17.1%	7.4%	2.9%	1.9%
Bradbury	91008	496	31.5%	30.8%	13.1%	12.3%	6.5%	3.0%	2.8%
Duarte	91010	8,070	22.6%	25.2%	16.2%	14.4%	9.4%	5.2%	6.9%
Monrovia	91016	15,366	26.4%	29.5%	17.3%	14.3%	7.0%	3.2%	2.3%
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	32.8%	34.7%	15.0%	11.1%	4.5%	1.3%	0.6%
Pasadena	91104	12,781	26.7%	28.1%	16.5%	14.9%	7.0%	3.4%	3.3%
Pasadena	91107	13,185	28.1%	32.1%	17.1%	13.3%	5.5%	2.4%	1.4%
Azusa	91702	16,648	16.5%	21.4%	16.6%	16.5%	11.9%	7.5%	9.5%
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	8.7%	14.8%	16.1%	19.0%	15.6%	10.4%	15.3%
El Monte	91731	7,993	16.0%	21.2%	15.8%	16.5%	12.5%	7.7%	10.3%
El Monte	91732	14,986	10.1%	16.5%	16.8%	19.1%	15.6%	9.6%	12.4%
South El Monte	91733	9,981	8.0%	14.1%	15.9%	19.8%	16.6%	11.1%	14.5%
Glendora	91741	9,415	20.4%	31.4%	18.3%	17.4%	8.1%	2.9%	1.5%
Rosemead	91770	16,726	12.8%	20.2%	19.2%	18.7%	12.7%	7.8%	8.6%
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	19.3%	28.5%	20.0%	18.3%	8.1%	3.6%	2.3%
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	16.6%	24.7%	20.9%	17.0%	9.6%	5.8%	5.4%
Temple City	91780	11,366	17.6%	26.7%	21.1%	18.0%	8.9%	4.3%	3.4%
Alhambra	91801	19,657	24.7%	29.3%	20.0%	14.0%	6.7%	3.2%	2.1%
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	18.9%	25.1%	18.1%	16.6%	9.9%	5.5%	6.0%
Los Angeles County	_	3,309,578	24.5%	26.1%	16.4%	14.7%	8.8%	4.6%	4.9%

Table 11: Households by Presence of Children Under 18 Years (2022)

	ZIP	Total	Nu	mber	Pe	rcent
Community	Code	Households	Children Present	No Children Present	Children Present	No Children Present
Altadena	91001	12,672	4,434	8,238	35.0%	65.0%
Arcadia	91006	10,850	4,230	6,620	39.0%	61.0%
Arcadia	91007	11,734	4,119	7,615	35.1%	64.9%
Bradbury	91008	496	103	393	20.8%	79.2%
Duarte	91010	8,070	3,030	5,040	37.5%	62.5%
Monrovia	91016	15,366	5,350	10,016	34.8%	65.2%
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	1,227	3,667	25.1%	74.9%
Pasadena	91104	12,781	4,322	8,459	33.8%	66.2%
Pasadena	91107	13,185	3,719	9,466	28.2%	71.8%
Azusa	91702	16,648	8,001	8,647	48.1%	51.9%
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	10,072	7,278	58.1%	41.9%
El Monte	91731	7,993	3,673	4,320	46.0%	54.0%
El Monte	91732	14,986	8,053	6,933	53.7%	46.3%
South El Monte	91733	9,981	5,829	4,152	58.4%	41.6%
Glendora	91741	9,415	3,345	6,070	35.5%	64.5%
Rosemead	91770	16,726	7,196	9,530	43.0%	57.0%
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	3,134	5,298	37.2%	62.8%
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	4,330	7,478	36.7%	63.3%
Temple City	91780	11,366	4,270	7,096	37.6%	62.4%
Alhambra	91801	19,657	5,958	13,699	30.3%	69.7%
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	94,395	140,015	40.3%	59.7%
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	1,240,906	2,068,672	37.5%	62.5%

Table 12A: Households by Income Group (2022)

	ZIP	Total	Under	\$15,000 to	\$25,000 to	\$35,000 to	\$50,000 to	\$75,000 to
Community	Code	Households	\$15,000	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	\$74,999	\$99,999
Altadena	91001	12,672	579	577	507	710	1,533	1,400
Arcadia	91006	10,850	559	507	471	706	1,305	1,093
Arcadia	91007	11,734	1,045	446	570	1,036	1,462	1,407
Bradbury	91008	496	23	19	16	23	77	67
Duarte	91010	8,070	687	473	408	802	1,166	1,053
Monrovia	91016	15,366	870	853	1,017	1,416	2,136	1,983
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	279	154	103	375	500	552
Pasadena	91104	12,781	1,264	932	633	878	1,652	1,425
Pasadena	91107	13,185	723	436	499	791	1,500	1,551
Azusa	91702	16,648	833	815	1,151	1,659	3,052	2,488
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	1,037	1,421	1,191	1,934	3,000	2,789
El Monte	91731	7,993	884	1,007	858	1,049	1,452	1,036
El Monte	91732	14,986	1,280	1,234	1,278	2,281	3,062	2,092
South El Monte	91733	9,981	708	1,113	942	1,382	1,867	1,462
Glendora	91741	9,415	430	425	424	756	976	816
Rosemead	91770	16,726	1,154	1,402	1,351	2,079	3,048	2,446
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	657	351	469	709	922	991
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	989	859	989	1,457	1,985	1,593
Temple City	91780	11,366	716	668	718	1,093	1,548	1,451
Alhambra	91801	19,657	1,798	1,700	1,290	1,957	3,299	2,335
USCAH Service Area	_	234,410	16,515	15,392	14,885	23,093	35,542	30,030
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	279,841	231,488	221,684	329,494	486,403	400,779

Table 12A: Households by Income Group - continued (2022)

	ZIP	Total	\$100,000 to	\$125,000 to	\$150,000 to	\$200,000 to	\$250,000 to	\$500,000
Community	Code	Households	\$124,999	\$149,999	\$199,999	\$249,999	\$499,999	and Over
Altadena	91001	12,672	1,220	1,062	1,629	1,122	1,370	963
Arcadia	91006	10,850	1,150	989	1,337	891	1,113	729
Arcadia	91007	11,734	1,346	1,110	1,235	751	857	469
Bradbury	91008	496	40	27	50	37	57	60
Duarte	91010	8,070	877	706	890	535	358	115
Monrovia	91016	15,366	1,740	1,400	1,610	890	971	480
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	521	445	539	400	573	453
Pasadena	91104	12,781	1,127	913	1,330	853	1,090	684
Pasadena	91107	13,185	1,310	1,070	1,710	1,168	1,482	945
Azusa	91702	16,648	2,134	1,654	1,452	722	519	169
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	2,047	1,424	1,355	617	422	113
El Monte	91731	7,993	679	406	350	152	94	26
El Monte	91732	14,986	1,321	719	935	480	243	61
South El Monte	91733	9,981	933	618	540	259	123	34
Glendora	91741	9,415	966	1,039	1,244	713	973	653
Rosemead	91770	16,726	1,624	1,203	1,190	595	468	166
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	925	740	983	564	713	408
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	1,203	930	901	484	319	99
Temple City	91780	11,366	1,217	990	1,309	735	675	246
Alhambra	91801	19,657	1,868	1,570	1,714	869	870	387
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	24,248	19,015	22,303	12,837	13,290	7,260
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	326,334	256,147	294,409	169,651	190,151	123,197

Table 12B: Percent Households by Income Group (2022)

	ZIP	Total	Under	\$15,000 to	\$25,000 to	\$35,000 to	\$50,000 to	\$75,000 to
Community	Code	Households	\$15,000	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	\$74,999	\$99,999
Altadena	91001	12,672	4.6%	4.6%	4.0%	5.6%	12.1%	11.0%
Arcadia	91006	10,850	5.2%	4.7%	4.3%	6.5%	12.0%	10.1%
Arcadia	91007	11,734	8.9%	3.8%	4.9%	8.8%	12.5%	12.0%
Bradbury	91008	496	4.6%	3.8%	3.2%	4.6%	15.5%	13.5%
Duarte	91010	8,070	8.5%	5.9%	5.1%	9.9%	14.4%	13.0%
Monrovia	91016	15,366	5.7%	5.6%	6.6%	9.2%	13.9%	12.9%
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	5.7%	3.1%	2.1%	7.7%	10.2%	11.3%
Pasadena	91104	12,781	9.9%	7.3%	5.0%	6.9%	12.9%	11.1%
Pasadena	91107	13,185	5.5%	3.3%	3.8%	6.0%	11.4%	11.8%
Azusa	91702	16,648	5.0%	4.9%	6.9%	10.0%	18.3%	14.9%
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	6.0%	8.2%	6.9%	11.1%	17.3%	16.1%
El Monte	91731	7,993	11.1%	12.6%	10.7%	13.1%	18.2%	13.0%
El Monte	91732	14,986	8.5%	8.2%	8.5%	15.2%	20.4%	14.0%
South El Monte	91733	9,981	7.1%	11.2%	9.4%	13.8%	18.7%	14.6%
Glendora	91741	9,415	4.6%	4.5%	4.5%	8.0%	10.4%	8.7%
Rosemead	91770	16,726	6.9%	8.4%	8.1%	12.4%	18.2%	14.6%
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	7.8%	4.2%	5.6%	8.4%	10.9%	11.8%
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	8.4%	7.3%	8.4%	12.3%	16.8%	13.5%
Temple City	91780	11,366	6.3%	5.9%	6.3%	9.6%	13.6%	12.8%
Alhambra	91801	19,657	9.1%	8.6%	6.6%	10.0%	16.8%	11.9%
USCAH Service Area	_	234,410	7.0%	6.6%	6.3%	9.9%	15.2%	12.8%
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	8.5%	7.0%	6.7%	10.0%	14.7%	12.1%

Table 12B: Percent Households by Income Group - continued (2022)

	ZIP	Total	\$100,000 to	\$125,000 to	\$150,000 to	\$200,000 to	\$250,000 to	\$500,000
Community	Code	Households	\$124,999	\$149,999	\$199,999	\$249,999	\$499,999	and Over
Altadena	91001	12,672	9.6%	8.4%	12.9%	8.9%	10.8%	7.6%
Arcadia	91006	10,850	10.6%	9.1%	12.3%	8.2%	10.3%	6.7%
Arcadia	91007	11,734	11.5%	9.5%	10.5%	6.4%	7.3%	4.0%
Bradbury	91008	496	8.1%	5.4%	10.1%	7.5%	11.5%	12.1%
Duarte	91010	8,070	10.9%	8.7%	11.0%	6.6%	4.4%	1.4%
Monrovia	91016	15,366	11.3%	9.1%	10.5%	5.8%	6.3%	3.1%
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	10.6%	9.1%	11.0%	8.2%	11.7%	9.3%
Pasadena	91104	12,781	8.8%	7.1%	10.4%	6.7%	8.5%	5.4%
Pasadena	91107	13,185	9.9%	8.1%	13.0%	8.9%	11.2%	7.2%
Azusa	91702	16,648	12.8%	9.9%	8.7%	4.3%	3.1%	1.0%
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	11.8%	8.2%	7.8%	3.6%	2.4%	0.7%
El Monte	91731	7,993	8.5%	5.1%	4.4%	1.9%	1.2%	0.3%
El Monte	91732	14,986	8.8%	4.8%	6.2%	3.2%	1.6%	0.4%
South El Monte	91733	9,981	9.3%	6.2%	5.4%	2.6%	1.2%	0.3%
Glendora	91741	9,415	10.3%	11.0%	13.2%	7.6%	10.3%	6.9%
Rosemead	91770	16,726	9.7%	7.2%	7.1%	3.6%	2.8%	1.0%
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	11.0%	8.8%	11.7%	6.7%	8.5%	4.8%
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	10.2%	7.9%	7.6%	4.1%	2.7%	0.8%
Temple City	91780	11,366	10.7%	8.7%	11.5%	6.5%	5.9%	2.2%
Alhambra	91801	19,657	9.5%	8.0%	8.7%	4.4%	4.4%	2.0%
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	10.3%	8.1%	9.5%	5.5%	5.7%	3.1%
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	9.9%	7.7%	8.9%	5.1%	5.7%	3.7%

Table 13: Average Household Size and Average Household Income (2022)

	ZIP	Total	Average		Average
Community	Code	Households	Household Size	Hou	sehold Income
Altadena	91001	12,672	2.81	\$	166,838
Arcadia	91006	10,850	2.98	\$	159,202
Arcadia	91007	11,734	2.77	\$	131,200
Bradbury	91008	496	2.53	\$	184,251
Duarte	91010	8,070	3.16	\$	109,967
Monrovia	91016	15,366	2.67	\$	123,331
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	2.27	\$	175,832
Pasadena	91104	12,781	2.75	\$	136,849
Pasadena	91107	13,185	2.50	\$	166,186
Azusa	91702	16,648	3.60	\$	101,787
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	4.34	\$	92,129
El Monte	91731	7,993	3.65	\$	69,166
El Monte	91732	14,986	4.09	\$	78,772
South El Monte	91733	9,981	4.36	\$	76,493
Glendora	91741	9,415	2.77	\$	161,601
Rosemead	91770	16,726	3.67	\$	90,589
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	2.89	\$	139,982
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	3.23	\$	91,014
Temple City	91780	11,366	3.04	\$	118,563
Alhambra	91801	19,657	2.68	\$	102,675
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	3.22	\$	117,329
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	2.97	\$	117,613

Table 14A: Age Group of Head of Household (2022)

Community	ZIP Code	Total	15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 to 84	85+ Years
		Households	Years							
Altadena	91001	12,672	179	1,159	1,674	2,280	3,021	2,503	1,344	512
Arcadia	91006	10,850	140	1,121	1,496	2,026	2,632	1,927	1,063	445
Arcadia	91007	11,734	194	1,177	1,658	2,239	2,636	1,873	1,123	834
Bradbury	91008	496	1	29	42	50	97	89	73	115
Duarte	91010	8,070	74	831	1,275	1,493	1,625	1,508	830	434
Monrovia	91016	15,366	256	2,012	2,646	3,059	3,190	2,441	1,231	531
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	87	413	543	832	1,148	1,041	580	250
Pasadena	91104	12,781	244	1,443	2,176	2,541	2,688	2,057	1,062	570
Pasadena	91107	13,185	275	1,406	2,231	2,563	2,565	2,192	1,286	667
Azusa	91702	16,648	491	2,449	3,442	3,462	3,140	2,195	1,090	379
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	281	2,453	3,730	3,825	3,365	2,317	1,047	332
El Monte	91731	7,993	183	1,154	1,573	1,511	1,401	1,183	696	292
El Monte	91732	14,986	339	2,241	3,342	3,200	2,820	1,825	887	332
South El Monte	91733	9,981	255	1,499	2,233	2,180	1,781	1,208	605	220
Glendora	91741	9,415	132	1,075	1,292	1,568	2,112	1,804	1,024	408
Rosemead	91770	16,726	232	1,951	3,111	3,454	3,382	2,577	1,404	615
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	139	882	1,298	1,764	1,847	1,387	755	360
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	252	1,497	2,312	2,400	2,441	1,691	788	427
Temple City	91780	11,366	150	1,294	1,762	2,248	2,518	1,963	1,022	409
Alhambra	91801	19,657	419	2,633	4,026	3,842	3,670	2,714	1,497	856
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	4,323	28,719	41,862	46,537	48,079	36,495	19,407	8,988
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	88,149	481,494	641,394	648,492	628,089	464,328	248,692	108,940

Table 14B: Percent Age Group of Head of Household (2022)

Community	ZIP Code	Total	15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 to 74	75 to 84	85+ Years
		Households	Years							
Altadena	91001	12,672	1.4%	9.1%	13.2%	18.0%	23.8%	19.8%	10.6%	4.0%
Arcadia	91006	10,850	1.3%	10.3%	13.8%	18.7%	24.3%	17.8%	9.8%	4.1%
Arcadia	91007	11,734	1.7%	10.0%	14.1%	19.1%	22.5%	16.0%	9.6%	7.1%
Bradbury	91008	496	0.2%	5.8%	8.5%	10.1%	19.6%	17.9%	14.7%	23.2%
Duarte	91010	8,070	0.9%	10.3%	15.8%	18.5%	20.1%	18.7%	10.3%	5.4%
Monrovia	91016	15,366	1.7%	13.1%	17.2%	19.9%	20.8%	15.9%	8.0%	3.5%
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	1.8%	8.4%	11.1%	17.0%	23.5%	21.3%	11.9%	5.1%
Pasadena	91104	12,781	1.9%	11.3%	17.0%	19.9%	21.0%	16.1%	8.3%	4.5%
Pasadena	91107	13,185	2.1%	10.7%	16.9%	19.4%	19.5%	16.6%	9.8%	5.1%
Azusa	91702	16,648	2.9%	14.7%	20.7%	20.8%	18.9%	13.2%	6.5%	2.3%
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	1.6%	14.1%	21.5%	22.0%	19.4%	13.4%	6.0%	1.9%
El Monte	91731	7,993	2.3%	14.4%	19.7%	18.9%	17.5%	14.8%	8.7%	3.7%
El Monte	91732	14,986	2.3%	15.0%	22.3%	21.4%	18.8%	12.2%	5.9%	2.2%
South El Monte	91733	9,981	2.6%	15.0%	22.4%	21.8%	17.8%	12.1%	6.1%	2.2%
Glendora	91741	9,415	1.4%	11.4%	13.7%	16.7%	22.4%	19.2%	10.9%	4.3%
Rosemead	91770	16,726	1.4%	11.7%	18.6%	20.7%	20.2%	15.4%	8.4%	3.7%
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	1.6%	10.5%	15.4%	20.9%	21.9%	16.4%	9.0%	4.3%
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	2.1%	12.7%	19.6%	20.3%	20.7%	14.3%	6.7%	3.6%
Temple City	91780	11,366	1.3%	11.4%	15.5%	19.8%	22.2%	17.3%	9.0%	3.6%
Alhambra	91801	19,657	2.1%	13.4%	20.5%	19.5%	18.7%	13.8%	7.6%	4.4%
USCAH Service Area	-	234,410	1.8%	12.3%	17.9%	19.9%	20.5%	15.6%	8.3%	3.8%
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	2.7%	14.5%	19.4%	19.6%	19.0%	14.0%	7.5%	3.3%

Table 15: Owner-Occupied and Renter-Occupied Housing Units (2022)

	ZIP	Total	Nur	nber	Per	cent
Community	Code	Households	Owner-Occupied	Renter-Occupied	Owner-Occupied	Renter-Occupied
Altadena	91001	12,672	9,547	3,125	75.3%	24.7%
Arcadia	91006	10,850	8,068	2,782	74.4%	25.6%
Arcadia	91007	11,734	6,554	5,180	55.9%	44.1%
Bradbury	91008	496	342	154	69.0%	31.0%
Duarte	91010	8,070	5,424	2,646	67.2%	32.8%
Monrovia	91016	15,366	7,882	7,484	51.3%	48.7%
Sierra Madre	91024	4,894	3,044	1,850	62.2%	37.8%
Pasadena	91104	12,781	6,635	6,146	51.9%	48.1%
Pasadena	91107	13,185	8,128	5,057	61.6%	38.4%
Azusa	91702	16,648	9,829	6,819	59.0%	41.0%
Baldwin Park	91706	17,350	10,612	6,738	61.2%	38.8%
El Monte	91731	7,993	3,186	4,807	39.9%	60.1%
El Monte	91732	14,986	6,790	8,196	45.3%	54.7%
South El Monte	91733	9,981	4,222	5,759	42.3%	57.7%
Glendora	91741	9,415	7,073	2,342	75.1%	24.9%
Rosemead	91770	16,726	8,714	8,012	52.1%	47.9%
San Gabriel	91775	8,432	5,525	2,907	65.5%	34.5%
San Gabriel	91776	11,808	4,920	6,888	41.7%	58.3%
Temple City	91780	11,366	7,237	4,129	63.7%	36.3%
Alhambra	91801	19,657	7,049	12,608	35.9%	64.1%
USCAH Service Area		234,410	130,781	103,629	55.8%	44.2%
Los Angeles County	-	3,309,578	1,568,333	1,741,245	47.4%	52.6%

Table 16: Families (2022 and 2027)

	ZIP	Families	Families	5-Year Change (2022 to 2027)
Community	Code	2022	2027	Number	Percent
Altadena	91001	9,020	9,036	16	0.2%
Arcadia	91006	8,705	8,753	48	0.6%
Arcadia	91007	8,490	8,502	12	0.1%
Bradbury	91008	317	318	1	0.3%
Duarte	91010	5,832	5,845	13	0.2%
Monrovia	91016	10,337	10,431	94	0.9%
Sierra Madre	91024	2,922	2,930	8	0.3%
Pasadena	91104	8,459	8,454	-5	-0.1%
Pasadena	91107	8,464	8,508	44	0.5%
Azusa	91702	12,883	13,092	209	1.6%
Baldwin Park	91706	15,282	15,292	10	0.1%
El Monte	91731	6,325	6,372	47	0.7%
El Monte	91732	12,768	12,813	45	0.4%
South El Monte	91733	8,797	8,850	53	0.6%
Glendora	91741	7,148	7,233	85	1.2%
Rosemead	91770	13,908	13,949	41	0.3%
San Gabriel	91775	6,432	6,438	6	0.1%
San Gabriel	91776	9,028	9,064	36	0.4%
Temple City	91780	8,802	8,826	24	0.3%
Alhambra	91801	13,342	13,431	89	0.7%
USCAH Service Area	-	177,261	178,137	876	0.5%
Los Angeles County	_	2,231,579	2,247,883	16,304	0.7%

Table 17: Families by Poverty Status (2022)

	ZIP	Total	Nun	nber	Per	cent
Community	Code	Families	Below the Poverty Level	At/Above Poverty Level	Below the Poverty Level	At/Above Poverty Level
Altadena	91001	9,020	457	8,563	5.1%	94.9%
Arcadia	91006	8,705	572	8,133	6.6%	93.4%
Arcadia	91007	8,490	584	7,906	6.9%	93.1%
Bradbury	91008	317	13	304	4.1%	95.9%
Duarte	91010	5,832	392	5,440	6.7%	93.3%
Monrovia	91016	10,337	572	9,765	5.5%	94.5%
Sierra Madre	91024	2,922	143	2,779	4.9%	95.1%
Pasadena	91104	8,459	773	7,686	9.1%	90.9%
Pasadena	91107	8,464	324	8,140	3.8%	96.2%
Azusa	91702	12,883	1,123	11,760	8.7%	91.3%
Baldwin Park	91706	15,282	1,483	13,799	9.7%	90.3%
El Monte	91731	6,325	1,002	5,323	15.8%	84.2%
El Monte	91732	12,768	1,746	11,022	13.7%	86.3%
South El Monte	91733	8,797	1,337	7,460	15.2%	84.8%
Glendora	91741	7,148	298	6,850	4.2%	95.8%
Rosemead	91770	13,908	1,570	12,338	11.3%	88.7%
San Gabriel	91775	6,432	466	5,966	7.2%	92.8%
San Gabriel	91776	9,028	988	8,040	10.9%	89.1%
Temple City	91780	8,802	660	8,142	7.5%	92.5%
Alhambra	91801	13,342	1,215	12,127	9.1%	90.9%
USCAH Service Area	-	177,261	15,718	161,543	8.9%	91.1%
Los Angeles County	-	2,231,579	232,971	1,998,608	10.4%	89.6%

Appendix B: Age Group Detail

Table 1: Total Population Age Group 0 to 17 Years (2022)

	ZIP		Nun	nber			Per	cent	
Community	Code	0 to 4 Years	5 to 9 Years	10 to 14 Yrs	15 to 17 Yrs	0 to 4 Years	5 to 9 Years	10 to 14 Yrs	15 to 17 Yrs
Altadena	91001	1,711	1,940	2,046	1,272	4.8%	5.4%	5.7%	3.5%
Arcadia	91006	1,317	1,435	1,476	1,065	4.1%	4.4%	4.6%	3.3%
Arcadia	91007	1,245	1,359	1,432	1,004	3.7%	4.0%	4.3%	3.0%
Bradbury	91008	38	40	43	31	2.9%	3.1%	3.3%	2.4%
Duarte	91010	1,350	1,478	1,494	928	5.2%	5.7%	5.7%	3.6%
Monrovia	91016	2,156	2,362	2,486	1,457	5.2%	5.7%	6.0%	3.5%
Sierra Madre	91024	459	491	526	367	4.1%	4.4%	4.7%	3.3%
Pasadena	91104	1,930	2,073	2,184	1,258	5.4%	5.8%	6.1%	3.5%
Pasadena	91107	1,519	1,670	1,810	1,059	4.6%	5.0%	5.5%	3.2%
Azusa	91702	3,998	4,218	4,213	2,641	6.4%	6.8%	6.7%	4.2%
Baldwin Park	91706	4,959	5,373	5,328	3,298	6.5%	7.1%	7.0%	4.4%
El Monte	91731	1,918	1,948	1,944	1,193	6.5%	6.6%	6.6%	4.1%
El Monte	91732	4,218	4,358	4,318	2,614	6.8%	7.0%	7.0%	4.2%
South El Monte	91733	3,278	3,202	3,182	1,873	7.5%	7.3%	7.3%	4.3%
Glendora	91741	1,056	1,144	1,171	883	4.0%	4.3%	4.4%	3.3%
Rosemead	91770	2,896	3,144	3,246	2,112	4.7%	5.1%	5.2%	3.4%
San Gabriel	91775	1,087	1,222	1,291	876	4.4%	5.0%	5.3%	3.6%
San Gabriel	91776	1,681	1,827	1,942	1,162	4.4%	4.8%	5.0%	3.0%
Temple City	91780	1,430	1,549	1,622	1,108	4.1%	4.4%	4.7%	3.2%
Alhambra	91801	2,246	2,395	2,592	1,500	4.2%	4.5%	4.9%	2.8%
USCAH Service Area	-	40,492	43,228	44,346	27,701	5.3%	5.7%	5.8%	3.6%
Los Angeles County	-	569,354	584,262	595,828	371,300	5.7%	5.8%	5.9%	3.7%

Note: Percentages rounded

Table 2: Total Population Age Group 18 to 34 Years (2022)

	ZIP		Number			Percent	
Community	Code	18 to 20 Years	21 to 24 Years	25 to 34 Years	18 to 20 Years	21 to 24 Years	25 to 34 Years
Altadena	91001	1,191	1,686	4,761	3.3%	4.7%	13.2%
Arcadia	91006	1,060	1,683	4,697	3.3%	5.2%	14.5%
Arcadia	91007	994	1,563	4,683	3.0%	4.6%	13.9%
Bradbury	91008	28	42	151	2.2%	3.3%	11.7%
Duarte	91010	872	1,234	3,731	3.3%	4.7%	14.3%
Monrovia	91016	1,356	1,882	5,805	3.3%	4.6%	14.1%
Sierra Madre	91024	339	489	1,150	3.1%	4.4%	10.4%
Pasadena	91104	1,159	1,528	4,660	3.2%	4.3%	13.0%
Pasadena	91107	964	1,316	4,148	2.9%	4.0%	12.5%
Azusa	91702	3,805	4,082	9,687	6.1%	6.5%	15.5%
Baldwin Park	91706	3,057	4,255	12,766	4.0%	5.6%	16.9%
El Monte	91731	1,090	1,480	4,581	3.7%	5.0%	15.6%
El Monte	91732	2,401	3,297	9,838	3.9%	5.3%	15.9%
South El Monte	91733	1,734	2,395	7,056	4.0%	5.5%	16.1%
Glendora	91741	1,241	1,560	4,402	4.6%	5.8%	16.5%
Rosemead	91770	2,019	2,933	9,318	3.2%	4.7%	15.0%
San Gabriel	91775	824	1,187	3,141	3.4%	4.8%	12.8%
San Gabriel	91776	1,094	1,551	5,583	2.8%	4.0%	14.5%
Temple City	91780	1,084	1,667	5,040	3.1%	4.8%	14.5%
Alhambra	91801	1,393	1,956	7,587	2.6%	3.7%	14.3%
USCAH Service Area	-	27,705	37,786	112,785	3.6%	4.9%	14.8%
Los Angeles County	_	379,334	510,292	1,565,348	3.8%	5.1%	15.6%

Table 3: Total Population Age Group 35 to 64 Years (2022)

	ZIP		Number			Percent	
Community	Code	35 to 44 Years	45 to 54 Years	55 to 64 Years	35 to 44 Years	45 to 54 Years	55 to 64 Years
Altadena	91001	3,896	4,631	5,613	10.8%	12.9%	15.6%
Arcadia	91006	3,465	4,107	5,210	10.7%	12.7%	16.1%
Arcadia	91007	3,773	4,467	5,289	11.2%	13.3%	15.7%
Bradbury	91008	118	107	195	9.1%	8.3%	15.1%
Duarte	91010	3,321	3,295	3,285	12.7%	12.6%	12.6%
Monrovia	91016	5,523	5,618	5,632	13.4%	13.6%	13.7%
Sierra Madre	91024	1,060	1,475	1,973	9.5%	13.3%	17.8%
Pasadena	91104	4,874	5,062	4,860	13.6%	14.1%	13.6%
Pasadena	91107	4,452	4,650	4,627	13.4%	14.0%	14.0%
Azusa	91702	8,717	7,534	6,487	13.9%	12.1%	10.4%
Baldwin Park	91706	10,618	9,265	7,908	14.0%	12.2%	10.4%
El Monte	91731	4,128	3,600	3,144	14.0%	12.2%	10.7%
El Monte	91732	8,977	7,676	6,571	14.5%	12.4%	10.6%
South El Monte	91733	6,301	5,467	4,441	14.4%	12.5%	10.2%
Glendora	91741	2,808	3,044	4,000	10.5%	11.4%	15.0%
Rosemead	91770	8,612	8,352	8,256	13.9%	13.4%	13.3%
San Gabriel	91775	2,862	3,492	3,629	11.7%	14.2%	14.8%
San Gabriel	91776	5,778	5,381	5,540	15.0%	14.0%	14.4%
Temple City	91780	4,201	4,658	5,236	12.1%	13.4%	15.0%
Alhambra	91801	8,446	7,590	7,262	15.9%	14.3%	13.7%
USCAH Service Area	-	101,930	99,471	99,158	13.3%	13.0%	13.0%
Los Angeles County	-	1,414,702	1,302,823	1,220,659	14.1%	13.0%	12.2%

Table 4: Total Population Age Group 65 Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP		Number			Percent	
Community	Code	65 to 74 Years	75 to 84 Years	85+ Years	65 to 74 Years	75 to 84 Years	85+ Years
Altadena	91001	4,289	2,136	786	11.9%	5.9%	2.2%
Arcadia	91006	3,964	2,085	807	12.2%	6.4%	2.5%
Arcadia	91007	3,942	2,335	1,545	11.7%	6.9%	4.6%
Bradbury	91008	171	133	195	13.2%	10.3%	15.1%
Duarte	91010	2,715	1,539	864	10.4%	5.9%	3.3%
Monrovia	91016	4,140	1,993	803	10.0%	4.8%	1.9%
Sierra Madre	91024	1,593	850	336	14.3%	7.7%	3.0%
Pasadena	91104	3,564	1,777	884	10.0%	5.0%	2.5%
Pasadena	91107	3,788	2,168	986	11.4%	6.5%	3.0%
Azusa	91702	4,402	2,013	691	7.0%	3.2%	1.1%
Baldwin Park	91706	5,517	2,521	874	7.3%	3.3%	1.2%
El Monte	91731	2,494	1,359	547	8.5%	4.6%	1.9%
El Monte	91732	4,571	2,169	877	7.4%	3.5%	1.4%
South El Monte	91733	2,865	1,374	537	6.6%	3.1%	1.2%
Glendora	91741	3,101	1,648	668	11.6%	6.2%	2.5%
Rosemead	91770	6,357	3,295	1,589	10.2%	5.3%	2.6%
San Gabriel	91775	2,772	1,465	703	11.3%	6.0%	2.9%
San Gabriel	91776	3,967	1,959	998	10.3%	5.1%	2.6%
Temple City	91780	4,193	2,124	916	12.0%	6.1%	2.6%
Alhambra	91801	5,559	3,029	1,593	10.5%	5.7%	3.0%
USCAH Service Area	-	73,964	37,972	17,199	9.7%	5.0%	2.3%
Los Angeles County	-	871,428	443,328	189,692	8.7%	4.4%	1.9%

Table 5: Male Population Age Group 0 to 17 Years (2022)

	ZIP		Nun	nber			Pero	ent	
Community	Code	0 to 4 Years	5 to 9 Years	10 to 14 Yrs	15 to 17 Yrs	0 to 4 Years	5 to 9 Years	10 to 14 Yrs	15 to 17 Yrs
Altadena	91001	877	1,002	1,073	665	5.0%	5.8%	6.2%	3.8%
Arcadia	91006	669	735	757	530	4.3%	4.7%	4.9%	3.4%
Arcadia	91007	638	700	734	511	4.0%	4.4%	4.6%	3.2%
Bradbury	91008	20	20	21	16	3.5%	3.5%	3.7%	2.8%
Duarte	91010	689	759	764	473	5.5%	6.1%	6.1%	3.8%
Monrovia	91016	1,106	1,210	1,271	764	5.6%	6.1%	6.4%	3.9%
Sierra Madre	91024	233	253	263	178	4.4%	4.8%	5.0%	3.4%
Pasadena	91104	1,003	1,060	1,121	630	5.8%	6.1%	6.4%	3.6%
Pasadena	91107	777	855	946	542	4.8%	5.3%	5.9%	3.4%
Azusa	91702	2,071	2,166	2,171	1,361	6.7%	7.0%	7.0%	4.4%
Baldwin Park	91706	2,511	2,756	2,735	1,693	6.7%	7.3%	7.3%	4.5%
El Monte	91731	996	1,011	1,000	622	6.8%	6.9%	6.8%	4.2%
El Monte	91732	2,191	2,237	2,200	1,343	7.1%	7.2%	7.1%	4.3%
South El Monte	91733	1,665	1,631	1,609	958	7.6%	7.4%	7.3%	4.4%
Glendora	91741	540	585	608	446	4.2%	4.5%	4.7%	3.5%
Rosemead	91770	1,483	1,610	1,679	1,083	4.9%	5.3%	5.5%	3.6%
San Gabriel	91775	556	621	663	446	4.7%	5.3%	5.6%	3.8%
San Gabriel	91776	862	940	992	602	4.6%	5.0%	5.3%	3.2%
Temple City	91780	734	796	814	552	4.4%	4.8%	4.9%	3.3%
Alhambra	91801	1,152	1,226	1,343	774	4.6%	4.9%	5.3%	3.1%
USCAH Service Area	-	20,773	22,173	22,764	14,189	5.6%	6.0%	6.1%	3.8%
Los Angeles County	_	291,227	299,224	305,212	188,991	5.9%	6.1%	6.2%	3.8%

Table 6: Male Population Age Group 18 to 34 Years (2022)

	ZIP		Number			Percent	
Community	Code	18 to 20 Years	21 to 24 Years	25 to 34 Years	18 to 20 Years	21 to 24 Years	25 to 34 Years
Altadena	91001	627	845	2,409	3.6%	4.9%	13.9%
Arcadia	91006	536	843	2,421	3.4%	5.4%	15.6%
Arcadia	91007	510	790	2,404	3.2%	5.0%	15.1%
Bradbury	91008	15	23	77	2.6%	4.0%	13.5%
Duarte	91010	448	619	1,892	3.6%	5.0%	15.2%
Monrovia	91016	715	969	2,939	3.6%	4.9%	14.8%
Sierra Madre	91024	174	250	595	3.3%	4.8%	11.3%
Pasadena	91104	594	774	2,395	3.4%	4.4%	13.7%
Pasadena	91107	498	654	2,118	3.1%	4.1%	13.2%
Azusa	91702	1,770	1,985	4,939	5.7%	6.4%	16.0%
Baldwin Park	91706	1,584	2,152	6,472	4.2%	5.7%	17.2%
El Monte	91731	576	779	2,337	3.9%	5.3%	15.9%
El Monte	91732	1,248	1,687	5,062	4.0%	5.4%	16.3%
South El Monte	91733	900	1,222	3,656	4.1%	5.6%	16.6%
Glendora	91741	579	769	2,223	4.5%	6.0%	17.3%
Rosemead	91770	1,044	1,494	4,813	3.4%	4.9%	15.8%
San Gabriel	91775	424	597	1,623	3.6%	5.1%	13.8%
San Gabriel	91776	565	802	2,809	3.0%	4.3%	15.0%
Temple City	91780	552	840	2,579	3.3%	5.1%	15.5%
Alhambra	91801	714	974	3,767	2.8%	3.9%	15.0%
USCAH Service Area	_	14,073	19,068	57,530	3.8%	5.1%	15.5%
Los Angeles County	-	193,006	257,916	801,148	3.9%	5.2%	16.2%

Table 7: Male Population Age Group 35 to 64 Years (2022)

	ZIP		Number			Percent	
Community	Code	35 to 44 Years	45 to 54 Years	55 to 64 Years	35 to 44 Years	45 to 54 Years	55 to 64 Years
Altadena	91001	1,912	2,228	2,649	11.0%	12.8%	15.2%
Arcadia	91006	1,683	1,843	2,443	10.8%	11.9%	15.7%
Arcadia	91007	1,794	2,045	2,494	11.3%	12.8%	15.7%
Bradbury	91008	63	49	84	11.0%	8.6%	14.7%
Duarte	91010	1,630	1,608	1,548	13.1%	12.9%	12.4%
Monrovia	91016	2,696	2,676	2,615	13.6%	13.5%	13.2%
Sierra Madre	91024	504	689	906	9.6%	13.1%	17.2%
Pasadena	91104	2,408	2,471	2,332	13.8%	14.2%	13.4%
Pasadena	91107	2,196	2,259	2,228	13.6%	14.0%	13.8%
Azusa	91702	4,458	3,792	3,160	14.4%	12.3%	10.2%
Baldwin Park	91706	5,314	4,621	3,835	14.2%	12.3%	10.2%
El Monte	91731	2,110	1,844	1,502	14.3%	12.5%	10.2%
El Monte	91732	4,580	3,903	3,144	14.8%	12.6%	10.2%
South El Monte	91733	3,292	2,776	2,175	15.0%	12.6%	9.9%
Glendora	91741	1,388	1,428	1,865	10.8%	11.1%	14.5%
Rosemead	91770	4,368	4,127	3,985	14.3%	13.5%	13.1%
San Gabriel	91775	1,383	1,638	1,697	11.8%	14.0%	14.5%
San Gabriel	91776	2,896	2,665	2,637	15.5%	14.2%	14.1%
Temple City	91780	2,033	2,145	2,427	12.3%	12.9%	14.6%
Alhambra	91801	4,107	3,611	3,292	16.4%	14.4%	13.1%
USCAH Service Area	-	50,815	48,418	47,018	13.6%	13.0%	12.6%
Los Angeles County	_	710,169	644,625	592,245	14.4%	13.0%	12.0%

Table 8: Male Population Age Group 65 Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP		Number			Percent	
Community	Code	65 to 74 Years	75 to 84 Years	85+ Years	65 to 74 Years	75 to 84 Years	85+ Years
Altadena	91001	1,944	878	279	11.2%	5.0%	1.6%
Arcadia	91006	1,848	922	315	11.9%	5.9%	2.0%
Arcadia	91007	1,806	964	546	11.3%	6.0%	3.4%
Bradbury	91008	81	51	52	14.2%	8.9%	9.1%
Duarte	91010	1,197	592	250	9.6%	4.7%	2.0%
Monrovia	91016	1,812	792	275	9.1%	4.0%	1.4%
Sierra Madre	91024	729	366	123	13.9%	7.0%	2.3%
Pasadena	91104	1,610	747	276	9.2%	4.3%	1.6%
Pasadena	91107	1,735	923	366	10.8%	5.7%	2.3%
Azusa	91702	2,009	808	250	6.5%	2.6%	0.8%
Baldwin Park	91706	2,517	1,046	305	6.7%	2.8%	0.8%
El Monte	91731	1,113	626	217	7.6%	4.2%	1.5%
El Monte	91732	2,112	941	321	6.8%	3.0%	1.0%
South El Monte	91733	1,328	581	204	6.0%	2.6%	0.9%
Glendora	91741	1,466	730	248	11.4%	5.7%	1.9%
Rosemead	91770	2,840	1,410	570	9.3%	4.6%	1.9%
San Gabriel	91775	1,226	620	245	10.4%	5.3%	2.1%
San Gabriel	91776	1,776	837	360	9.5%	4.5%	1.9%
Temple City	91780	1,897	893	332	11.4%	5.4%	2.0%
Alhambra	91801	2,382	1,206	562	9.5%	4.8%	2.2%
USCAH Service Area	-	33,428	15,933	6,096	9.0%	4.3%	1.6%
Los Angeles County	_	400,798	187,537	67,931	8.1%	3.8%	1.4%

Table 9: Female Population Age Group 0 to 17 Years (2022)

	ZIP		Nun	nber			Perd	cent	
Community	Code	0 to 4 Years	5 to 9 Years	10 to 14 Yrs	15 to 17 Yrs	0 to 4 Years	5 to 9 Years	10 to 14 Yrs	15 to 17 Yrs
Altadena	91001	834	938	973	607	4.5%	5.1%	5.2%	3.3%
Arcadia	91006	648	700	719	535	3.9%	4.2%	4.3%	3.2%
Arcadia	91007	607	659	698	493	3.4%	3.7%	3.9%	2.8%
Bradbury	91008	18	20	22	15	2.5%	2.8%	3.1%	2.1%
Duarte	91010	661	719	730	455	4.8%	5.3%	5.4%	3.3%
Monrovia	91016	1,050	1,152	1,215	693	4.9%	5.4%	5.7%	3.2%
Sierra Madre	91024	226	238	263	189	3.9%	4.1%	4.5%	3.2%
Pasadena	91104	927	1,013	1,063	628	5.0%	5.5%	5.8%	3.4%
Pasadena	91107	742	815	864	517	4.3%	4.8%	5.1%	3.0%
Azusa	91702	1,927	2,052	2,042	1,280	6.1%	6.5%	6.5%	4.1%
Baldwin Park	91706	2,448	2,617	2,593	1,605	6.4%	6.9%	6.8%	4.2%
El Monte	91731	922	937	944	571	6.3%	6.4%	6.4%	3.9%
El Monte	91732	2,027	2,121	2,118	1,271	6.6%	6.9%	6.9%	4.1%
South El Monte	91733	1,613	1,571	1,573	915	7.4%	7.2%	7.2%	4.2%
Glendora	91741	516	559	563	437	3.7%	4.0%	4.1%	3.2%
Rosemead	91770	1,413	1,534	1,567	1,029	4.5%	4.9%	5.0%	3.3%
San Gabriel	91775	531	601	628	430	4.1%	4.7%	4.9%	3.4%
San Gabriel	91776	819	887	950	560	4.2%	4.5%	4.8%	2.8%
Temple City	91780	696	753	808	556	3.8%	4.1%	4.4%	3.0%
Alhambra	91801	1,094	1,169	1,249	726	3.9%	4.2%	4.5%	2.6%
USCAH Service Area	-	19,719	21,055	21,582	13,512	5.0%	5.4%	5.5%	3.5%
Los Angeles County	-	278,127	285,038	290,616	182,309	5.5%	5.6%	5.7%	3.6%

Table 10: Female Population Age Group 18 to 34 Years (2022)

	ZIP		Number			Percent	
Community	Code	18 to 20 Years	21 to 24 Years	25 to 34 Years	18 to 20 Years	21 to 24 Years	25 to 34 Years
Altadena	91001	564	841	2,352	3.0%	4.5%	12.7%
Arcadia	91006	524	840	2,276	3.1%	5.0%	13.5%
Arcadia	91007	484	773	2,279	2.7%	4.4%	12.9%
Bradbury	91008	13	19	74	1.8%	2.6%	10.3%
Duarte	91010	424	615	1,839	3.1%	4.5%	13.5%
Monrovia	91016	641	913	2,866	3.0%	4.3%	13.4%
Sierra Madre	91024	165	239	555	2.8%	4.1%	9.5%
Pasadena	91104	565	754	2,265	3.1%	4.1%	12.3%
Pasadena	91107	466	662	2,030	2.7%	3.9%	11.9%
Azusa	91702	2,035	2,097	4,748	6.5%	6.6%	15.1%
Baldwin Park	91706	1,473	2,103	6,294	3.9%	5.5%	16.5%
El Monte	91731	514	701	2,244	3.5%	4.8%	15.3%
El Monte	91732	1,153	1,610	4,776	3.7%	5.2%	15.4%
South El Monte	91733	834	1,173	3,400	3.8%	5.4%	15.7%
Glendora	91741	662	791	2,179	4.8%	5.7%	15.7%
Rosemead	91770	975	1,439	4,505	3.1%	4.6%	14.2%
San Gabriel	91775	400	590	1,518	3.1%	4.6%	11.8%
San Gabriel	91776	529	749	2,774	2.7%	3.8%	14.1%
Temple City	91780	532	827	2,461	2.9%	4.5%	13.5%
Alhambra	91801	679	982	3,820	2.4%	3.5%	13.6%
USCAH Service Area	-	13,632	18,718	55,255	3.5%	4.8%	14.1%
Los Angeles County	-	186,328	252,376	764,200	3.7%	5.0%	15.0%

Table 11: Female Population Age Group 35 to 64 Years (2022)

	ZIP	Number			Percent		
Community	Code	35 to 44 Years	45 to 54 Years	55 to 64 Years	35 to 44 Years	45 to 54 Years	55 to 64 Years
Altadena	91001	1,984	2,403	2,964	10.7%	12.9%	16.0%
Arcadia	91006	1,782	2,264	2,767	10.6%	13.5%	16.4%
Arcadia	91007	1,979	2,422	2,795	11.2%	13.7%	15.8%
Bradbury	91008	55	58	111	7.6%	8.1%	15.4%
Duarte	91010	1,691	1,687	1,737	12.4%	12.4%	12.7%
Monrovia	91016	2,827	2,942	3,017	13.2%	13.8%	14.1%
Sierra Madre	91024	556	786	1,067	9.5%	13.4%	18.3%
Pasadena	91104	2,466	2,591	2,528	13.4%	14.1%	13.7%
Pasadena	91107	2,256	2,391	2,399	13.2%	14.0%	14.1%
Azusa	91702	4,259	3,742	3,327	13.5%	11.9%	10.5%
Baldwin Park	91706	5,304	4,644	4,073	13.9%	12.2%	10.7%
El Monte	91731	2,018	1,756	1,642	13.7%	12.0%	11.2%
El Monte	91732	4,397	3,773	3,427	14.2%	12.2%	11.1%
South El Monte	91733	3,009	2,691	2,266	13.9%	12.4%	10.4%
Glendora	91741	1,420	1,616	2,135	10.3%	11.7%	15.4%
Rosemead	91770	4,244	4,225	4,271	13.4%	13.4%	13.5%
San Gabriel	91775	1,479	1,854	1,932	11.5%	14.5%	15.1%
San Gabriel	91776	2,882	2,716	2,903	14.6%	13.8%	14.7%
Temple City	91780	2,168	2,513	2,809	11.9%	13.8%	15.4%
Alhambra	91801	4,339	3,979	3,970	15.5%	14.2%	14.2%
USCAH Service Area	-	51,115	51,053	52,140	13.1%	13.0%	13.3%
Los Angeles County	_	704,533	658,198	628,414	13.9%	13.0%	12.4%

Table 12: Female Population Age Group 65 Years and Older (2022)

	ZIP	Number		Percent			
Community	Code	65 to 74 Years	75 to 84 Years	85+ Years	65 to 74 Years	75 to 84 Years	85+ Years
Altadena	91001	2,345	1,258	507	12.6%	6.8%	2.7%
Arcadia	91006	2,116	1,163	492	12.6%	6.9%	2.9%
Arcadia	91007	2,136	1,371	999	12.1%	7.7%	5.6%
Bradbury	91008	90	82	143	12.5%	11.4%	19.9%
Duarte	91010	1,518	947	614	11.1%	6.9%	4.5%
Monrovia	91016	2,328	1,201	528	10.9%	5.6%	2.5%
Sierra Madre	91024	864	484	213	14.8%	8.3%	3.6%
Pasadena	91104	1,954	1,030	608	10.6%	5.6%	3.3%
Pasadena	91107	2,053	1,245	620	12.0%	7.3%	3.6%
Azusa	91702	2,393	1,205	441	7.6%	3.8%	1.4%
Baldwin Park	91706	3,000	1,475	569	7.9%	3.9%	1.5%
El Monte	91731	1,381	733	330	9.4%	5.0%	2.2%
El Monte	91732	2,459	1,228	556	8.0%	4.0%	1.8%
South El Monte	91733	1,537	793	333	7.1%	3.7%	1.5%
Glendora	91741	1,635	918	420	11.8%	6.6%	3.0%
Rosemead	91770	3,517	1,885	1,019	11.1%	6.0%	3.2%
San Gabriel	91775	1,546	845	458	12.1%	6.6%	3.6%
San Gabriel	91776	2,191	1,122	638	11.1%	5.7%	3.2%
Temple City	91780	2,296	1,231	584	12.6%	6.8%	3.2%
Alhambra	91801	3,177	1,823	1,031	11.3%	6.5%	3.7%
USCAH Service Area	-	40,536	22,039	11,103	10.4%	5.6%	2.8%
Los Angeles County	_	470,630	255,791	121,761	9.3%	5.0%	2.4%

Appendix C: Maternal Health

Table 1: Births by Year (2018 to 2020)

	ZIP	2018	2019	2020	Three-Year Average
Community	Code	Births	Births	Births	Births
Altadena	91001	314	323	264	300
Arcadia	91006	316	339	250	302
Arcadia	91007	437	499	287	408
Bradbury*	91008	_	-	-	0
Duarte	91010	261	255	230	249
Monrovia	91016	465	437	410	437
Sierra Madre	91024	97	75	76	83
Pasadena	91104	347	355	318	340
Pasadena	91107	348	348	290	329
Azusa	91702	772	721	662	718
Baldwin Park	91706	896	876	826	866
El Monte	91731	346	306	298	317
El Monte	91732	761	746	610	706
South El Monte	91733	533	515	447	498
Glendora	91741	228	229	213	223
Rosemead	91770	565	644	500	570
San Gabriel	91775	233	281	222	245
San Gabriel	91776	436	426	324	395
Temple City	91780	400	473	329	401
Alhambra	91801	554	546	480	527
USCAH Service Area	-	8,309	8,394	7,036	7,913

*Note: Number suppressed for small numbers Source: California Department of Public Health

Appendix D: Community Consultation

Participants in the community consultation included representatives from the following public and private organizations/individuals.

- Private Physicians with local practices Cardiology, General Vascular Surgery, Internal Medicine, Palliative Care/Hospice
- Buddha's Light International Association Arcadia Chapter
- City of Arcadia
- City of Hope National Medical Center
- City of Monrovia
- Foothill Unity Center
- Healthy Living Productions
- Herald Cancer Association
- Los Angeles County Department of Public Health Service Planning Area 3 (San Gabriel Valley)
- USC Arcadia Hospital Business Owner/Board Member
- YMCA of Metropolitan Los Angeles/Santa Anita Family YMCA